City of Carson City Agenda Report

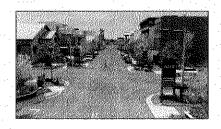
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July 23, 2007 Agenda Date Requested: August 16, 2007 Date Submitted: Time Requested: 20 Minutes To: Board of Supervisors From: Patrick Pittenger, Transportation Program Manager Subject Title: Presentation on the traffic modeling of the proposed narrowing of Carson Street. Staff Summary: The Carson Area Metropolitan Planning Organization (CAMPO) recently completed a travel demand modeling study regarding the proposed narrowing of Carson Street in Downtown Carson City. The results of the study have been presented to, and accepted by, CAMPO, and will be presented by staff at this meeting to the Carson City Board of Supervisors. The CAMPO board includes all members of the Carson City Regional Transportation Commission. The improvements proposed for downtown Carson City, which include the narrowing of Carson Street, have been the subject of extensive public input, and have received widespread public support. This analysis was requested to determine the forecast impacts and results of narrowing Carson Street within the framework of the planned transportation network in the years 2015 and 2030. The downtown modeling effort was conducted within the context of a recently updated and expanded regional model. The key finding of the analysis is that the narrowing of Carson Street as proposed is feasible if other key, previously-planned improvements – including the widening of Roop Street and the extension of North Stewart Street – are completed as planned. (check one) Type of Action Requested: (____) Resolution) Ordinance x) Other (Informational, non-action item)) Formal Action/Motion Does This Action Require A Business Impact Statement: () Yes (x) No Recommended Board Action: N/A Explanation for Recommended Board Action: N./A Applicable Statue, Code, Policy, Rule or Regulation: N/A Fiscal Impact: None at this time. This study did not make any recommendations regarding the proposed project - it evaluated the feasibility regarding forecast traffic flows.. There would be a fiscal impact if the City decided to proceed with the proposed project at a later date.

Explanation of Impact: N/A

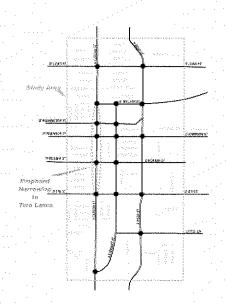
Funding Source: The modeling Commission funds, but CAMPO 95% of the costs incurred.			
Alternatives: N/A			
Supporting Material: Attached	l report from consultant	t.	
Prepared By: Patrick Pittenger	Transportation Program	m Manager	
Reviewed By: (Department Head)	ih	Date: 8-7-0	<u> </u>
MA	fr 61 41.	Date: 8-7-0	7
(City Manager)	ekosta	Date: <u>8-7-07</u>	
(District Attorney) (Finance Director)	werl	Date: 8/7/7	
Board Action Taken:	and the second second		
Motion:	1)		Aye/Nay
	2)		
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(Vote Recorded By)			
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Traffic Analysis Report Carson Street Narrowing Project



Prepared for Carson City



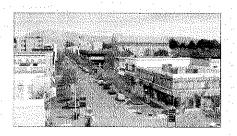


Prepared by

DKS Associates

TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

Approved by CAMPO Board on May 31, 2007



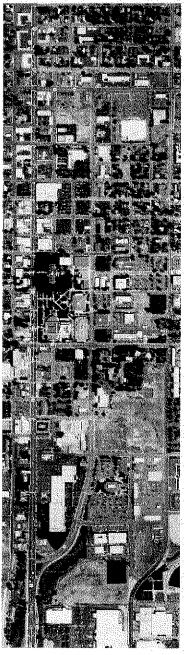




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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

To help redevelopment efforts, Carson City is exploring changes in the circulation system that serves its downtown core area once the full Carson City Freeway is completed. The proposed Carson Street Narrowing project would involve reducing the number of lanes on Carson Street from four to two between 5th Street and William Street. The narrowing project would allow on-street parallel parking along most of this 0.6 mile stretch of Carson Street and still accommodate left-turn lanes at major intersections.

This report documents a traffic operations analysis of the proposed Carson Street Narrowing project under 2015 and 2030 conditions. The key conclusions from that analysis are as follows:

- Future anticipated traffic volumes in the Downtown area can be accommodated with the proposed Carson Street Narrowing project if other key planned improvements in the City's Transportation Plan including the widening of Roop Street and the extension of North Stewart Street are implemented.
- The Carson City Freeway will substantially reduce traffic volumes, especially trucks, on Carson Street in the downtown core area. However, after the freeway is completed, traffic volumes will increase over time so that by 2030, the combined traffic volumes on a narrowed Carson Street, the extended North Stewart Street, and the widened Roop Street will be nearly as much as the current total traffic volumes on those streets.
- To accommodate the reduction in travel lanes on Carson Street, enough northsouth traffic must be diverted onto Stewart Street and Roop Street, and the twolane portion of Carson Street must have adequate turn lanes at key intersections and proper signal timing.
- The narrowing of Carson Street between William Street and 5th Street from four to two lanes would cause a shift in traffic from Carson Street to alternate parallel roadways. A significant shift in traffic would be possible for the following reasons:
 - 1) Stewart Street would have substantial spare traffic-carrying capacity to accommodate traffic diverted from Carson Street.
 - 2) Also, east-west "cross-street" volumes are relatively low, which would facilitate traffic shifts to Stewart Street.
 - 3) Once the full Carson City Freeway is completed, fewer trips using Carson Street would be long-distance trips and a significant portion of the remaining local trips using Carson Street could readily shift to parallel roadways, like



Stewart Street, since they would provide comparable travel times for certain movements.

- Due to low traffic volumes on most cross-streets, all signalized intersections along Carson Street would still operate within the City's level of service standard with the narrowing of Carson Street, however, queue lengths would increase at some key intersections
- The intersection of Carson Street and William Street would experience the longest queues, with northbound queues averaging three blocks in length during the AM and PM peak hours, and stretching upwards of four blocks at times. Although the longest queues would not happen every peak hour, long queue lengths would be experienced a number of times during the average week.
- To minimize queue lengths and improve traffic flow, the following improvements could be made within the existing curb-to-curb width at the intersection of Carson Street and William Street:
 - One of the two southbound lanes on Carson Street at William Street could become a second left turn lane to increase capacity for this critical movement and to encourage southbound traffic to use Stewart Street instead of Carson Street through downtown.
 - The second northbound through lane on Carson Street between William
 Street and Sophia Street could be maintained, but this would preclude on street parking along the east side of this one block.
- Average vehicle speeds on Carson Street would be lower with the proposed project, which would cause the diversion of traffic to parallel streets. The slower traffic speeds, coupled with reduced crossing distances, would promote safer pedestrian access along the Carson Street corridor.

In summary, the City should be able to reasonably accommodate anticipated traffic volumes along Carson Street, Stewart Street, and Roop Street with the proposed Carson Street Narrowing project if the following occurs:

- 1) The full Carson City Freeway is implemented
- 2) Left turn lanes are maintained at all signalized intersections along the two-lane section of Carson Street
- 3) Signals along Carson Street are properly coordinated and timed
- 4) To minimize queuing, adequate traffic lanes at the intersection of Carson Street and William Street should be provided.



1.0 INTRODUCTION

To help redevelopment efforts, Carson City is exploring changes in the circulation system that serves its downtown core area once the full Carson City Freeway is completed. The proposed Carson Street Narrowing project (the Project) would involve reducing the number of lanes on Carson Street from four to two between 5th Street and William Street. The narrowing project should allow on-street parallel parking along most of this 0.6 mile stretch of Carson Street and still accommodate left-turn lanes at major intersections.

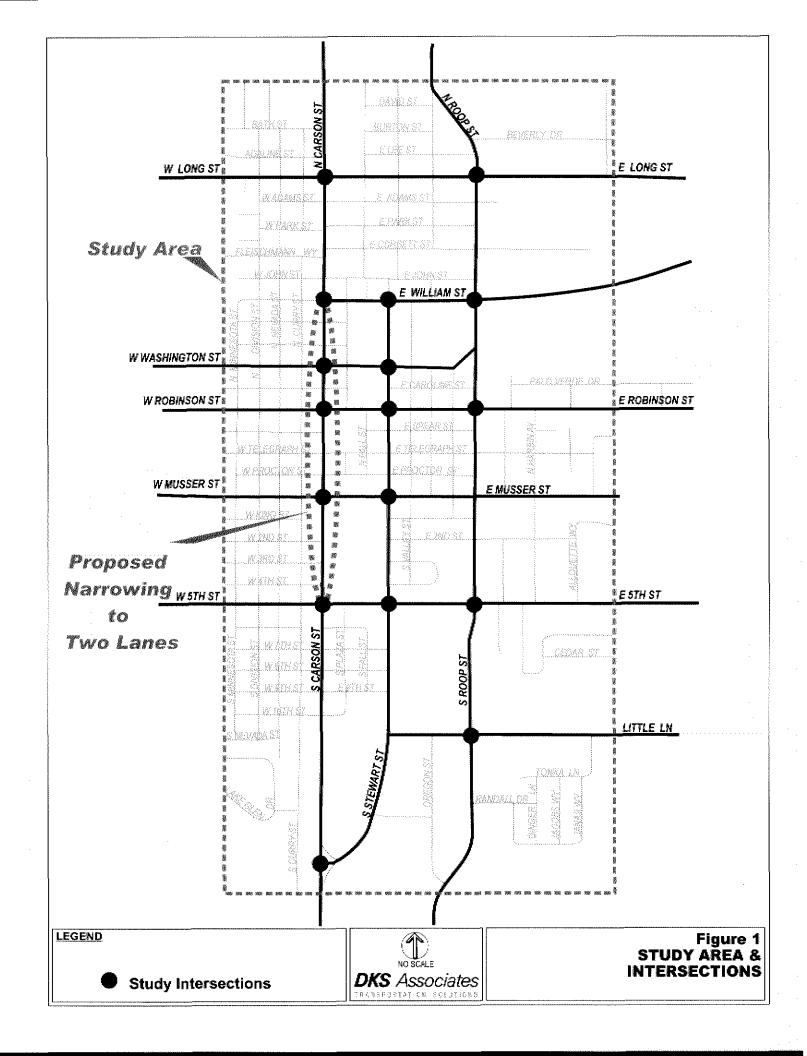
The peak period capacity and level of service (LOS) of the downtown grid system of streets is controlled by the capacity of its major signalized intersections and the timing of an interconnected signal system. To analyze the effect that the narrowing of Carson Street will have on peak period traffic operations, a traffic simulation model using the Synchro/Simtraffic software was developed covering the downtown street system.

Traffic volumes that are used in the Synchro/Simtraffic traffic simulation model were provided by a detailed downtown travel demand forecasting model, which is a "focused version" of the recently developed CAMPO Travel Demand Model. The new CAMPO Travel Demand Model, which covers all of Carson City plus northern Douglas County and western Lyon County, was used to reflect updated development forecasts for 2015 and 2030and to predict traffic volumes after the full Carson City Freeway is constructed.

The CAMPO Travel Demand Model includes all of the arterial and collector roadways in the Carson City but it does not include all of the streets in the downtown grid system. To adequately evaluate the impact of the Carson Street Narrowing Project, a detailed "focus area" model was created from the CAMPO model.

Figure 1 shows the approximate Downtown Study Area, which covers an area from north of Long Street to Fairview Drive and from west of Carson Street to east of Roop Street. The major north/south "study corridors" are Carson Street, Stewart Street and Roop Street. Major east/west roadways within the study area include (from north to south) Long Street, William Street, Washington Street, Robinson Street, Musser Street, 5th Street, and Little Lane.

To develop the traffic simulation model and conduct the detailed traffic operations analysis, peak period traffic counts were conducted at 47 downtown intersections (17 signalized and 30 un-signalized) in the downtown grid system. While the Synchro/Simtraffic analysis uses data at all major and minor intersections along the north-south study corridors, the analysis focuses on operations at the 17 major signalized intersections along Carson Street, Stewart Street, and Roop Street shown in Figure 1.





This analysis covers the following scenarios:

- Existing Conditions based on 2005/2006 traffic count data
- 2015 No Project Conditions that reflect the current Carson Area Transportation Plan, which includes the following key projects that will effect traffic in the downtown area:
 - Completion of the Carson City Freeway
 - Widening of Roop Street to 4 lanes from Washington Street to Beverly Drive.
 - Extension of Stewart Street from William Street to Roop Street
 - The conversion of William Street west of Carson Street to one way westbound
- 2015 Plus Project, which assumes the following changes to the 2015 Base Conditions:
 - Reducing lanes on Carson Street to two through lanes from 5th Street to William Street.
 - Maintain left turn lanes at signalized intersections on Carson Street between 5th Street and William Street
 - Potential changes in geometrics for William Street intersections with Carson Street and Stewart Street
- 2030 No Project Conditions that reflect the current Carson Area Transportation Plan, which includes the following key projects that will effect traffic in the downtown area:
 - Completion of the Carson City Freeway
 - Widening of Roop Street to 4 lanes from Little Lane to Beverly Drive
 - Extension of Stewart Street from William Street to Roop Street
 - The conversion of William Street west of Carson Street to one way westbound
- **2030 Plus Project**, which assumes the following changes to the 2030 Base Conditions:
 - Reducing lanes on Carson Street to two through lanes from 5th Street to William Street.
 - Maintain left turn lanes at signalized intersections on Carson Street between 5th Street and William Street
 - Potential changes in geometrics for William Street intersections with Carson Street and Stewart Street

The results of the analysis of each scenario are described in detail in the following sections.



2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

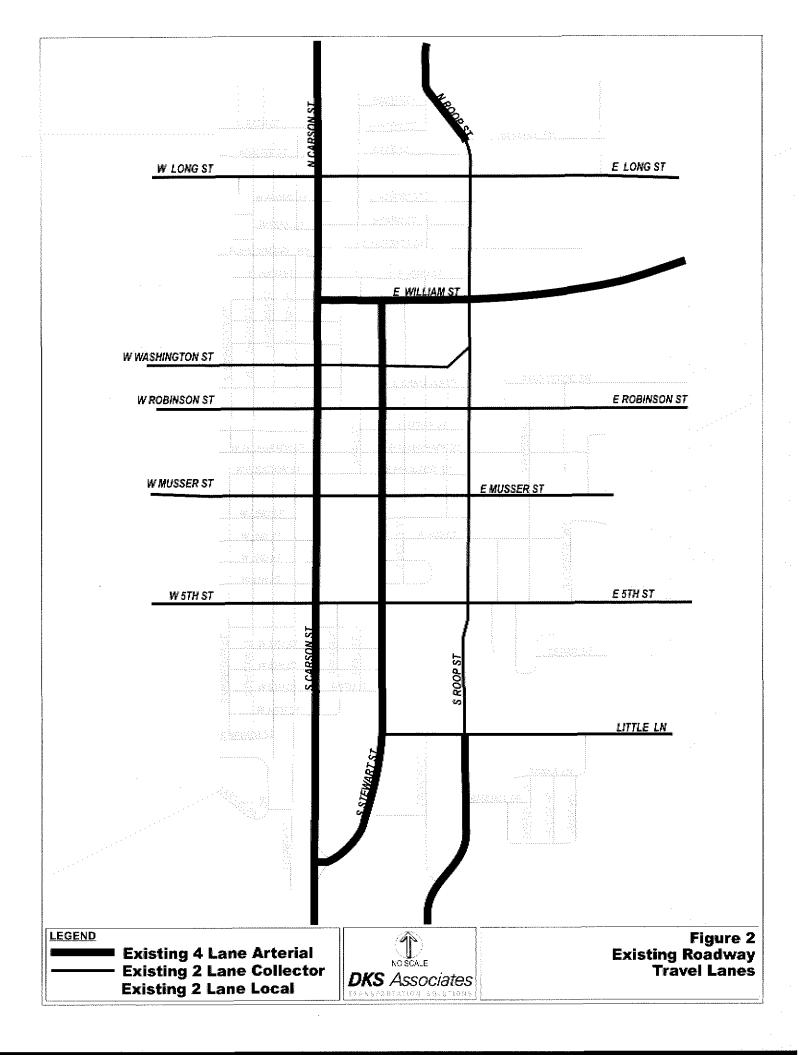
2.1 Travel Lanes

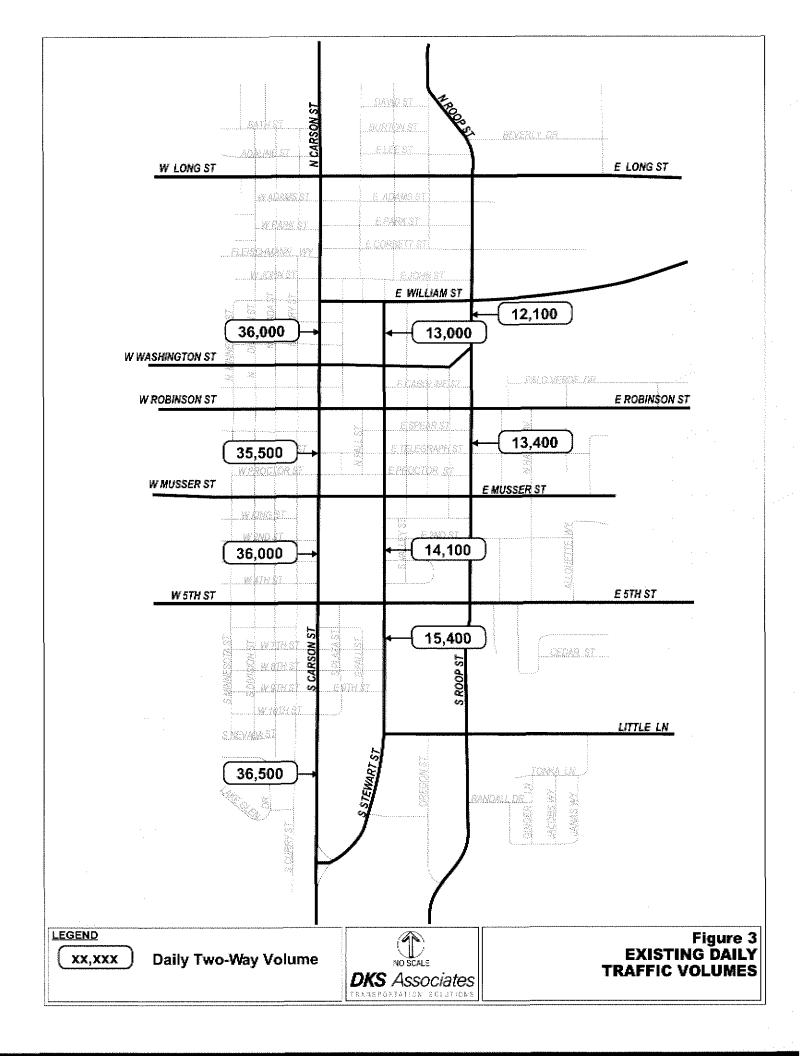
The number of existing travel lanes on the street system in the downtown study area are shown in Figure 2. Carson Street currently has four travel lanes through downtown area with left-turn lanes at most intersections. Stewart Street has two lanes north of William Street and four lanes south of William Street. However, there are no left turn lanes at intersections on Stewart Street between William Street and 5th Street. Roop Street currently has two lanes between Beverly Drive and Little Lane and four lanes north of Beverly Drive and south of Little Lane.

2.2 Traffic Volumes

Daily traffic volume data were compiled from the Nevada Department of Transportation's (NDOT) 2005 Annual Traffic Report. Figure 3 and Table 1 show existing daily two-way traffic volumes on the major north-south study area roadways. Daily traffic volumes on Carson Street currently range from approximately 35,500 vehicles south of Robinson Street to approximately 40,500 vehicles north of Long Street.

Roadway	Location	Volume Type	Volume
		Daily Volume	36,000
	North of Washington Street	PM Peak Hour	2,700
Carson Street		Peak Hour %	8%
		Daily Volume	35,500
	North of Musser Street	PM Peak Hour	2,700
		Peak Hour %	8%
		Daily Volume	13,000
	South of William Street	PM Peak Hour	1,200
		Peak Hour %	9%
Stewart Street		Daily Volume	14,100
Mewall Shoet	North of 5th Street	PM Peak Hour	1,500
		Peak Hour %	11%
		Daily Volume	15,400
	South of 5th Street	PM Peak Hour	1,700
		Peak Hour %	11%
		Daily Volume	13,400
Roop Street	South of Robinson Street	PM Peak Hour	1,200
		Peak Hour %	9%







Daily two-way traffic volumes on Stewart Street range from approximately 11,800 south of Little Lane to 15,400 south of 5th Street and approximately 13,000 vehicles south of William Street. The daily two-way volume on Roop Street south of Robinson Street is approximately 13,400 vehicles.

DKS collected AM and PM peak period (7AM to 9 AM and 4 PM to 6 PM) traffic counts at 17 signalized intersections and 30 un-signalized intersections in the downtown area in October 2006. Figure 4 shows the locations of the 17 signalized and 30 un-signalized intersections. Figures 5 and 6 show the existing turning movement volumes at each of the signalized intersections in the study area for the AM and PM peak hour, respectively.

As shown in Table 1, in the PM peak hour there are about 2,700 vehicles per hour on Carson Street, about 1,500 vehicles per hour on Stewart Street and about 1,200 vehicles per hour on Roop Street. Approximately eight percent of the daily trips on Carson Street occur in the PM peak hour. This percentage is somewhat lower than a typical urban roadway due to the large number of inter-regional vehicles traveling through Carson City on Highway 395. The peak hour percentage of daily trips on Stewart Street is eleven percent. This is higher than typical since a large percentage of traffic on Stewart Street stems from state employees commuting to offices along Stewart Street. Approximately 9 percent of daily trips on Roop Street occur during the PM peak hour. This represents a more average percentage of daily trips.

2.3 Levels of Service

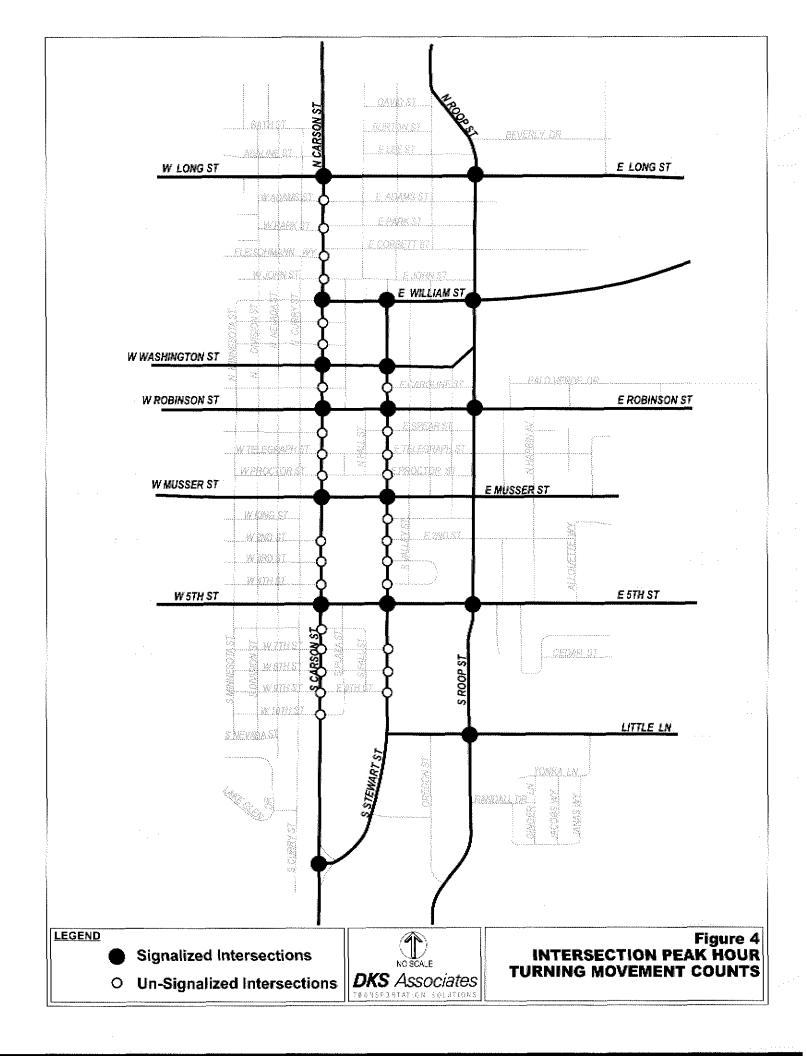
The peak period traffic simulation model and level of service analysis of the downtown area requires a substantial amount of input data including

- Peak hour turning movement volumes at all intersections
- · Lane geometry, signal phasing and signal timing at all signalized intersections
- Other factors that affect capacity, including peak hour factors, trucks factors, etc.

The peak hour volumes and lane geometrics at signalized intersections are shown in Figures 5 and 6. Traffic signal timing for the downtown signal system was provided by City staff.

To accurately reflect peak hour traffic conditions, a "peak hour factor" was used. The peak hour factor is the ratio of the peak fifteen minute volumes to the total peak hour volumes. Table 2 shows the peak hour factors for Carson Street, Stewart Street and Roop Street in the downtown area based on traffic count data.

The average AM peak hour factor for Carson Street is 0.89, meaning the average AM peak fifteen minute flow rate is twelve percent higher than the hourly flow rate. The average PM peak hour factor for Carson Street is 0.95, meaning the average PM peak fifteen minute flow rate is five percent higher than the hourly flow rate.



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1 Carson St & Long St		13 Roop St & Long St
159 21 4 5 211 47 4 9 81 95 113 4 9 81 95 17	13 25 538 7 277 7 8 6 8	29 T
2 Carson St & William St	8 Stewart St & William St	14 Roop St & William St
24	32 7 54 32 7 55 56 56 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57	
3 Carson St & Washington St	9 Stewart St & Washington St	
25 7 26 25 7 26 26 26 27 16 26 28 21 16 21	22	55 57 5 89 27 5 7 19 27 5 2 2 4 44 2 2 2
4 Carson St & Robinson St	10 Stewart St & Robinson St	15 Roop St & Robinson St
5 Carson St & Musser St	11	
_	_	_
43 276 28 276 28 276 38 266 2 8 11 11 266 2	54 251 251 251 251 251 272 275 275 275 275 275 275 275	40 4 31 8 203 4 5 8 26
6 Carson St & 5th St	12 Stewart St & 5th St	16 Roop St & 5th St
		2 E 126 2 F 76
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		21



Figure 5 EXISTING AM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES

19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1		26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 2
1 Carson Si & Long St 259 217 218 219 259 219 266 2174 27 28 29 217 28 29 217 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	14	13 Roop St & Long St 110 2 672 7 162 173 7 3 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
2 Carson St & William St 32	8 Stewart St & William St 13 70 45 45 49 9 Stewart St & Washington St	14 Roop St & William St
41\big \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi	71 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	35 87 48 47 7 56 7 62 34
4 Carson St & Robinson St 22 25 37 39 37 38 38 39 39	10 Stewart St & Robinson St 10 42 42 7 24 29 4 7 7 8 8 41 11 Stewart St & Musser St	15 Roop St & Robinson St
5 Carson St & Musser St 58 58 208 54 54 66 287 69 6 Carson St & 5th St	39 39 171 111 39 3 17 265 7 2 3 2 69 12 Stewart St & 5th St	76 4 37 8 439 79 16 Roop St & 5th St
0 40 40 653 0 11 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		78 78 33 33 790 86 7 4 7 140 7 2 8 5 99 2 7 8 5 1411e Lane



Figure 6 EXISTING PM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES



TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

	Peak Hour	Carson Street	Stewart Street	Roop Street
Peak Hour Factor		0.89	0.77	0.84
Percent that peak fifteen minute flow rate is greater than average hourly flow rate	AM	12%	31%	20%
Peak Hour Factor		0.95	0.81	0.88
Percent that fifteen minute flow rate is greater than average hourly flow rate	PM	5%	23%	14%

The peak hour factor on Stewart Street is quite low in both the AM and PM peak hours (0.77 and 0.81)), indicating that there is a "peak" within the peak hour when workers in offices along Stewart Street arrive and leave work.

Other factors that have been used in the intersection LOS calculation are the "heavy vehicle" or truck factor and the Central Business District (CBD) factor.

The heavy vehicle factor is the percentage of truck traffic relative to the total number of vehicles. Based on NDOT data for urban street types a heavy vehicle percentage of five percent was used for Carson Street and William Street (both are major arterials and are state highways); four percent was used for Stewart Street and Roop Street (both are minor arterials) and two percent was used for all other local streets.

The "CBD factor" was used on Carson Street signals from William Street to 5th Street, because this area displays the characteristics of a CBD such as tight intersection spacing, no building setbacks and retail stores.

The level of service policy in Carson City's Transportation Plan calls for maintaining a level of service (LOS) "D" or better conditions. This means that LOS "D" or better is considered acceptable while LOS "E" or "F" is considered unacceptable. For this analysis of the downtown area, the Highway Capacity Manual methods are used for signalized intersections, which bases LOS on the average vehicle delay for all intersection approaches, not the delay of individual vehicles or roadway approaches.

Currently the signalized intersections along Carson Street, Stewart Street and Roop Street all operate at an acceptable level of service in the downtown area. The AM and PM intersection levels of service are reported in Table 3. While most signalized intersections currently operate at level of service "C" or better, some intersections along William Street operate at LOS "D." At the worst intersection, Carson Street and William Street, the average queues for northbound and southbound Carson Street extend for about one block.

Table 3:	
Existing Level of Service:	Signalized Intersections

	AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour	
Intersection	Delay	LOS	Delay	Los
Carson St and Long St	9.0	A	8.4	A
Carson St and William St	38.7	D	40.9	D
Carson St and Washington St	10.0	В	10.7	В
Carson St and Robinson St	10.6	В	10.3	A
Carson St and Musser St	6.5	A	6.6	A
Carson St and 5th St	22.2	С	19.6	В
Carson St and Stewart St	19.8	В	23.9	С
Stewart St and William St	35.0	С	37.9	D
Stewart St and Washington St	9.5	A	11.5	В
Stewart St and Robinson St	12.1	В	12.8	В
Stewart St and Musser St	8.2	A	7.9	A
Stewart St and 5th St	30.6	С	34.6	C
Roop St and Long St	12.6	В	16.4	В
Roop St and William St	35.7	С	37.1	D
Roop St and Robinson St	12.5	В	13.1	В
Roop St and 5th St	26.8	С	33.5	C
Roop St and Little Ln	14.0	В	16.5	В

Note: delay (in seconds) represents average delay for all approaches

Source: DKS Associates, 2007

Arterial level of service is defined by average vehicle speed along an arterial roadway segment and is calculated by adding the travel time between intersections and the delays at intersections, and then dividing by the total arterial segment distance. The average speeds and intersection delay were measured by the traffic simulation model for the downtown area.

Table 4 shows the arterial level of service along Carson Street, Stewart Street, and Roop Street within the study area. The table shows that all three roadways currently operate at LOS C or D with average speeds ranging between a low of 16 miles per hour and a high of 23 miles per hour. This shows that, on average, these streets are operating below their posted speed limits but at acceptable speeds per City LOS standards.



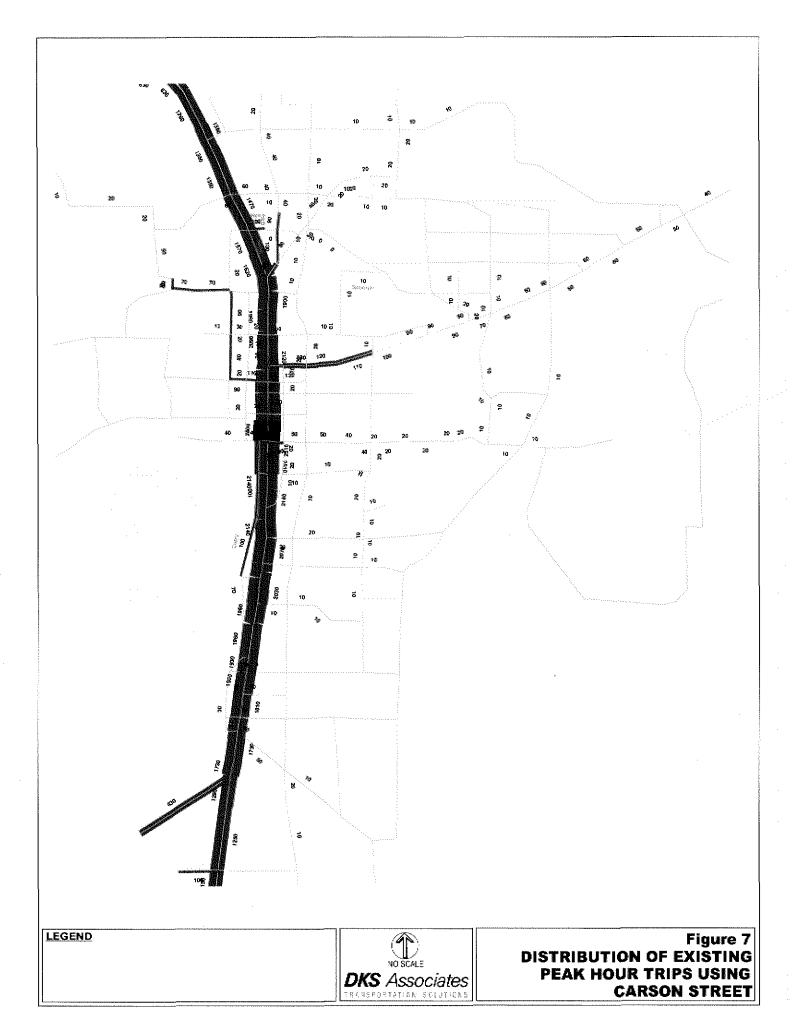
Table 4: Existing Arterial Level of Service				
	AM Peak H	our	PM Peak H	our
Roadway Segment	Average Speed (mph)	Los	Average Speed (mph)	LOS
NB Carson St - Stewart St to Long St	22.6	C	21.9	С
SB Carson St - Long St to Stewart St	22.3	С	22.5	С
NB Stewart St - Carson St to William St	23.2	С	22.4	C
SB Stewart St - William St to Carson St	16.6	D	17.2	D
NB Roop St - Little Ln to Long St	18.0	D	17.5	D
SB Roop St - Long St to Little Ln	18.0	С	16.0	D

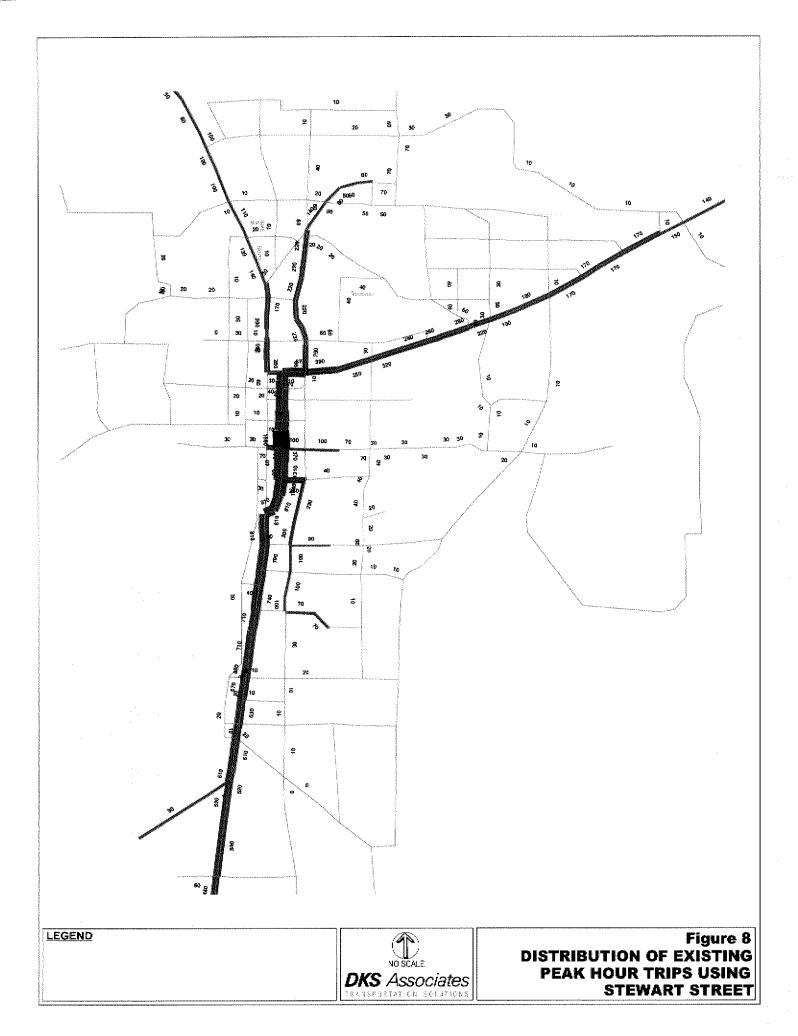
2.4 Existing Travel Patterns

To gain insights into travel patterns along the major north-south roadways through downtown, the travel demand model was used to map the trip origins, destinations, and route choices for traffic traversing the segments of Carson Street and Stewart Street north of 5th Street.

The estimated existing distribution of daily traffic using those two roadway segments are shown in blue on Figures 7 and 8. In these figures, the selected roadway segment is shown in black. These figures indicate the following:

- Most of the trips using Carson Street near 5th Street are long-distance trips on US 395 that either remain on Carson Street through downtown or are destined to the downtown.
- Most people use Stewart Street to either access destinations along Stewart Street or to bypass Carson Street to reach destinations east of Stewart Street.







3.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed Carson Street Narrowing project (the Project) consists of reducing the number of through lanes on Carson Street from four lanes to two between William Street and 5th Street. Center left turn lanes would be preserved at all the signalized intersections to maintain efficient traffic operations, but may be removed at most minor intersections to make room for on-street parking. The on-street parking would consist of parallel parking.

Sidewalks would be widened along Carson Street between William Street and 5th Street and curbs may "bulb out" at intersections with pedestrian cross-walks.

For the purpose of this analysis it was assumed that a second right turn lane for traffic to turn from northbound Carson Street onto Stewart Street would be constructed to encourage northbound traffic to use Stewart Street instead of Carson Street through downtown.

On Carson Street at 5th Street the second "curb" northbound lane would become a right turn lane. The assumed intersection geometrics with the proposed Carson Street Narrowing project can be seen in Figure 9.

Another aspect of the proposed project is that signal cycle lengths: the number of seconds between successive green lights for a particular turning movement. Currently cycle lengths are about 110 seconds, which is longer than typical, especially for central business districts. Most of the "green time" is given to north-south traffic on Carson Street, which increases delay for cross-street traffic and does not facilitate pedestrians crossing Carson Street.

As discussed in the following sections, traffic volumes could be reduced enough with the narrowing of Carson Street to allow cycle lengths to be reduced to 60 seconds for all signalized intersections in the two-lane section of Carson Street except at William Street where a 120 second cycle length could be used. Using exactly double the cycle length of other intersections along Carson Street allows signal coordination to be maintained. The shorter 60 second cycle length would reduce delay fro traffic on cross streets and foster improved pedestrian access and safety on Carson Street.



4.0 TRAFFIC VOLUME FORECASTS

DKS has recently completed development of the new CAMPO Travel Demand Model. The area modeled by the previous Carson City Travel demand Model was expanded to include western Lyon County and northern Douglas County. The model was validated to 2005 traffic conditions.

4.1 Land Use Forecasts

The data sources for the 2005 land use data are:

- Carson City generated from the City's parcel database
- North Douglas County taken from the US 395 Corridor Study model
- Western Lyon County estimated from aerial photographs

Table 5 shows the estimated growth in housing and employment between 2005 and 2030. The development forecasts, which were based on extensive input from local jurisdictions, show a substantial growth in multi-family housing as well as in retail, office and industrial employment within the CAMPO area by 2030.

4.2 Planned Transportation Improvements

Figure 10 shows the future roadway improvements from the Carson City Transportation Master Plan (TMP) that were assumed to be in place in the downtown area in 2015 and 2030. The planned 2-lane extension of Stewart Street from William Street to Roop Street is assumed to be in place by 2015. Roop Street is assumed to be widened to 4 lanes between Beverly Drive and Washington Street by 2015 and between Washington Street and Little Lane by 2030. The conversion of William Street west of Carson Street to one way westbound is assumed by 2015. Not shown in the figure is the full Carson City Freeway, which is assumed to be complete by 2015.

4.3 Traffic Forecasts

Table 6 and Figures 11 and 12.show 2015 and 2030 daily traffic volume forecasts on key study area roadways with and without the proposed project. Traffic volumes on Carson Street and Stewart Street are predicted to decrease in the 2015 and 2030 base scenarios (with a four-lane Carson Street) due to the opening of the full Carson City Freeway, which will provide a diversion for many vehicles traveling north/south through Carson City. It is also expected that a large percentage of truck traffic will divert from downtown Carson City to the Carson City Freeway.

The narrowing of Carson Street would significantly reduce traffic volumes on Carson Street, slightly increases traffic volumes on Stewart Street and slightly increases traffic volumes on Roop Street.

DKS Associates

TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

Housing i-Family 6,961 12,786 5,825 84% bunty ¹ 0 0 0	PO Land Use g Units Single Family 16,454 18,945 2,491 15% 558 697 139	Retail 11,759 18,705 6,946 59% 48 60 12	0ffice 11,734 19,744 8,010 68% 52 78 26	6,779 10,320 3,541 52% 1,007 1,512 505	1,647 2,063 416 25%	0
6,961 12,786 5,825 84% bunty ¹ 0 0	16,454 18,945 2,491 15% 558 697 139	11,759 18,705 6,946 59% 48	11,734 19,744 8,010 68% 52 78	6,779 10,320 3,541 52% 1,007 1,512	1,647 2,063 416 25%	735 968 233 32%
12,786 5,825 84% bunty ¹ 0 0	18,945 2,491 15% 558 697 139	18,705 6,946 59% 48 60	19,744 8,010 68% 52 78	10,320 3,541 52% 1,007 1,512	2,063 416 25%	968 233 32% 0
12,786 5,825 84% bunty ¹ 0 0	18,945 2,491 15% 558 697 139	18,705 6,946 59% 48 60	19,744 8,010 68% 52 78	10,320 3,541 52% 1,007 1,512	2,063 416 25%	968 233 32% 0
5,825 84% bunty ¹ 0 0	2,491 15% 558 697 139	6,946 59% 48 60	8,010 68% 52 78	3,541 52% 1,007 1,512	416 25% 0 0	233 32% 0
84% bunty ¹ 0 0	15% 558 697 139	59% 48 60	68% 52 78	52% 1,007 1,512	25% 0 0	32% 0 0
0 0 0	558 697 139	48 60	52 78	1,007 1,512	0	0
0 0	697 139	60	78	1,512	0	0
0 0	697 139	60	78	1,512	0	0 0
0	139					
		12	26	505	n	0
				202		ערי
0%	25%	25%	50%	50%	0%	0%
s County ²						
0	5,025	1,571	324	269	6	87
0	8,066	2,865	318	263	6	87
0	3,041	1,294	-6	-6	0	0
0%	61%	82%	-2%	-2%	0%	0%
rea ²						
6,961	22,037	13,378	12,110	8,055	1,653	822
12,786	27,708	21,630	20,140	12,095	2,069	1,055
5,825	5,671	8,252	8,030	4,040	416	233
	360/		66%	50%	25%	28%
	6,961 12,786 5,825	rea² 22,037 12,786 27,708 5,825 5,671	rea² 22,037 13,378 12,786 27,708 21,630 5,825 5,671 8,252	rea² 22,037 13,378 12,110 12,786 27,708 21,630 20,140 5,825 5,671 8,252 8,030	rea² 22,037 13,378 12,110 8,055 12,786 27,708 21,630 20,140 12,095 5,825 5,671 8,252 8,030 4,040	rea² 22,037 13,378 12,110 8,055 1,653 12,786 27,708 21,630 20,140 12,095 2,069 5,825 5,671 8,252 8,030 4,040 416

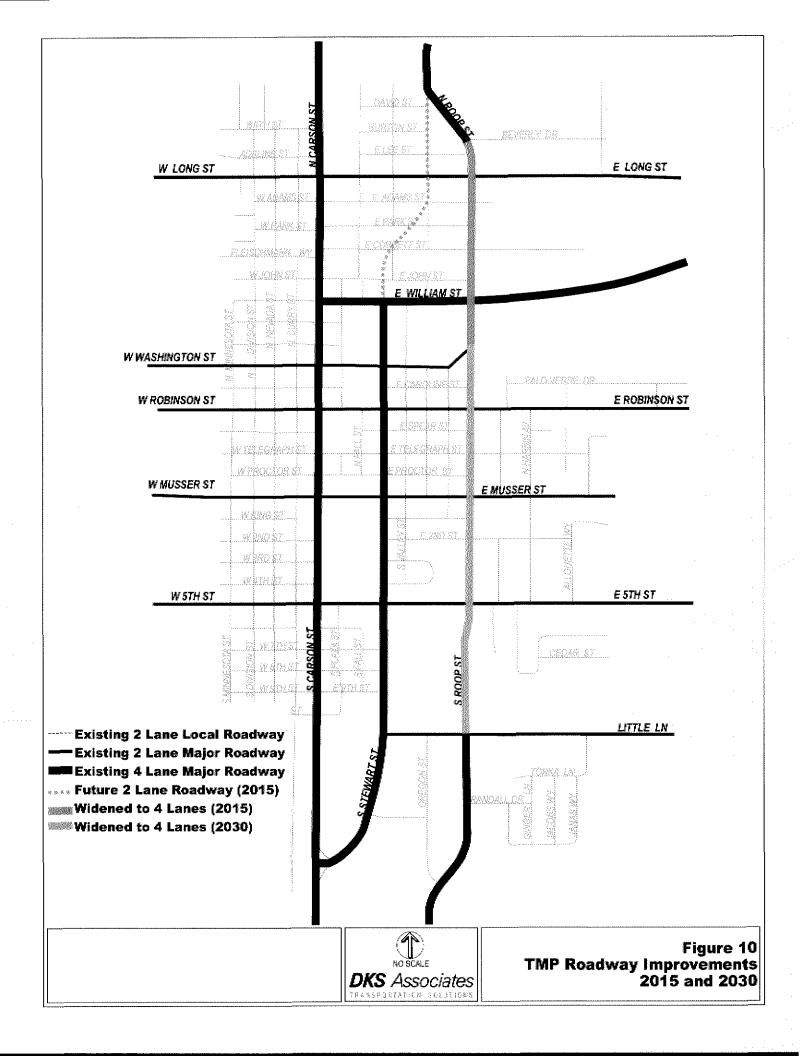
Note 1: Within the CAMPO boundary. Note 2: Within the CAMPO model are Sources: Carson City, US 395 Corridor Study and DKS Associates

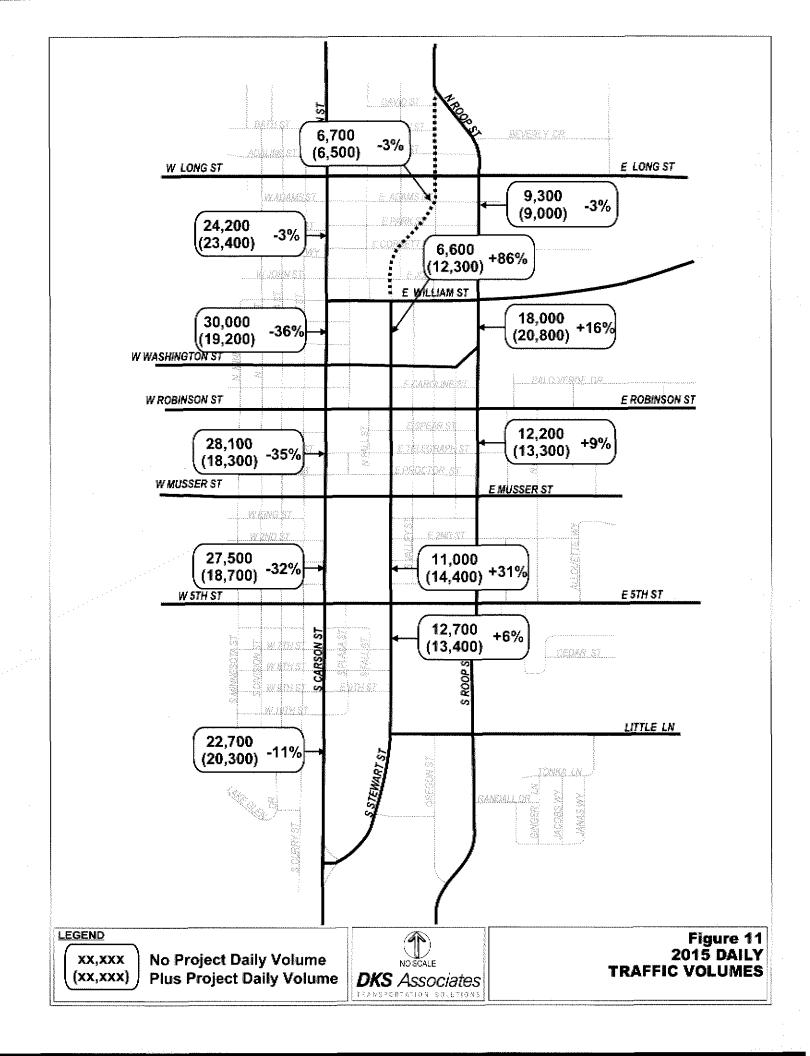
Table 6:						
Daily and Peak Hour Re	oadway Vo <u>lumes</u>					
			2015		2030	
	:	2005	No	Plus	No	Plus
Roadway	Volume	Existing	Project	Project	Project	Project
Carson St	Daily Volume	36,000	30,000	19,200	31,300	19,500
North of Washington St	PM Peak Hour	2,700	2,500	1,600	2,700	1,600
Carson St	Daily Volume	35,500	28,100	18,300	30,600	18,500
North of Musser St	PM Peak Hour	2,700	2,400	1,500	2,600_	1,600
Stewart St	Daily Volume	13,000	6,600	12,300	7,900	14,400
South of William St	PM Peak Hour	1,200	500	1,100	700	1,200
Stewart St	Daily Volume	14,100	11,000	14,400	12,900	16,200
North of 5th St	PM Peak Hour	1,500	900	1,300	1,100_	1,400
Stewart St	Daily Volume	15,400	12,700	13,400	14,900	15,800
South of 5th St	PM Peak Hour	1,700	1,100	1,200	1,300	1,400
Roop St	Daily Volume	13,400	12,200	13,300	19,300	22,200
South of Robinson St	PM Peak Hour	1,200	1,000	1,100	1,700	1,900
Source: DKS Associates, 20	007					

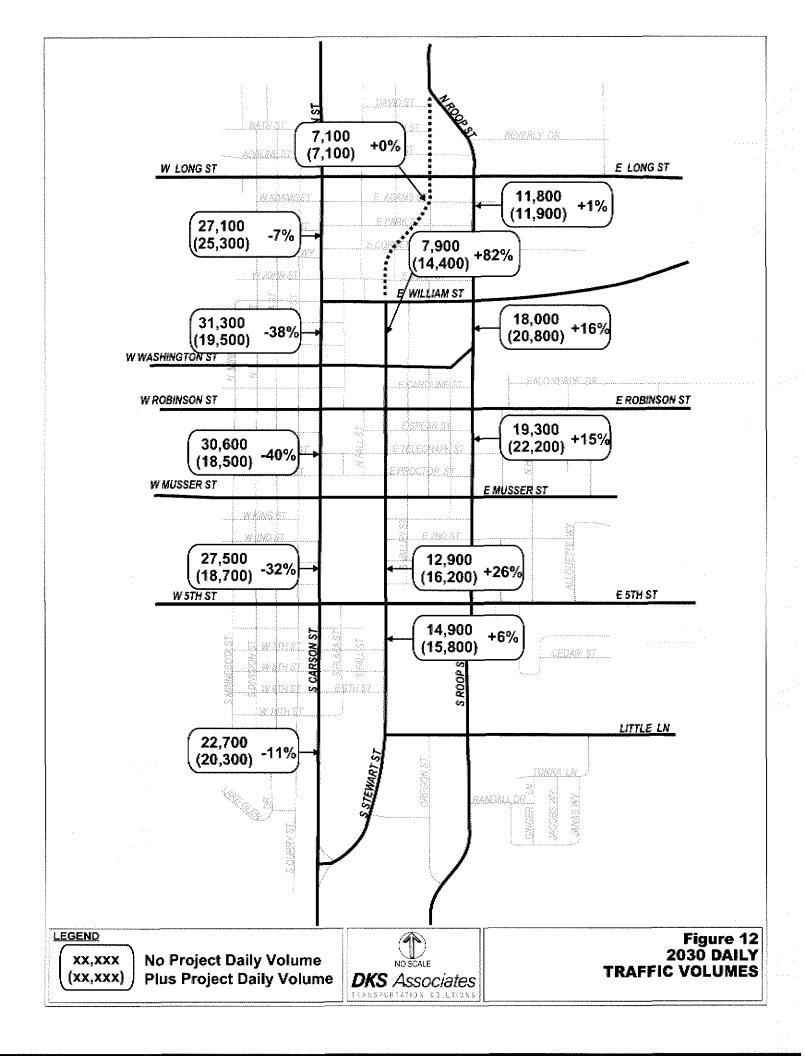
EXISTING	PROPOSED		
415 -			
Carson S	St & William St		
411 7 717			
Carson St	& Washington St		
411 \$	4 **		
	I t & Robinson St		
Carson S	t & Robinson St		
414 \$	* * *		
Carson	St & Musser St		
41\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \			
Carso	n St & 5th St		



Figure 9 PROPOSED INTERSECTION GEOMETRIES









5.0 TRAFFIC OPERATIONS IN 2015

The full Carson City Freeway is expected to be constructed by 2015. There are several other roadway projects that are planned to be constructed by 2015 independent of the proposed Carson Street Narrowing project. These roadway improvements are shown in Figure 10 and include:

- Extension of Stewart Street north to connect Roop Street near David Street
- Widening of Roop Street to four lanes between Beverly Drive and Washington Street
- The conversion of William Street west of Carson Street to one way westbound

Table 7 and Table 8 show the 2015 No Project and 2015 Plus Project levels of service at study intersections during the AM and PM peak hour, respectively. The AM and PM peak hour volumes and lanes are shown in Figures 13 through 16.

Table 9 shows locations along Carson Street, Stewart Street, and Roop Street where northbound or southbound through or left turn queue lengths exceed 200 feet under either No Project or Plus Project conditions. 200 feet is used because it represents a distance where most of one city block would be blocked by queued traffic. The table shows both 50th percentile queues and 95th percentile queues. The 50th percentile queues represent an average queue length. The 95th percentile queue length represents a case where 95 percent of all queues within the peak period are shorter than the listed queue length. Therefore the 95th percentile queue length represents a near "worst case" queue length.

5.1 2015 No Project Conditions (4 Lane Carson Street)

Under 2015 No Project conditions (with Carson Street remaining four lanes) all study intersections are projected to operate at LOS "C" or better during both the AM and PM peak hours. Average queue lengths for through lanes are generally shorter than 200 feet, with the exception of northbound through queue on Carson Street approaching William Street, which is 300 feet during the PM peak hour. The table shows that a number of roadway segments experience 95th percentile queues exceeding 200 feet. Average left turn queues are generally short, with none exceeding 200 feet; however the northbound left turn queue on Carson Street approaching William Street is 170 feet.

5.2 2015 Plus Project Conditions (2 Lane Carson Street)

The narrowing of Carson Street would significantly reduce traffic volumes on Carson Street, increase traffic volumes on Stewart Street and slightly increase traffic volumes on Roop Street. With the narrowing of Carson Street, the signalized intersections in the downtown would still meet the City's LOS standard. However, the intersection of Carson Street and William Street would degrade to an overall LOS "D" and the northbound approach would experience LOS "E" conditions in the PM peak hour.

36 2 115 115 115 177 177 115 115 115 115 115	4 4 565 4 16 16 17 18 18 19 19 19	TS TS TS TS TS TS TS TS
2 Carson St & William St 0	8 Stewart St & William St 5 5 4 59 4 16 21 7 16 21 7 5 50	14 Rosep St & William St
3 Carson St & Washington St 36 36 4 50 4 1 5 39 32 4 5 7 8 26	25 47 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	25
4 Carson St & Robinson St 5 23 23 24 5 8 93 4 317 62 22 5 Carson St & Musser St	10 Stewart St & Robinson St 6 45 45 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	15 Rosep St & Robinson St
101 252 252 266 56 2 317 239 2 2 2 2 18 2 2 3	28 275 275 86 50 1 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	149 336 - 67 - 70 - 203 - 26 - 26 - 26 - 203 - 26 - 26
19 6 137 0 117 0 5 5 5 7 7 Carson St & Strewart St		68 126 76 76 21 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5



Figure 13 2015 AM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES NO PROJECT

14 28 41 25 48 17 2 0011 14 14 15 15 14 15 15 14 14 15 15 14 14 14 14 15 15 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14		58 91 91 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97
434 2	30	177 28 5 5 535 29 1 106 29 1 8 7 2 656 7 8 7 2 53
93 7 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 1 2 2 3 3 Carson St & Washington St	13 2 5 7 7 7 50 34 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
81 56 410 57 57 58 410 57 57 57 58 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57	18 29 44 78 79 6	50 57 44 45 45
Carson St & Robinson St 23 36 415 38 118 5 5 Carson St & Musser St	10 Stewart St & Robinson St. 4	15 Roop St & Robigson St
113 161 74 67 74 252 7 2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	33 192 192 153 35 1 153 36 287 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	117 245 42 245 191 4 316 423 4 2 2 80 2 2 2 80 Roop St & 5th St
1 2 2 3 41 41 483 483 6 483 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6		78 78 33 33 590 86 4 7 90 8 3 4 140 7 8 3 4 140 17 18 17 18 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18



Figure 14 2015 PM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES NO PROJECT

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
36 36 114 4 11		77 147 147 148 5 7 3 14 50 2 5 5 9 2 5 5
319 216 216 7 57 0 4 5 8 8 4 5 8	11	132 132 135 136 137
8 80 80 12 12 119 114 12 13 14 13 14 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	5 44 55 16 7 75 16 7 7 9 69 Stewart St & Washington St	
20 20 20 41 42 42 43 44 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	22 4 95 44 19 22 4 7 19 22 7 7 8 60 7 8 8	71 72 74 74 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75
5 Carson St & Musser St	10 Stewart St & Robinson St	15 Raop St & Revinson St
23 - 290 317 - 2 2 2 122 - 318 3	33 33 342 342 773 93 3 37 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77	157 157 329 68 128 7 516 201 7 8 8 3 26 8 8 14 81
19 6 143 0 1 166 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		68 126 76 76 21 7 7 8 2 23 23 17 Reop St & Little Lane



Figure 15 2015 AM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES PLUS PROJECT

28 415 48 4 15 48 4 62 6 8 7 6 8 7 6 8 7 6 8 7 6 8 7 6 8 7 6 8 7 6 8 7 6 8 7 6 7 6		32 4 31 4 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97
I Carson St & Long St		13 Roop St & Long St
6 252 28 40 88 28 40 88 25 5 650	25 1 98 25 1 98 25 1 98 260 1 97 25 104	183 501 511 26 1 149 26 1 149 570 7 8 8 8
2 Carson St & William St	8 Stewart St & William St	14 Roop St & William St
75 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	13 98 44 32 7 7 7 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	
 Carson St & Washington St 	9 Stewart St. & Washington St	
53 53 54 55 57 57 58 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57	9 15 72 4 31 72 4 31 72 4 31 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	第 2 45 45 45 46
4 Carson St & Robinson St	10 Stewart St & Robinson St	15 Roop St & Rubinson St
22 137 24 2 37 121 3 5 3 44 5 5 3	116 2 3 8 8 31 11 Stewart St & Musser St	
*** \$8	96 2 39 340 7 7 96 7 64	250 4 85 250 4 85 399 4 8 5 8
6 Carson St & 5th St	12 Stewart St & 5th St	16 Rosep St & 5th St
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		78 78 33 790 95 140 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
7 Carson St & Strewart St		17 Roop St & Little Lane



Figure 16 2015 PM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES PLUS PROJECT TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

	No Project		ee: 2015 Plus Project	
Intersection	LOS	Delay	LOS	Delay
Carson St and Long St	A	7.4	A	6.9
Carson St and William St	В	17.9	D	42.4
Carson St and Washington St	A	9.7	В	13.6
Carson St and Robinson St	A	6.6	A	8.1
Carson St and Musser St	A	7.1	A	7.8
Carson St and 5th St	В	16.0	В	16.4
Carson St and Stewart St	A	4.8	A	7.0
Stewart St and William St	В	17.2	В	16.4
Stewart St and Washington St	A	7.5	A	6.2
Stewart St and Robinson St	A	8.3	A	7.4
Stewart St and Musser St	A	5.9	A	7.9
Stewart St and 5th St	A	10.0	В	12.0
Roop St and Long St	В	11.0	В	10.9
Roop St and William St	С	30.3	С	31.2
Roop St and Robinson St	В	11.9	В	12.5
Roop St and 5th St	С	21.8	С	24.3
Roop St and Little Ln	В	13.8	C	29.1

The narrowing of Carson Street would result in significant queuing on northbound Carson Street at William Street, extending back to Washington Street. There would also be LOS "E" operation at the southbound left turn movement with queues extending past John Street.

Two potential mitigation measures have been identified to attempt to improve the queuing problems at the intersection of Carson Street and William Street:

- Mitigation Measure 1 involves providing two southbound left turn lanes on the Carson Street.
- Mitigation Measure 2 includes the dual southbound left turn lanes in Mitigation
 Measure 1 and also involves maintaining two northbound through lanes between
 William Street and Sophia Street as it does today, which would preclude on-street
 parking along the east side of that block.



TRANSPOSTATION SOLUTIONS

	No P	roject	Plus	Project
Intersection	LOS	Delay	LOS	Delay
Carson St and Long St	A	5.3	A	5.2
Carson St and William St	C	30.7	D	49.6
Carson St and Washington St	A	8.7	В	11.5
Carson St and Robinson St	A	7.2	A	8.6
Carson St and Musser St	A	5.4	A	8.9
Carson St and 5th St	A	9.5	В	14.1
Carson St and Stewart St	A	9.4	A	9.5
Stewart St and William St	В	16.2	В	19.6
Stewart St and Washington St	A	7.8	A	6.9
Stewart St and Robinson St	A	8.3	A	6.6
Stewart St and Musser St	A	5.5	A	6.2
Stewart St and 5th St	A	9.9	В	14.6
Roop St and Long St	В	11.5	В	10.8
Roop St and William St	С	28.7	C	25.2
Roop St and Robinson St	В	11.6	В	11.6
Roop St and 5th St	С	23.5	С	23.2
Roop St and Little Ln	В	14.4	В	14.2

The results of these mitigation measures on the operations of the intersection of Carson Street and William Street are presented in Table 10.

With Mitigation Measure 1, the overall intersection level of service would improve from LOS "D" to LOS "C." The level of service on the northbound approach would improve from LOS "E" to LOS "C." Average and 95th percentile queue lengths would decrease significantly, with the exception of the southbound through movement, due to the lack of a second southbound through lane on Carson Street south of William Street.

Mitigation Measure 2 would improve on Mitigation Measure 1 by further reducing queue lengths on Carson Street. Northbound queues would be reduced by at least half.

			III	rough	Traffic	Queur	Through Traffic Queue Length	₽				Loft Turn Queue Longth	Queue [(cngth		
			Northbound	20umg	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Southbound	punox		2	Northbound	puno		Southbound	ршо	
		50	50th	95th	th	50th	th	95th	th	50th		95th	50th	rth	95th	
		Perec	Percentile	Perce	Percentile	Percentile	_	Percentile	mtile	Percentile	tile	Percentile	Percentile	mtile	Percentile	tile
					Lanes	onC	arson S	treet E	3etwcc	n Willia	ım Str	Lanes on Carson Street Between William Street and 5th Street	Street			
Street	Cross Street	4	2	4	7	4	2	4	2	4	7	4 2	4	7	4	7
AM Peak Hour	ttr.															
Carson St	William St	160	450	200	700	110	230	220	490				110	230	180 4	400
	Washington St		ĺ	80	220	Out of the latest and		29	470			The state of the s	*			
	5th St			160	380											1.000
Roop St	Robinson St			The state of the s				220	350							
PM Peak Hour	TI.															
Carson St	William St	300	009	440	920			210	480				170	320	320 €	560
	Washington St			130	440			230	410							100
	Robinson St			250	420			9	420			7			A market of the translation of t	
	5th St			180	360			30	370	_ 1						
Stewart St	William St			240	310							1, (m., 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,				
Roop St	5th St							140	250							

Table 10: Carson St	10: Street and	Fable 10: Carson Street and William Street Intersection PM Peak Hour Performance: 2015	ection PM Pea	k Hour Perf	ormance:	2015				
			Level of Service	Service	50th Pc	50th Percentile Queue	Onene	95th P	95th Percentile Queue	Quene
~.v~_ ···			Intersection	Approach	SB	SB	NB	SB	SB	NB
			Avcrage	(SB/NB)	Through	Left	Through	Through	Lon	Through
Existing	Existing Conditions	A S A CHILDREN CHIRA	D	2/2	270	110	260	370	220	640
	No Project		C	G/H	110	170	300	210	320	440
Luind	Plus Project		ď	C/E	180	320	009	480	260	920
2015	2015 Mitigation 1	SB; 2 left turn lanes	၁	B/C	140	150	440	430	210	780
Marie (Mitigation 2	SB; 2 left turn lanes NB; 2 through lanes	C	B/C	140	110	220	430	160	330

Note: Queue lengths over 200 feet are shown in bold

Source: DKS Associates, 2007

5/18/2007

TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

Table 11 and Table 12 show 2015 arterial level of service for the AM and PM peak hour, respectively. The tables show that all study arterials would operate at LOS "C" or better with average speeds of at least 20 miles per hour without the proposed project and average speeds of at least 17 miles per hour with the proposed project. The narrowing of Carson Street would lower most average arterial speeds somewhat, but not enough to significantly change the arterial level of service.

	No Proje	ect	Plus Proje	ect
Intersection	Average Speed (mph)	LOS	Average Speed (mph)	LOS
NB Carson St - Stewart St to Long St	24.3	В	17.2	С
SB Carson St - Long St to Stewart St	24.3	В	18.8	С
NB Stewart St - Carson St to William St	24.1	В	23.6	C
SB Stewart St - William St to Carson St	21.8	С	21.1	С
NB Roop St - Little Ln to Long St	20.0	С	19.9	С
SB Roop St - Long St to Little Ln	19.9	С	19.3	С

	No Proje	ect	Plus Proje	ect
Intersection	Speed (mph)	LOS	Speed (mph)	LOS
NB Carson St - Stewart St to Long St	21.1	С	17	С
SB Carson St - Long St to Stewart St	23.3	С	19.1	В
NB Stewart St - Carson St to William St	23.7	С	22.5	С
SB Stewart St - William St to Carson St	21.6	С	21.4	С
NB Roop St - Little Ln to Long St	21.1	С	20.7	C
SB Roop St - Long St to Little Ln	20.2	С	19.6	С



6.0 TRAFFIC OPERATIONS IN 2030

The base roadway network would be the same in 2030 as in 2015 with the exception that Roop Street would be widened to four lanes from Washington Street to Little Lane, as shown previously in Figure 10. In 2030 there would be lower traffic volumes on north-south streets in the downtown area than today due to the opening of the full Carson City Freeway, except on the widened Roop Street (see Table 6). The estimated 2030 daily volumes are shown in Figure 12.

Table 13 and Table 14 show the 2030 No Project and 2030 Plus Project levels of service at study intersections during the AM and PM peak hour, respectively. The AM and PM peak hour volumes and lanes are shown in Figures 17 through 20.

Table 15 shows locations along Carson Street, Stewart Street, and Roop Street where northbound or southbound through or left turn queue lengths would exceed 200 feet under either No Project or Plus Project conditions. As stated previously, 200 feet is used because it represents a distance where most of one city block would be blocked by queued traffic. The table shows both 50th percentile queues and 95th percentile queues.

6.1 2030 No Project (4 Lane Carson Street)

Under 2030 No Project conditions (with Carson Street remaining 4 lanes) all study intersections are projected to operate at LOS "D" or better during both the AM and PM peak hours. A number of locations along Carson Street and Stewart Street are projected to have average queue lengths exceeding 200 feet. When compared to 2015 conditions, the through queue lengths are generally longer during both the AM and PM peak hours. Average left turn queues would be generally short, with none exceeding 200 feet; however the southbound left turn queue on Carson Street approaching William Street would be 190 feet. The table shows that a number of roadway segments would experience 95th percentile queues exceeding 200 feet. The northbound 95th percentile queue on Carson Street at William Street is projected to stretch nearly 2 blocks to the south during both peak hours.

6.2 2030 Plus Project (2 Lane Carson Street)

The narrowing of Carson Street would significantly reduce traffic volumes on Carson Street, increase traffic volumes on Stewart Street and slightly increase traffic volumes on Roop Street. With the narrowing of Carson Street, signalized intersections would still operate at a satisfactory level of service in the downtown area; however the intersection of Carson Street would degrade to LOS "D." Even though the intersection average LOS is "D" for the intersection of Carson Street and William Street in the AM and PM peak hours the northbound approach would experience LOS "E" and LOS "F," respectively.

#8 7 31 7 76 7 76 8 7 76 8 1 8 Long St		5 7 3 1 7 70 70 70 8 8 10 13 Roop St & Long St
2 Carson St & William St	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	133 4528 5114 528 5384 47 5 584 47 5 7 7 117 638 7 7 7 8 8 119 119 From St. & William St
118 1 9 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 60 27 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	
5 Carson St & Washington St 58 58 415 735 69 7114 50 735	9 Stewart St & Washington St 21 21 88 44	2
Carson St & Robinson St	10 Stewart St & Robinson St 2 49 49 12 12 53 7 8 6 8 32 11 Stewart St & Misser St	15 Roop St & Robinson St
83 83 300 41 7 69 45 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Stewart St. & Sth St	266 7 7 7 7 83 266 7 7 7 7 83 266 7 7 7 7 83 267 7 7 7 83 268 7 7 7 83 268 7 83 268 7 83 268 7 83 268 7 83
20	J. Control of Carlos	68 126 76 126 76 37 7 5 5 2 70 17 Roop St & Little Lane



NO SCALE

DKS Associates
TRANSPORTATION EGELITORS

Figure 17 2030 AM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES NO PROJECT

12 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31		98 98 93 41 37 37 37 32 4 3 1
0	5 2 5 559 4 41 35 4 5 2 7 560 7 2 2 7 77 2 2 7	133 25 2 535 7 17 7 273 25 2 7 3 7 56 85 14 Recop St & William St
7 2 44 2 1 2 44 93 4 3 7 123 5 8 5 139 6 8 5	13 73 73 75 57 57 57 58 47 7 8 8 49 50 9 Stewart St & Washington St	
学 日 等 上 60 4 1 年 上 41 62 七 日 2 年 85 日 2 第 35 日 35	34 36 44 48 44 74 74 3	66 45 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
4 Carson St & Robinson St 23 23 59 415 27 38 115 27 50 50 Carson St & Musser St	10 Stewart St & Robinson St 2 40 44 7 24 18 7 8 2 2 33 11 Stewart St & Musser St	15 Roop St & Robinson St
65 4 51 57 56 6 Carson St & 5th St	28 227 212 212 309 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	16 Roup St & 5th St
0	ONDITION, ALL ST	78 78 33 33 790 105 7 3 1 7 140 7 7 8 3 3 2 5 17 140 7 7 8 3 3 3 5 17 140 7 8 5 3 5 17 140 7 8 6 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18



Figure 18 2030 PM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES NO PROJECT

0 1 1 5 0 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		68 126 7 76
2 8 7 ± 136	## 124 41 341 71 71 71 71 71 71 71	219 340 - 85 156 - 31 17 213 - 3 3 3 26 Roop St & 5th St
17 65 65 7 27 11 32 7 8 3 9 53 Carson S1 & Musser St	3 64 111 131 / 37 43 / 3 / 3 / 47 41 / 3 / 47 41 / 3 / 47 41 / 3 / 47	
118 7 14 118 7 7 14 136 7 7 15 34 Carson St & Robinson St	29 93 44 52 7 7 9 5 2 57 7 9 5 2 25 7 8 7 2 10 Stewart St & Robinson St	26 0 26 0 3 7 7 0 31 5 8 Robinson St
372 217 217 36 0 \$ 5 5 0 \$ 5 5	7 50 50 50 7 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
2 Carson St & William St	19 0 175 0 175 0 7 7 6 6 7 7 6 6 7 7 7 6 7 6 7 7 6 7	220 334 334 5117 152 5 81 212 7 8 8 9 26 8 9
34 119 5 36 7 5 68 33 2 7 7 7 68 33 2 2 7		41 314 7 108 7 108 7 171 13 Roop St & Long St



Figure 19 2030 AM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES PLUS PROJECT

34 119 219 35 4 2 35 4 2 68 32 2 3 1 7 68 32 2 3 1 7		5 Y 21 82 22 22 23 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24
372 217 36 0 5 5	202 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	22 5 572 290 7 8 5 6 41 Roop St & William St
2 Carson St & William St 0 89 4 14 118 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	8 Stewart St & William St	14 Reop St & William St
3 Carson St & Washington St 17 65 41 727 11 132 8 6 6 7 7 132 8 6 6 7 7 132	29 29 20 21 21 21 21 22 22	81 61 414 30 45 45 29
Carson St & Robinson St 2	10 Stewart St & Robinson St 3 3 44 117 44 7 44 7 44 7 44 7 44 7 44	15 Roop St & Robinson St
5 Carson St & Musser St 41 5 8 8 314 7 108 7 1 2 2 8 171	11 Stewart St & Musser St 31 31 352 4 1 5 102 120 3 1 7 247 247 5 5 61 12 Stewart St & 5th St	220 334 334 581 152 212 26 16 Roop St & Sth St
6 Carson St & Stb St 19 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	(30.35.42) 33 3.5.72) 34	17 Resp St & Little Lanc



Figure 19 2030 AM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES PLUS PROJECT

12 32 41 15 51 7 15 65 8 66 8 10 1 1 Carson St & Long St		96 96 92 41 7 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 3
548 \$\frac{7}{4} \frac{7}{4} \frac{119}{22} \frac{0}{4} \frac{7}{2} \frac{7}	## 419 ## 92 27	25 2 3489 25 2 3466 25 2 3416 598 7 8 8 8
31 133 60 7 3 159 7 5 2 8	22 54 w. 291 45 7 55 33 7 7 8 2 4 66 2 2 2 4 9 Stewart St. & Washington St.	
3 Carson St & Washington St 53 75 41 73 28 71 71	16 16 17 44 167 47 167 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 4	82 41. 82 41. 83 7. 12 83 7. 12 83 84 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85
4 Carson St & Robinson St 22 186 24 17 155 13 Carson St & Musser St	10 Stewart St & Robinson St 2 49 49 7 24 139 7 4	15 Roop St & Robinson St
57 268 23 2 34 332 2 5 8 213 6 Catson St & 5th St	21 275 206 88 4 31 P 395 7 8 8 8 62 8 8 1 1 P 3 8 8 1 1 P 3 8 8 1 1 P 3 8 8 1 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 8 1 P 3 8 1	169 254 254 254 27 2 87 327 2 3116 397 2 8 8 8 82
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		78 78 33 33 790 135 790 140 7 第 ま 24 17 Roop St & Little Lane



Figure 20 2030 PM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES PLUS PROJECT

	No P	roject	Plus	Project
Intersection	LOS	Delay	LOS	Delay
Carson St and Long St	A	6.3	A	7.1
Carson St and William St	C	22.5	D	51.0
Carson St and Washington St	В	15,4	В	13.0
Carson St and Robinson St	В	10.2	В	10.0
Carson St and Musser St	A	8.1	A	8.8
Carson St and 5th St	В	15.1	В	18.0
Carson St and Stewart St	A	8.8	A	7.7
Stewart St and William St	С	23.6	С	28.3
Stewart St and Washington St	A	4.8	A	5.0
Stewart St and Robinson St	A	5.0	A	6.4
Stewart St and Musser St	A	4.7	A	7.2
Stewart St and 5th St	В	18.7	В	12.4
Roop St and Long St	В	14.6	В	10.8
Roop St and William St	D	35.1	D	40.6
Roop St and Robinson St	В	16.0	В	10.3
Roop St and 5th St	C	33.1	С	24.5
Roop St and Little Ln	В	14.2	В	11.9

Average northbound queue lengths on Carson Street at William Street are projected to degrade from approximately 250 feet (one block) to greater than 600 feet (two blocks) during both peak hours with the narrowing of Carson Street. Average southbound queue lengths on Carson Street at William Street are projected to degrade from less than 200 feet to approximately 250 feet (one block) during both peaks with the narrowing of Carson Street.

The 95th percentile queues are also projected to increase at a number of locations on Carson Street with the narrowing of Carson Street. The PM peak hour 95th percentile queue lengths are shown graphically in Figure 21 and numerically in Table 15. The figure shows that the northbound 95th percentile queue length is projected to extend from William Street to south of Robinson Street. The figure shows that delays at one major intersection could potentially cause gridlock at other intersections to the south.

The same mitigation measures discussed in Section 5 have been identified to attempt to improve the queuing problems at the intersection of Carson Street and William Street:



- Mitigation Measure 1 involves providing two southbound left turn lanes on the Carson Street.
- Mitigation Measure 2 includes the dual southbound left turn lanes in Mitigation Measure 1 and also involves maintaining two northbound through lanes between William Street and Sophia Street as it does today, which would preclude on-street parking along the east side of that block.

The results of these mitigation measures on the operations of the intersection of Carson Street and William Street are presented in Table 16. As under 2015 conditions, these measures would decrease average and 95th percentile queue lengths significantly. The results of these mitigation measures are displayed graphically in Figure 22. The figure shows that the northbound through queue length would decrease dramatically with the proposed mitigation measures. The figure also shows that the southbound left turn lane queues would decrease significantly, while the southbound through queue would not change significantly with the proposed mitigation measures.



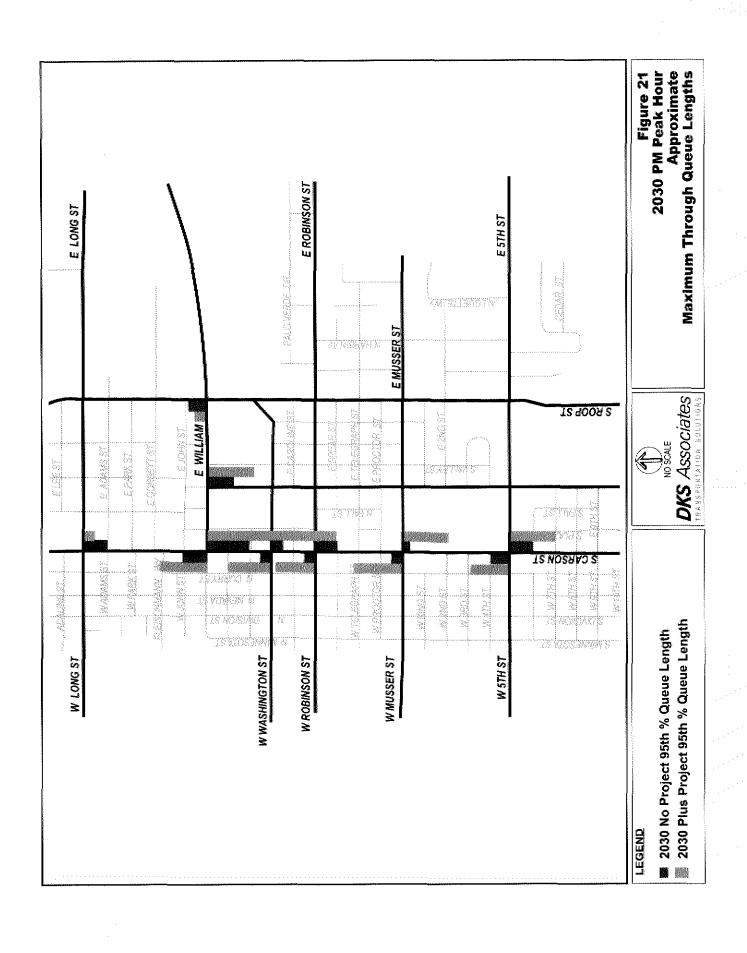
TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS

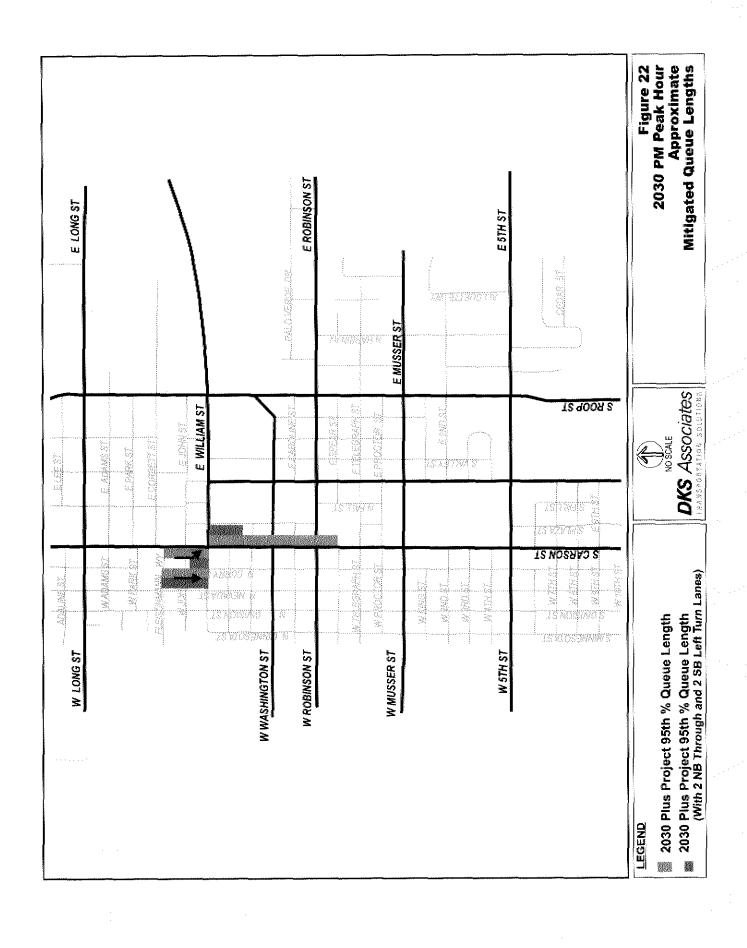
Intersection	No F	roject	Plus	Project
	LOS	Delay	LOS	Delay
Carson St and Long St	Α	5.3	A	5.3
Carson St and William St	C	24.2	D	53.2
Carson St and Washington St	В	13.9	В	12.5
Carson St and Robinson St	A	9.7	A	9.6
Carson St and Musser St	Α	7.6	A	9.1
Carson St and 5th St	В	11.8	В	17.2
Carson St and Stewart St	В	10.6	<u>B</u>	10.7
Stewart St and William St	В	17.9	С	22.3
Stewart St and Washington St	A	5.6	A	5.4
Stewart St and Robinson St	A	7.7	A	7.5
Stewart St and Musser St	A	5.3	A	8.3
Stewart St and 5th St	В	11.9	В	12.6
Roop St and Long St	В	16.8	В	11.1
Roop St and William St	D	35.4	С	33.7
Roop St and Robinson St	В	11.1	A	9.4
Roop St and 5th St	С	22.2	c	28.2
Roop St and Little Ln	В	11.6	В	12.9

				Through	gh Qui	Queue Length	mgth				;i	off Turn Queue Length	n Que	uc Le	ngth		
			Northbound	punoc	ļ ļ		Southbound	ршю		Z	Northbound	punc		S	Southbound	puno	
		50th	th	95th	4	50th	th	95th	th	50th		95th	··-	50th	<u></u>	95th	돧
		Percentile	intile	Percentile	ntile	Percentile	ntile	Percentife	ntilc	Percentile		Percentile	∤	Percentile	itile	Percentile	ntile
					Lanes	on Ca	rson S	treet E	3etwee	Lanes on Carson Street Between William Street and 5th	ım Stı	cet and	15th St	Street			
Street	Cross Street	4	2	4	2	4	7	4	2	4	2	4	7	4	7	4	7
AM Peak Hour																	
ı	William St	270	610	540	870	180	250	220	510					120	300	240	490
<u>)</u> [Washington St			160	390			8	460			220	20				Particular and social sections
Carson St	Robinson St	220	€,	150	410	100 mm		140	210				-				
<u>}</u> .	Musser St			240	20			20	390							!	
	5th St	190	230	320	470												
Stowart St	William St	220	130	320	180												
	William St							220	120		:					140	230
Roop St	Robinson St			210	2										- :		Control of the Control
	5th St						100 miles									760	8
PM Peak Hour												**************************************		And the second of the second of the second			
	Long St	200	92	260	130					To the second se							alc 1900 de la auditor (1).
	William St	250	999	440	930	99	760	270	909	Water Control of the	110000000000000000000000000000000000000		7	961	360	330	280
Carson St	Washington St			138	440			100	460								Artematica de la companyo de la comp
	Robinson St			220	#			9	410								
<u>. </u>	Musser St			40	420	— M		ક	520	an og og							
<u>}</u>	5th St			210	390			220	450								
Stewart St	William St	180	230	260	410					And and the second							
	William St							210	150								

Table 16: Carson St	16: in Street and V	Table 16: Carson Street and William Street Intersection PM Peak Hour Performance: 2030	tion PM Peak	Hour Perf	ormance: 2	:030				
			Level of Scrvice	Scrvice	50th Percentile Queue	centile	Queue	95th Percentile Queue	centile	Queue
			Intersection	Approach	SB	SB		SB	SB	NB
			Avcrage	(SB/NB)	Through Left Through	Left		Through Left Through	Left	Through
Existin	Existing Conditions	THE SHARE STATE OF THE SHARE STA	D	C/C	270	110	260	370	220	640
	No Project)	B/D	160	190	250	270	330	440
	Plus Project		Q	E/F	760	360	660	009	580	930
2030	Mitigation 1	SB: 2 left turn lanes	C	C/D	200	160	470	590	220	820
	Mitigation 2	SB: 2 left turn lanes NB: 2 through lanes	Ö	B/C	200	120	240	260	170	350
Note: C	Note: Queue lengths over 200 feet are	r 200 feet are shown in bold								
Source:	Source: DKS Associates, 2007	2007		Location 1998						

5/18/2007





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Table 17 and Table 18 show 2030 arterial level of service for the AM and PM peak hour, respectively. The tables show that all study arterials operate at LOS "C" or better with average speeds of at least 19 miles per hour without the proposed project and average speeds of at least 16 miles per hour with the proposed project. The narrowing of Carson Street does lower most average arterial speeds somewhat, but not enough to significantly change the arterial level of service.

	No Proje	ct	Plus Proj	ect
Intersection	Average Speed (mph)	LOS	Average Speed (mph)	Los
NB Carson St - Stewart St to Long St	22.0	C	16.2	C
SB Carson St - Long St to Stewart St	23.0	C	18.4	С
NB Stewart St - Carson St to William St	21.3	С	22.6	С
SB Stewart St - William St to Carson St	20.7	С	20.8	C
NB Roop St - Little Ln to Long St	18.8	C	18.9	С
SB Roop St - Long St to Little Ln	19.0	C	19.8	С

Intersection	No Proje	ect	Plus Proje	ect
	Speed (mph)	LOS	Speed (mph)	LOS
NB Carson St - Stewart St to Long St	21.9	C	16.4	С
SB Carson St - Long St to Stewart St	23.2	С	17.9	C
NB Stewart St - Carson St to William St	23.1	С	18.2	С
SB Stewart St - William St to Carson St	21.2	С	20.1	С
NB Roop St - Little Ln to Long St	19.5	Ċ	20.2	C
SB Roop St - Long St to Little Ln	20.2	C	19.9	C