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## City of Carson City Request for Board Action

Agenda Date Requested: 12/20/07 Date Submitted: 12/11/07 Time Requested: 20 minutes Mayor and Supervisors To: From: Linda Ritter, City Manager Subject Title: Action to accept the Carson City Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Staff Summary: City staff and representatives from Kafoury, Armstrong and Co. will be making a presentation of the City's financial status as well as recommendations for improvement. Type of Action Requested: (check one) (\_\_\_\_) Ordinance (\_\_\_\_) Other (Specify) (\_\_\_\_) Resolution (XXX) Formal Action/Motion Does this action require a Business Impact Statement: ( ) Yes (X) No Recommended Board Action: I move to accept the Carson City Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Explanation of Recommended Board Action: The Carson City Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 has been completed by the Finance Department and audited by the City's independent auditors, Kafoury, Armstrong and Co. City staff and representatives from Kafoury, Armstrong and Co. will be making a presentation of the City's financial status as well as recommendations for improvement. The Finance Department believes this report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement in Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association. Applicable Statute, Code, Policy, Rule or Regulation: Nevada Revised Statute 354.624 Fiscal Impact: n/a Explanation of Impact: n/a

**Supporting Material:** Carson City Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007.

Funding Source: n/a

Prepared By: Nancy Paulson			
Reviewed By:	Date: _		
	Date: _ Date: _ Date: _	12-11-07 12-11-07 12/11/07	
(Finance Director)  Board Action Taken:  Motion:			Aye/Nay
(Vote Recorded By)			



# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

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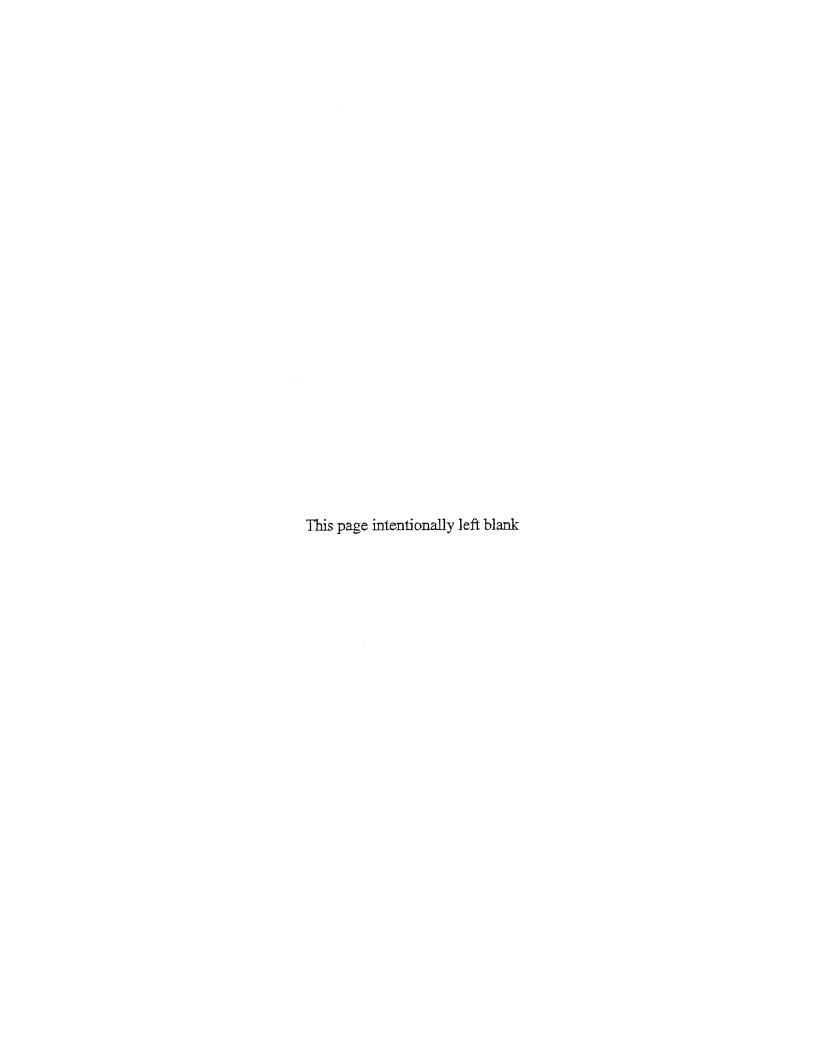
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPALITY AND STATE CAPITAL

November 30, 2007

Honorable Mayor, Members of the Board of Supervisors and the Citizens of Carson City:

The comprehensive annual financial report of Carson City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, is hereby submitted as mandated by both local ordinances and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that Carson City issue annually a report on its financial position and activity, and that this report be audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Kafoury, Armstrong & Co., Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified opinion on Carson City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2007. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Carson City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of Government Auditing Standards and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the independent auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance, the schedule of findings and questioned costs and the summary schedule of prior audit findings are included in the compliance section.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Carson City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The financial reporting entity, Carson City, includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e., the Consolidated Municipality of Carson City as legally defined), as well as

all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. Accordingly, the Redevelopment Authority is reported as special revenue, debt service and capital project funds of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of the primary government. The Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau and Airport Authority are reported as discretely presented component units.

### THE CITY AND ITS GOVERNING BODY

Carson City is the capital city of the State of Nevada. Carson City was founded as a trading post in 1858 and incorporated February 25, 1875. Carson City is a combined City and County governmental entity formed by the consolidation of the City of Carson City and Ormsby County on July 19, 1969.

Carson City has a land area of 147 square miles and an estimated population of 57,701 as of July 1, 2007. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. Real and personal taxable property located within the City has an estimated market value of \$4,095,153,171 and an assessed value of \$1,433,303,610.

The City operates under what is commonly known as a "council-manager" form of government which was established by charter and adopted by the State Legislature. Under this form of government, Carson City is governed by a mayor and four supervisors who are elected at large, on a non-partisan basis, for overlapping four year terms. The Board of Supervisors is a policy-making board, appointing a city manager to oversee daily operations.

Carson City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; sewer and water services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; and culture and recreational activities.

#### LOCAL ECONOMY

Carson City is located in the Northwestern part of the State. Nevada's rate of growth in population is one of the highest in the country and is expected to continue over the next several years. The Nevada State Demographer reported a 1% increase in Carson City's population between July 1, 2005 and July 1, 2006. Looking at the past 5 years, Carson City's growth rate has averaged 1.5% per year. Neighboring counties are experiencing much higher growth rates. Douglas County saw an increase of 3% and Lyon County experienced an increase of 10.6% in population between 2005 and 2006. This growth in the region provides a positive impact on economic activity as Carson City serves as a service center for the

region. During the past year, Carson City experienced a general slow down in the real estate market, not unlike the region, the state and the nation.

The real estate slow down has impacted sales tax revenues in Carson City as well as the region. As a result, actual general fund intergovernmental revenues, a significant portion of which are made up of sales taxes revenues, were \$1.8 million less than the final budget. Planned expenditures were reduced during the last half of the fiscal year in response to this reduction in revenue. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the general fund exceeded the final budget by \$6,604,317. Of this amount, \$4.85 million is unspent incentives for business retention and recruitment that will be carried over to the next fiscal year. The remaining balance of \$1.75 million is evidence that these mid year reductions effectively offset the reduction in revenues. Continued reductions in sales taxes are anticipated and continued reductions in expenditures are being evaluated. During FY 2002/2003, Carson City established the Stabilization Fund which may be used to offset reductions in tax revenues such as sales tax. In years in which growth in sales taxes was experienced, funds were transferred into the Stabilization Fund in order to build a reserve to buffer normal economic cycles. Continued declines in sales tax revenues could bring about the need to draw from the Stabilization Fund in Fiscal Year 2007/2008 in order to maintain public service levels.

The assessed valuation of Carson City continues to increase. Due to a cap on the growth in property tax for existing property and improvements approved by the 2005 Nevada State Legislature, the real growth in tax revenues is limited. The growth in the tax bill for residential property is limited to 3% annual growth and commercial property can grow by a maximum of 8% per year. Only new construction is outside of this cap for the first year it is on the tax rolls. The difference between the actual tax calculation (assessed valuation (x) tax rate) and the capped tax calculation is termed the "abatement". In the general fund, this abatement amount exceeded \$7 million in FY 2007/2008.

When compiling the budget for FY 2007/08, it was determined that there was an urgent need for two deputy sheriff positions and one deputy district attorney. In order to fund these positions and to help offset the loss in sales tax revenues experienced in FY 2006/2007 an increase in franchise fees was approved. This increase was made effective August 1, 2007. No further increases in franchise fees can be approved until fiscal 2009/2010.

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

During FY 2006/2007, fees charged at the Carson City Landfill were set based upon regional market rates rather than actual costs. The resultant change in rates has produced revenues in excess of expenses in the Carson City Sanitary Landfill Fund. These excess revenues will be used to fund economic development activities, capital expenditures and replenishment of the Stabilization Fund.

Carson City remains very active in recruiting retail development in order to enhance the sales tax base. So far in FY 2007/2008, development agreements have been reached with a retail developer to fill a vacant big box. This follows a development agreement approved in FY 2006/2007 with a local auto dealer that will provide for a new automotive retail store. Both of these will provide enhancement of our sales tax base for the future.

#### RELEVENT FINANCIAL POLICIES

It is Carson City's policy that "one-shot" revenues not be used for future operations. These funds are reserved for capital expenditure only. Each year, any unreserved, undesignated fund balance in the general fund is transferred to the Capital Acquisition and Development Fund or the Stabilization Fund.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

Planning is now underway for a new Recreation Center. This facility will be funded through prior and future debt supported by the Quality of Life Initiative which is a ½% sales tax levy. Partnership agreements with other organizations are being pursued in order to maximize use and share expenses for the facility.

Improvements to the Wastewater Treatment Plant are now being designed and new federal standards for drinking water are necessitating the design and construction of additional water treatment facilities. Rates and charges for the Sewer and Water Funds are reviewed each January and rates are recommended to the Board of Supervisors to cover all operations and capital costs.

The Carson Freeway, Phase 2 A has been funded by the State of Nevada. This extension of the Carson Freeway from Highway 50 to Fairview Drive also requires relocation of Carson City utilities. These improvements have been funded through their respective enterprise funds. The funding for Carson Freeway Phase 2B (Fairview Drive to Highway 50 at Spooner Summit) has yet to be identified by the State of Nevada. By agreement with the State of Nevada, should Phase 2B not be completed by 2010, the allocation of local fuel taxes previously agreed to would cease, making additional funds available for local road projects.

### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

**SINGLE AUDIT.** As a recipient of federal and state awards, Carson City is also responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs.

As a part of Carson City's single audit, described earlier, testing of internal control and compliance is performed as it relates to federal programs. The results of the single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 provided no instances of non-compliance with the requirements applicable to each of the City's major federal programs or matters involving the

internal control over compliance and its operation that were considered to be material weaknesses.

BUDGETARY CONTROLS. The City maintains several budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body in accordance with Nevada Revised Statutes Chapter 354, the Local Government Budget and Finance Act. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, debt service funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level of which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by function within an individual fund for governmental funds and the sum of operating and non-operating expenses in the proprietary funds.

CASH MANAGEMENT. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in U.S. Government Securities, corporate bonds and the State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool. The City follows the pooled cash concept which allows greater investment flexibility and greater investment returns. As of June 30, 2007, the City had total cash investments of \$99,749,318.

RISK MANAGEMENT. Carson City insures a portion of its risks and self-funds other. Property damage, general liability, law, errors and omissions, and auto are insured subject to a \$100,000 deductible per occurrence and, therefore, claims under \$100,000 are funded by the City. Other coverage currently held by the City includes applicable airport liability, boiler and machinery, and bonds for public officials. In addition, certain automobile damages are self-insured by the City. The Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) is used for the purpose of those self-insured areas discussed above and funding insurance premiums. Reserves are being accumulated to protect against future liability claims against the City as resources are available.

As of July 1, 2003, Carson City elected to become a member of the Public Agency Compensation Trust (PACT) for workers' compensation. The City pays an annual premium and there are no deductibles. The PACT is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members based on established statutory limits. The Pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of these limits. The City retains liability for claims for the period from July 1, 1992 to June 30, 2003 when the City was self-insured. The Workers' Compensation Fund (an internal service fund) is used to account for the payment of insurance premiums and for funding the liability for the period when the City was self-insured.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

**AWARDS.** The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Carson City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing

conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Carson City has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last seventeen consecutive years. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

**ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.** The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has my sincere appreciation for the contribution made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Carson City Board of Supervisors, the continued strengthening of the City's finances and the continued dedication to financial excellence would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

Linda Ritter

City Manager/Acting Director of Finance

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Carson City Nevada

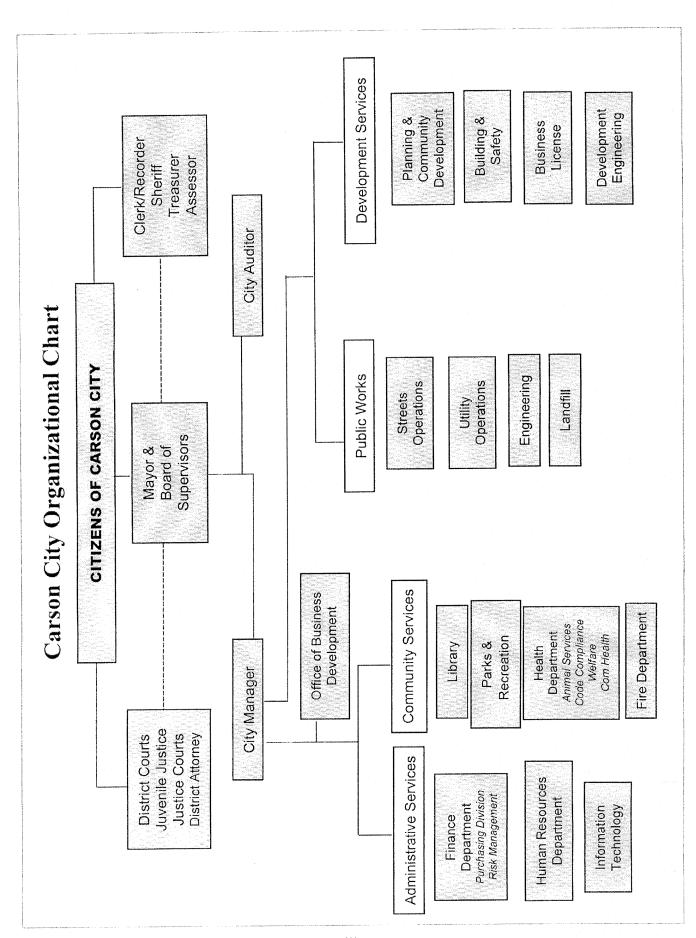
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2006

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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President

**Executive Director** 



## CARSON CITY LISTING OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FY 2007

TITLE NAME

Mayor

Supervisor, Ward 1 Supervisor, Ward 2 Supervisor, Ward 3 Supervisor, Ward 4

Assessor Treasurer

District Attorney
District Court I
District Court II
Justice of the Peace
Justice of the Peace
Clerk-Recorder

Sheriff City Manager

Finance Director/Risk Manager Information Services Director Community Development Director Economic/Redevelopment Manager

Library Director Health Director

Juvenile Special Master

Chief Juvenile Probation Officer Parks and Recreation Director

Fire Chief City Auditor

Senior Center Director Human Resources Director Public Works Director

Development Services Director/Public Works

Public Works Operation Manager Transportation Program Manager

Chief Building Official

Marv Teixeira Robin Williamson Shelly Aldean Pete Livermore Richard Staub Dave Dawley Al Kramer

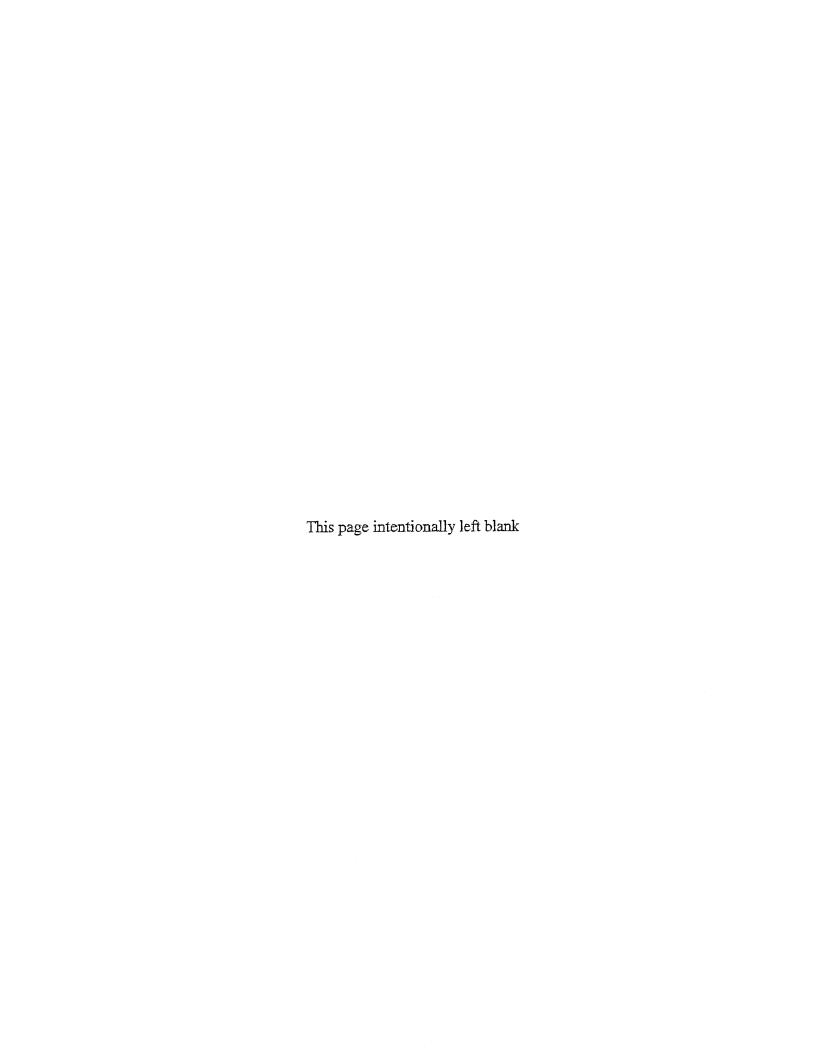
Neil Rombardo
Judge James T. Russell
Judge William Maddox
Judge Robey Willis
Judge John Tatro
Alan Glover
Ken Furlong
Linda Ritter
Vacant

Kevin Haggerty
Walter Sullivan
Joe McCarthy
Sara Jones
Vicky Fogelman
David Nielsen
John Simms
Roger Moellendorf

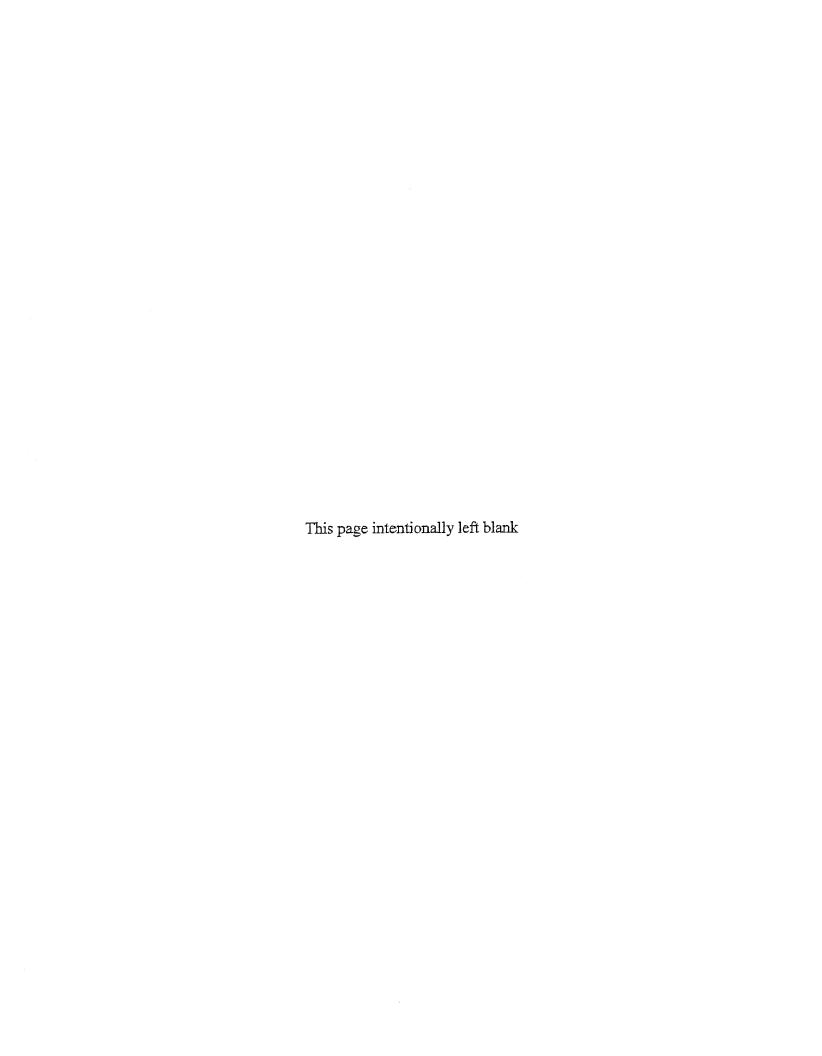
Stacey Giomi

Susan Johnson

Janice McIntosh Ann Silver Andrew Burnham Larry Werner Ken Arnold Patrick Pittenger Kevin Gattis



FINANCIAL SECTION	





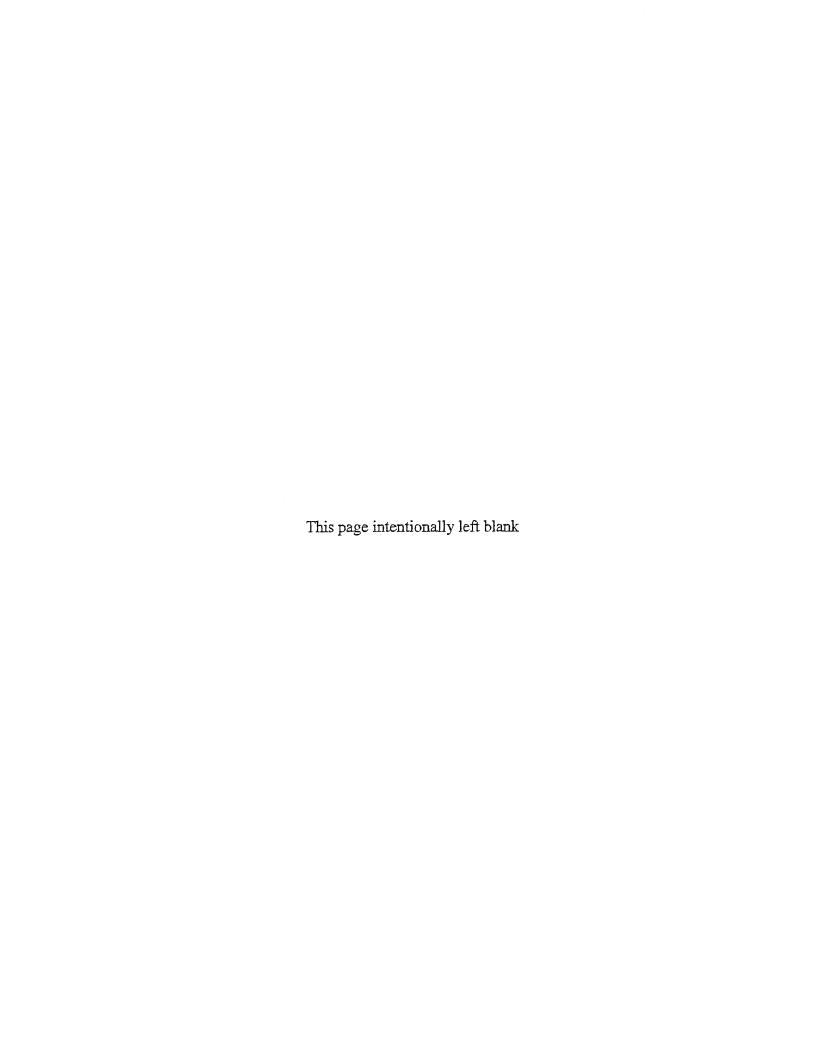
#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Supervisors, Carson City, Nevada

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carson City, Nevada, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise Carson City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of Carson City, Nevada. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Airport Authority of Carson City, Nevada or the Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau, both of which are discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component units, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Carson City Convention and Visitors' Bureau were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carson City, Nevada, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, the Quality of Life Special Revenue Fund and the Airport Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2007 on our consideration of Carson City, Nevada's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

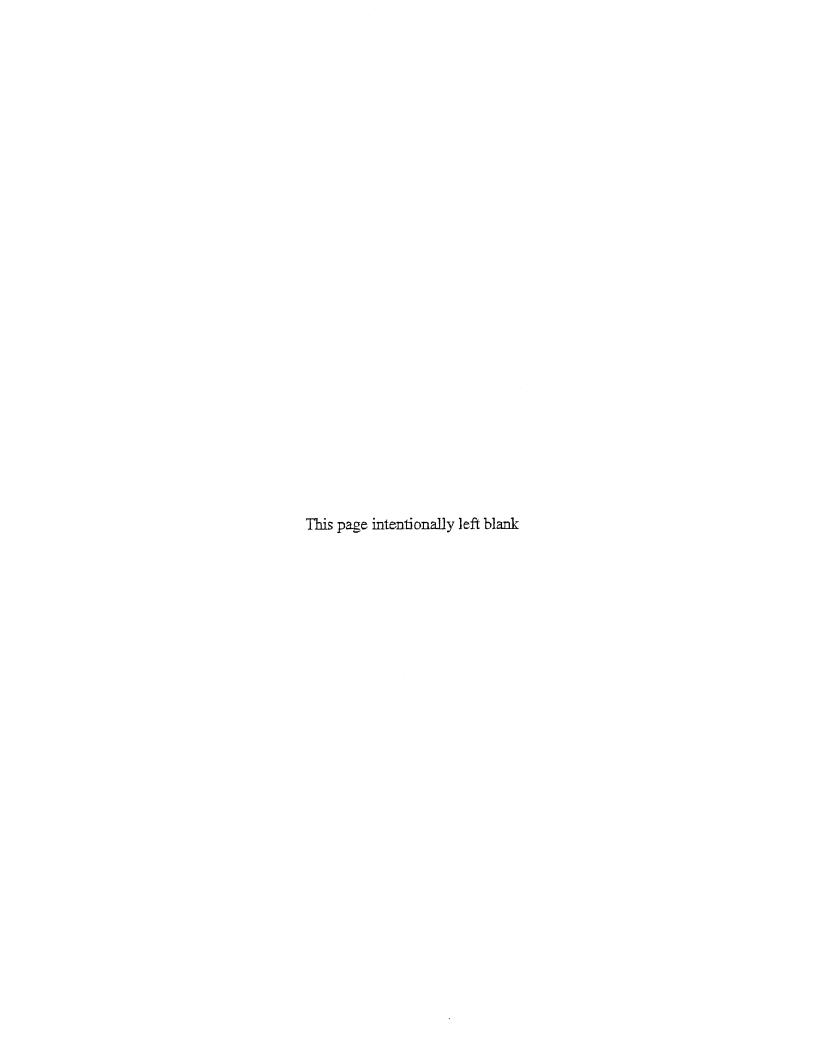
Management's discussion and analysis on pages 3A through 3L is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Carson City, Nevada's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of Carson City, Nevada. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Introductory Section and Statistical Section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Reno, Nevada

November 30, 2007

Kajoury, Cumstrong & Co.



### Carson City, Nevada Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Carson City, Nevada (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-vi of this report.

### Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$251,298,528 (*net assets*). Of this amount, \$14,440,598 (*unrestricted net assets*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$26,189,004. Approximately, half of this increase is attributable to capital assets contributed by developers, connection fees in the Sewer and Water funds and investment earnings. The remaining increase is due to capital grants related to airport development.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$57,678,274, a decrease of \$8,094,292 in comparison with the prior year. \$56,872,319 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$10,881,718, or 21 percent of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City's total bonded debt increased by \$3,621,614 (3 percent) during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase was the issuance of general obligation revenue bonds in the amount of \$10,047,500 for the Water Fund.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components:1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements**. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, judicial, public works, health, welfare, community support, airport, economic opportunity, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, ambulance, cemetery, landfill, building permits and stormwater drainage.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate airport authority and a legally separate convention and visitors' bureau for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Redevelopment Authority, although also legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City, therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 4-7 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains twenty-eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Quality of Life Fund, and the Airport Fund all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty-five governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining and individual fund statements and schedules* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and for each of its special revenue funds, debt service funds and capital projects funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of the City's governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund, Quality of Life Fund and the Airport Fund, major governmental funds, are located in the basic financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules for the nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the individual funds statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 8-16 of this report.

**Proprietary funds**. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, ambulance, cemetery, landfill, building permit, and stormwater drainage operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its group medical insurance, workers' compensation, insurance and fleet management. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer operations, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Data from the other five enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor funds is provided in the form of *combining and individual fund statements and schedules* elsewhere in this report. Individual fund statements and schedules elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-26 of this report.

*Fiduciary funds*. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements**. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-53 of this report.

**Other Information.** The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, and enterprise funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 54-156 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$251,298,528 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (81 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### **Carson City's Net Assets**

	Governmental activities		Business-type activities			Total					
		2007		2006		2007		2006	 2007		2006
Current and other assets	\$	77,298,334	\$	79,348,431	\$	33,392,976	\$	29,190,919	\$ 110,691,310	\$	108,539,350
Capital assets		172,286,623		107,029,699		132,763,549		124,984,936	305,050,172		232,014,635
Total assets		249,584,957		186,378,130		166,156,525		154,175,855	415,741,482		340,553,985
Long-term liabilities outstanding		87,421,893		90,341,400		60,443,337		54,281,538	 147,865,230		144,622,938
Other liabilities		13,899,698		8,706,417		2,678,026		2,825,859	16,577,724		11,532,276
Total liabilities		101,321,591		99,047,817		63,121,363		57,107,397	 164,442,954		156,155,214
Net assets:											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		120,602,072	-	65,849,092		84,123,860		78,129,888	204,725,932		143,978,980
Restricted		29,389,902		24,871,291		2,742,096		2,598,135	32,131,998		27,469,426
Unrestricted		(1,728,608)		(3,390,070)		16,169,206		16,340,435	14,440,598		12,950,365
Total net assets	\$	148,263,366	\$	87,330,313	\$	103,035,162	\$	97,068,458	\$ 251,298,528	\$	184,398,771

An additional portion of the City's net assets (13 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* (\$14,440,598) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets for the government as a whole as well as for its separate business-type activities. The governmental activities reported a negative balance for unrestricted net assets. This was the same as the prior fiscal year.

The City's net assets increased \$26,189,004 during the current fiscal year. The majority of this increase is attributable to an increase in capital grants and contributions in the airport and public works functions and a decrease in community support expenditures in the governmental activities. The remaining increase was the result of investment income in the governmental and business-type activities and capital assets contributed by developers and connection fees in the Sewer and Water Funds.

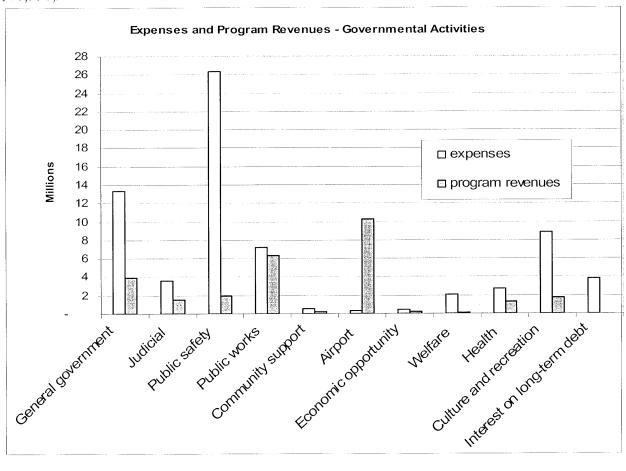
## **Carson City's Changes in Net Assets**

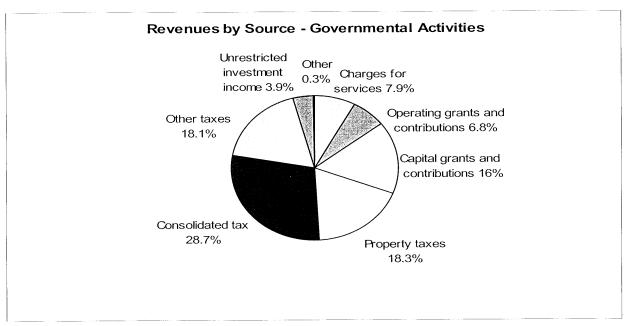
_	Govern Activ		Business-type Total Activities		al	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 7.194.480	\$ 7.249.876	\$ 22.492.588	\$ 19.894.278	\$ 29.687.068	\$ 27.144.154
Operating grants and contributions	6,129,717	8,678,963	-	12,538	6,129,717	8,691,501
Capital grants and contributions	14,492,662	51,789	6,462,247	7,000,395	20,954,909	7,052,184
General revenues:						
Property taxes	16,538,908	14,842,941	-	-	16,538,908	14,842,941
Other taxes	42,298,650	42,221,901	-	-	42,298,650	42,221,901
Other	3,777,575	2,895,146	1,319,813	476,360	5,097,388	3,371,506
Total Revenues	90,431,992	75,940,616	30,274,648	27,383,571	120,706,640	103,324,187
Expenses:						
General government	13,329,480	15,920,465	-	-	13,329,480	15,920,465
Judicial	3,656,007	3,505,076	-	-	3,656,007	3,505,076
Public safety	26,333,209	25,401,443	-	-	26,333,209	25,401,443
Public works	7,205,824	7,205,695	-		7,205,824	7,205,695
Community support	552,307	15,427,942	-	-	552,307	15,427,942
Airport	348,318	85,514	-	-	348,318	85,514
Economic opportunity	485,422	4,466,036	-	-	485,422	4,466,036
Welfare	2,074,309	2,038,709	-	-	2,074,309	2,038,709
Health	2,736,463	1,808,078	-	•	2,736,463	1,808,078
Culture and recreation	8,897,085	8,885,644	-	-	8,897,085	8,885,644
Interest and fiscal charges	3,844,651	3,078,771	-	-	3,844,651	3,078,771
Landfill	-	-	2,057,836	1,889,185	2,057,836	1,889,185
Ambulance	-	-	3,314,417	3,159,589	3,314,417	3,159,589
Sewer	-	=	7,751,960	7,592,212	7,751,960	7,592,212
Water	-	-	9,143,663	8,228,357	9,143,663	8,228,357
Cemetery	-	-	201,439	214,107	201,439	214,107
Building Permits	-	-	1,724,380	1,629,333	1,724,380	1,629,333
Stormwater Drainage	-	-	860,866	745,178	860,866	745,178
Total Expenses	69,463,075	87,823,373	25,054,561	23,457,961	94,517,636	111,281,334
Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers	20,968,917	(11,882,757)	5,220,087	3,925,610	26,189,004	(7,957,147)
Transfers	(746,617)	(2,169,833)	746,617	2,169,833	-	_
Increase (decrease) in net assets	20,222,300	(14,052,590)	5,966,704	6,095,443	26,189,004	(7,957,147)
Net assets - July 1, as Previously Reported	87,330,313	101,382,903	97,068,458	92,330,531	184,398,771	193,713,434
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle	40,710,753	-	-	-	40,710,753	-
Prior period adjustment – error correction	-	-		(1,357,516)	_	(1,357,516)
Net assets – July 1, as Adjusted	128,041,066	101,382,903	97,068,458	90,973,015	225,109,524	192,355,918
Net assets - June 30	\$148,263,366	\$ 87,330,313	\$103,035,162	\$ 97,068,458	\$ 251,298,528	\$ 184,398,771

**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$20,222,300, an increase of \$34,274,890 from the prior year. Key elements of the change from prior year are as follows:

- \$14 million decrease in community support expenditures due to an inter-local grant in the prior year to the Nevada Commission for the Reconstruction of the V & T Railway from the proceeds of bonds issued by the City for the Virginia and Truckee Railroad Project.
- Capital grants and contributions increased \$14.3 million over the prior year due to contributions of infrastructure from developers and the receipt of \$10 million in federal and local grants for airport development.
- Unrestricted investment income increased \$2.2 million from the prior year due to an increase in the fair value of investments as well as increased investment earnings in the current year.

Program revenues for governmental activities provided 40 percent of the resources necessary to pay the cost of providing program services. The remaining program costs were financed with general revenues. The largest general revenues are consolidated tax of \$25,944,779 and property taxes of \$16,538,908.

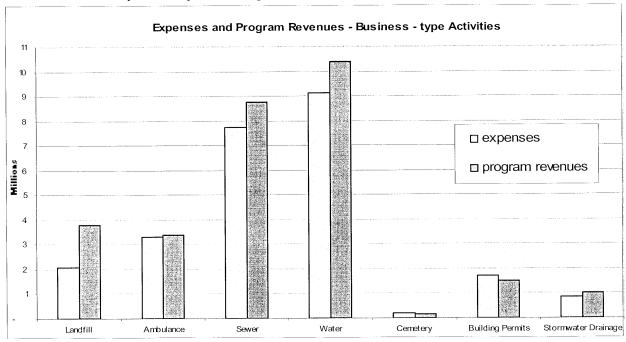


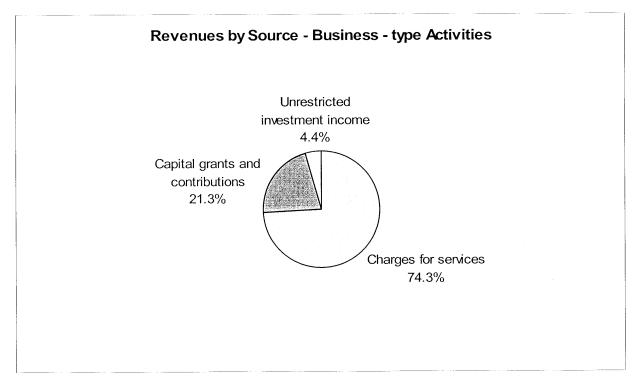


**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$5,966,704, a decrease of \$128,739 from the prior year. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- \$512,000 decrease in transfers in from governmental activities due to the completion of Waterfall Fire projects in the prior year.
- \$984,000 decrease in capital assets transferred from governmental activities.
- \$240,000 increase in capital grants for various projects.
- \$975,000 increase in landfill revenues due to an increase in rates during the current year.
- \$790,000 decrease in capital assets contributed by developers and connection fees in the Sewer and Water funds.
- Unrestricted investment earnings increased by \$840,000 from the prior year due to an increase in the fair value of investments as well as increased investment earnings in the current year.

Sewer and water expenses represent 67 percent of total expenses for business-type activities.





### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$57,678,274, a decrease of \$8,094,292 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$56,872,319 constitutes *unreserved fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *reserved* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) for unspent donations (\$317,767), 2) for judicial programs (\$423,836), or 3) for prepaid items and inventory (\$64,352).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$10,881,718, while total fund balance reached \$11,674,720. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 21 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 22 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$775,857 during the current fiscal year, an increase of \$1,475,975 from the prior year. Key elements of the change from prior year are as follows:

• Property taxes increased by \$1.3 million over the prior year as a result of an increase in property tax rates and assessed valuation.

- Transfers in decreased by \$2 million from the prior year. This was offset by a decrease in expenditures in the economic opportunity function related to incentives for business retention and recruitment in the automotive sector.
- Transfers out decreased by \$1.2 million from the prior year. Most of this decrease is due to a prior year transfer of \$1.15 million to the Capital Facilities Fund for the sheriff administration building.
- Miscellaneous revenue increased \$600,000 over the prior year due to an increase in the fair value of investments as well as increased investment earnings in the current year.

The Quality of Life Fund has a total fund balance of \$17,788,630, all of which is unreserved. The fund balance increased by \$610,593 during the current fiscal year, a decrease of \$3,595,605 from the prior year. This decrease is due to the sale of land in the prior year for \$3.6 million.

The Airport Fund received \$10 million in federal and local grants in the current year for airport development.

*Proprietary funds.* The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets at the end of the year amounted to \$5,510,995 in the Sewer Fund and \$7,528,633 for the Water Fund. The total growth in net assets for the funds was \$1,396,446 and \$1,716,366, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

## General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Budgeted appropriations increased \$5,973,202 between the original budget and the final amended budget. The increase can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$4.85 million increase in appropriations for economic development to fund incentives for business retention and recruitment in the automotive sector.
- Carryover of program costs from the prior year budget amounting to \$314,451 allocated to various departments.
- \$634,234 increase in various department appropriations offset by increases in charges for services, intergovernmental revenues, investment income and donations.

Of this increase, \$209,000 was funded from charges for services, \$425,000 was funded from intergovernmental revenues, grants and donations, and investment income. The remaining \$5.2 was to be budgeted from available fund balance.

The only significant differences between the final amended budget and actual amounts are as follows:

- There was \$4.85 million in unspent incentives for business retention and recruitment in the economic opportunity function. This appropriation will be carried over to the next fiscal year.
- Actual intergovernmental revenues were \$1.8 million less than the final budget due to a decline in consolidated tax revenues.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2007, amounts to \$305,050,172 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and water rights. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 12 percent (a 16.6 percent increase for governmental activities and a 6.2 percent increase for business-type activities). Net capital assets for FY 2006 have been increased by \$40,710,753 for the retroactive reporting of major general infrastructure assets. For more detail see Note 4-F in the notes to financial statements.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Donated infrastructure (streets, curb and gutter) from developers was valued at \$4.3 million.
- \$8.3 million for the construction of the sheriff administration building.
- \$717,000 for the acquisition of two fire engines.
- \$10 million land purchase for airport development.
- \$705,000 land purchase for open space.
- \$800,000 for storm drain project and asphalt replacement at park facility.
- A variety of street construction projects are on-going, such as widening and expansion projects, at a cost of approximately \$1.4 million.
- \$3 million for storm drainage projects.
- \$4 million for various sewer projects.
- \$2 million for various water projects.

# Carson City's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business activi		Total		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Land	\$ 29,208,402	\$ 18,228,791	\$ 3,076,948	\$ 3,076,948	\$ 32,285,350	\$ 21,305,739	
Construction in progress/infrastructure	2,851,150	1,300,249	-	-	2,851,150	1,300,249	
Construction in progress	11,144,673	5,984,619	14,296,881	15,642,654	25,441,554	21,627,273	
Buildings	47,264,119	48,718,514	9,563,288	9,815,627	56,827,407	58,534,141	
Improvements other than buildings	13,279,985	13,054,269	93,317,291	84,968,832	106,597,276	98,023,101	
Machinery and equipment	10,715,540	9,219,069	4,501,881	3,473,615	15,217,421	12,692,684	
Infrastructure	57,822,754	51,234,941	-	-	57,822,754	51,234,941	
Water rights	-	-	8,007,260	8,007,260	8,007,260	8,007,260	
Total	\$172,286,623	\$147,740,452	\$132,763,549	\$124,984,936	\$305,050,172	\$272,725,388	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 3-B on pages 40-43 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$136,834,536. Of this amount, \$131,694,536 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

## Carson City's Outstanding Debt

General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Governn Activi		Business activi		Те	tal	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	
General obligation bonds	\$74,574,351 \$76,884,293	\$76,884,293	\$57,120,185	\$50,968,629	\$131,694,536	\$127,852,922	
Revenue bonds	5,140,000	5,360,000	-	-	5,140,000	5,360,000	
Total	\$79,714,351	\$82,244,293	\$57,120,185	\$50,968,629	\$136,834,536	\$133,212,922	

The City's total bonded debt increased by \$3,621,614 (3 percent) during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase was the issuance of general obligation revenue bonds in the amount of \$10,047,500 for the Water Fund.

During the current fiscal year, the City refinanced some of its existing debt to take advantage of favorable interest rates. The City entered into a general obligation bond refinancing that is expected to decrease annual debt service payments over the next several years.

The City maintains an "A+" rating from Standard & Poor's and an "A1" rating from Moody's for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue up to 15 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$219,896,382, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note 3-D on pages 45-50 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- The City's unemployment rate was 5% at June 30, 2007, which is an increase from a rate of 4.8% a year ago. The national and state unemployment rates were both 4.7% at June 30, 2007.
- The City's assessed value grew 19 percent in fiscal 2006-07 to 1.433 billion and 12 percent in fiscal 2007-08 to 1.612 billion.
- Continued reductions in sales tax revenue are anticipated for FY 2007-08.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2008 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance in the General Fund increased \$850,336 to \$10,881,718. The City has appropriated \$5,385,581 of this amount for spending in the 2008 fiscal year budget.

When compiling the budget for FY 07-08, it was determined that there was an urgent need for two deputy sheriff positions and one deputy district attorney. In order to fund these positions and to help offset the loss in sales tax revenues experienced in FY 06-07 an increase in franchise fees was approved. This increase was made effective August 1, 2007. No further increases in franchise fees can be approved until FY 09-10.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Carson City Finance Department, 201 N. Carson Street, Suite 3, Carson City, Nevada 89701.

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#### CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL		
ASSETS			00.004.110		
Cash and investments	\$ 58,478,057	\$ 24,526,062	\$ 83,004,119		
Receivables (net of allowances	2.416.710	2.005.007	5 401 717		
for uncollectibles)	2,416,710	3,005,007	5,421,717		
Due from other governments	13,203,437	2,362,643	15,566,080		
Due from component units	262,636	-	262,636		
Due from primary government	106 500	(10.6.520)	-		
Internal balances	196,530	(196,530)	205 251		
Inventories	91,512	303,839	395,351		
Prepaids	597,112	17,570	614,682		
Restricted assets:	1 000 005	2.015.266	2.010.171		
Cash and investments	1,003,905	2,915,266	3,919,171		
Other assets	1,048,435	459,119	1,507,554		
Capital assets (net of					
accumulated depreciation):		0.076.040	22 205 250		
Land	29,208,402	3,076,948	32,285,350		
Construction in progress - infrastructure	2,851,150	-	2,851,150		
Construction in progress	11,144,673	14,296,881	25,441,554		
Buildings	47,264,119	9,563,288	56,827,407		
Improvements other than buildings	13,279,985	93,317,291	106,597,276		
Machinery and equipment	10,715,540	4,501,881	15,217,421		
Infrastructure	57,822,754	-	57,822,754		
Water rights	_	8,007,260	8,007,260		
Total Assets	249,584,957	166,156,525	415,741,482		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	5,899,908	1,708,927	7,608,835		
Accrued interest payable	895,943	341,992	1,237,935		
Due to other governments	345,302	165,272	510,574		
Due to component units	153,336	-	153,336		
Due to primary government	· <u>-</u>	-	-		
Unearned revenue	174,999	273,360	448,359		
Other liabilities	5,485,827	15,305	5,501,132		
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets	944,383	173,170	1,117,553		
Noncurrent liabilities:	<i>'</i>	,	, ,		
Due within one year	3,409,080	3,371,174	6,780,254		
Due in more than one year	84,012,813	57,072,163	141,084,976		
Total Liabilities	101,321,591	63,121,363	164,442,954		
NIEW ACCIEVEC					
NET ASSETS	120,602,072	84,123,860	204,725,932		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	120,602,072	04,123,000	204,723,932		
Restricted for:	122.056		123,056		
General government	123,056	-	343,782		
Public safety	343,782	-	262,140		
Judicial	262,140	-	10,798,560		
Public works	10,798,560	-			
Health	155,294	-	155,294		
Culture and recreation	14,016,522	-	14,016,522		
Capital projects	782,794	-	782,794		
Debt service	200,000	-	200,000		
Claims	2,707,754	-	2,707,754		
Emergency replacement	-	2,742,096	2,742,096		
Unrestricted	(1,728,608)	16,169,206	14,440,598		
Total Net Assets	\$ 148,263,366	\$ 103,035,162	\$ 251,298,528		

COMPONI	ENT UNITS
AIRPORT AUTHORITY	CONVENTION AND VISITORS' BUREAU
\$ 737,310	\$ 1,430,167
8,538 400	190,983 42,436
153,336	-
- 8,767	15,212 330
232,613	94,919 -
146,542	<del>-</del>
-	87,618 1,453
64,087	1,453 14,619 -
1 251 502	1 077 727
1,351,593	1,877,737
8,115	73,945 -
-	11,799
249,686 2,468	12,950
-	94,919
15,364 666,877	67,601
942,510	261,214
210,629	103,690
-	1,390
-	-
-	401,234
<del>-</del> -	309,366
198,454	800,843
\$ 409,083	\$ 1,616,523

#### CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

			PROGRAM REVENUES						
			OPERATING	CAPITAL GRANTS AND					
		CHARGES FOR	GRANTS AND						
	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS					
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS									
Primary government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$ 13,329,480	\$ 2,927,954	\$ 1,024,890	\$ -					
Judicial	3,656,007	1,532,800	26,603	-					
Public safety	26,333,209	869,747	1,073,731	24,000					
Public works	7,205,824	351,854	1,728,077	4,280,671					
Community support	552,307	-	179,915	-					
Airport	348,318	-	301,583	10,027,533					
Economic opportunity	485,422	-	234,127	-					
Welfare	2,074,309	-	154,380	-					
Health	2,736,463	196,846	1,155,330	-					
Culture and recreation	8,897,085	1,315,279	251,081	160,458					
Debt Service:									
Interest and fiscal charges	3,844,651	-	-						
Total Governmental Activities	69,463,075	7,194,480	6,129,717	14,492,662					
Business-Type Activities:									
Landfill	2,057,836	3,795,200	-	-					
Ambulance	3,314,417	3,373,632	-	-					
Sewer	7,751,960	5,084,414	-	3,670,871					
Water	9,143,663	7,593,208	-	2,791,376					
Cemetery	201,439	150,912	-	-					
Building Permits	1,724,380	1,487,738	-	-					
Stormwater Drainage	860,866	1,007,484	da.						
Total Business-Type Activities	25,054,561	22,492,588		6,462,247					
Total Primary Government	\$ 94,517,636	\$ 29,687,068	\$ 6,129,717	\$ 20,954,909					
Component units:									
Airport Authority	\$ 895,717	\$ 229,826	\$ 155,653	\$ -					
Convention and Visitors' Bureau	1,430,062	27,358	42,436						
Total Component Units	\$ 2,325,779	\$ 257,184	\$ 198,089	\$ -					

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Consolidated tax

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

Room taxes

Motor vehicle fuel tax

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment income

Miscellaneous revenue

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

NET ASSETS, JULY 1, as Previously Reported Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle

NET ASSETS, JULY 1, as Adjusted

NET ASSETS, JUNE 30

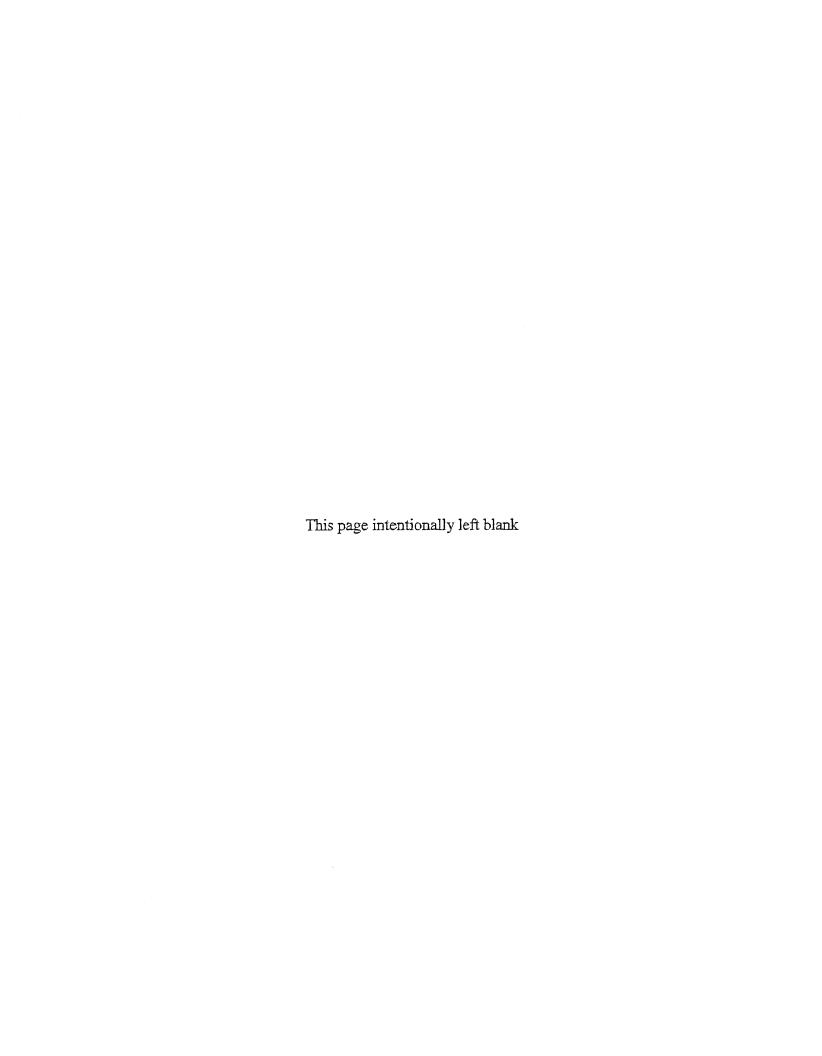
,	XPENSE) REVENUE A ANGES IN NET ASSETS		COMPONE
ENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE	TOTAL	AIRPORT
IES	ACTIVITIES		AUTHORITY

,	XPENSE) REVENUE ANGES IN NET ASSE		COMPON	ENT UNITS
	DATED IF OR THE		AIDDODT	CONVENTION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	AIRPORT AUTHORITY	AND VISITORS' BUREAU
\$ (9,376,636)	\$ -	\$ (9,376,636)	\$ -	\$ -
(2,096,604)	-	(2,096,604)	-	-
(24,365,731)	-	(24,365,731)	-	-
(845,222)	-	(845,222)	-	-
(372,392)	-	(372,392)	-	-
9,980,798	-	9,980,798	-	-
(251,295)	-	(251,295)	-	-
(1,919,929)	-	(1,919,929) (1,384,287)	-	-
(1,384,287) (7,170,267)	-	(7,170,267)	_	
(3,844,651)		(3,844,651)	-	-
(41,646,216)		(41,646,216)		-
-	1,737,364	1,737,364	-	-
-	59,215	59,215	-	-
-	1,003,325	1,003,325	-	-
-	1,240,921	1,240,921		-
-	(50,527)	(50,527)	-	-
-	(236,642)	(236,642)	-	-
	146,618	146,618		
-	3,900,274	3,900,274		-
(41,646,216)	3,900,274	(37,745,942)	-	_
-	-	-	(510,238)	-
_	_	un		(1,360,268)
-		-	(510,238)	(1,360,268)
16,538,908		16,538,908	106,927	
6,097,893	-	6,097,893	100,727	_
25,944,779	_	25,944,779	<b>4</b>	-
4,619,984	_	4,619,984	_	-
361,818	_	361,818	-	-
-	_	<u>-</u>	-	1,419,192
5,274,176	-	5,274,176	-	-
687		687	-	-
3,530,584	1,319,813	4,850,397	25,772	71,928
246,304	-	246,304	-	-
(746,617)	746,617	<u>-</u>	-	
61,868,516	2,066,430	63,934,946	132,699	1,491,120
20,222,300	5,966,704	26,189,004	(377,539)	130,852
87,330,313 40,710,753	97,068,458	184,398,771 40,710,753	786,622	1,485,671
	97,068,458	225,109,524	786,622	1,485,671
128,041,066 \$ 148,263,366		\$ 251,298,528	\$ 409,083	\$ 1,616,523
\$ 148,263,366	\$ 103,035,162	o 231,298,328	φ <del>4</del> 09,063	φ 1,010,323

#### CARSON CITY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

		GENERAL		QUALITY OF LIFE		AIRPORT
ASSETS		<b>-</b>		17.000.000	0	0.000
Cash and investments	\$	7,550,523	\$	17,368,338	\$	2,377
Receivables (net of allowances						
for uncollectibles):						
Taxes, delinquent		145,428		-		-
Accounts receivable		1,118,261		26,122		-
Interest		695,975		-		-
Due from other funds		-				-
Due from other governments		5,158,877		460,770		4,791,235
Due from component units		12,950		-		249,686
Inventories		2,753		-		-
Prepaid items		48,646		-		-
Restricted assets:						
Cash and investments		980,165		-		-
Total Assets	\$	15,713,578	\$	17,855,230	\$	5,043,298
A LADIH BURDO ANID EN IND DAL ANIOEG						
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	588,194	\$	55,445	\$	-
Accrued salaries and benefits		1,957,537		5,927		-
Payable from restricted assets		920,643		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Due to other governments		182,621		5,228		-
Due to component units		106,128		-		47,208
Other liabilities		185,463		-		4,705,000
Deferred revenue		86,266		-		288,713
Unearned revenue		12,006		-		2,377_
Total Liabilities		4,038,858		66,600		5,043,298
Fund balances:		2.752				
Reserved for inventory		2,753		-		-
Reserved for gifts and donations		317,767		-		-
Reserved for administrative		110 614				
assessments		119,614		-		-
Reserved for courts		229,527		-		-
Reserved for technology		74,695 48,646		-		_
Reserved for prepaid items		48,040		-		-
Unreserved, reported in:						
General fund:						
Designated for subsequent		5 00 5 50 A				
year's expenditures		5,385,581		-		-
Undesignated		5,496,137		-		-
Special revenue funds:						
Designated for subsequent				229 472		
year's expenditures		-		328,472		-
Undesignated		-		17,460,158		-
Debt service funds:						
Designated for subsequent						
year's expenditures		-		-		-
Undesignated		-		-		-
Capital projects funds:						
Designated for subsequent						
year's expenditures		-		-		-
Undesignated		_		_		
Total Fund Balances		11,674,720	•	17,788,630		-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	15,713,578	\$	17,855,230	\$	5,043,298
	100					

OTHER GOVERNMENTA FUNDS	L G	TOTAL OVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$ 28,295,344	4 \$	53,216,582
33,75: 34,85: 91,28: 2,776,36'	5 4	179,181 1,179,238 695,975 91,284 13,187,249 262,636
12,95	3	2,753 61,599
23,74	<u> </u>	1,003,905
\$ 31,268,29	<u> </u>	69,880,402
\$ 2,534,19 67,30	4	3,177,837 2,030,768
23,74 91,28 157,45	4	944,383 91,284 345,302 153,336
19,32	1	4,890,463 394,303
160,06		174,452
3,053,37	2	12,202,128
-		2,753 317,767
-		119,614 229,527
12,95	3	74,695 61,599
		5,385,581 5,496,137
4,866,69 14,808,43		5,195,162 32,268,590
1,143,53 37,44		1,143,535 37,444
100,35		100,358
7,245,51		7,245,512
28,214,92		57,678,274
\$ 31,268,29	6 5	69,880,402



# CARSON CITY, NEVADA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (pages 4-5) are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Governmental capital assets \$ 220,245,972 (47,981,024)  Less: Accumulated depreciation (47,981,024)  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  General obligation revenue bonds payable (5,140,000)  Rose payable (4,399,013)  Revenue bonds payable (5,140,000)  Loss on bond refunding 987,807  Less: current year amortization (102,448)  Issuance discount 188,372  Less: current year amortization (100,448)  Issuance permium (570,455)  Less: current year amortization 29,421  Deferred charge for issuance costs 1,107,035  Less: current year amortization (58,600)  Capital leases payable (120,447)  Compensated absences (3,518,569)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. 196,530  Net Assets - Governmental Activities (pages 4-5)	Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (pages 8-9)	\$	57,678,274
of net assets (pages 4-5) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Governmental capital assets  Less: Accumulated depreciation  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  General obligation revenue bonds payable  Revenue bonds payable  Loss on bond refunding  Less: current year amortization  Capital leases payable  Capital leases payable  (120,447)  Compensated absences  Deferred drayen costs  Interest payable  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  Jess: of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  Jess: of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Governmental capital assets \$220,245,972 (47,981,024) Less: Accumulated depreciation (172,264,948)  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  General obligation revenue bonds payable (74,574,351) Notes payable (4,399,013) Revenue bonds payable (5,140,000) Loss on bond refunding 987,807 Less: current year amortization (102,448) Issuance discount (100,443) Issuance premium (570,455) Less: current year amortization (570,455) Less: current year amortization (570,455) Less: current year amortization (58,600) Capital leases payable (120,447) Compensated absences (85,943)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.			
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Governmental capital assets \$220,245,972 Less: Accumulated depreciation (47,981,024)  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  General obligation revenue bonds payable (4,399,013) Revenue bonds payable (5,140,000) Loss on bond refunding 987,807 Less: current year amortization (10,448) Issuance discount 1888,372 Less: current year amortization (10,003) Issuance premium (570,455) Less: current year amortization 29,21 Deferred charge for issuance costs 1,107,035 Less: current year amortization (58,600) Capital leases payable (120,447) Compensated absences (3,518,569)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. 4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities. 4,806,545			
in the governmental funds. Governmental capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  General obligation revenue bonds payable Notes payable Revenue bonds payable Loss on bond refunding Less: current year amortization Issuance discount Less: current year amortization Less: current year amo	•		
Governmental capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation  Less: Accumulated depreciation  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  General obligation revenue bonds payable Notes payable Notes payable Notes payable Loss on bond refunding Revenue bonds payable Loss on bond refunding Susuance discount Less: current year amortization Issuance premium Less: current year amortization Susuance premium (570,455) Less: current year amortization (88,600) Capital leases payable (89,541)  Interest payable Restance (86,181,291)  Interest payable Less: current year amortization Available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.			
Less: Accumulated depreciation (47,981,024)  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  General obligation revenue bonds payable (4,399,013) Revenue bonds payable (5,140,000) Loss on bond refunding 987,807 Less: current year amortization (102,448) Issuance discount 188,372 Less: current year amortization (10,043) Issuance premium (570,455) Less: current year amortization 29,421 Deferred charge for issuance costs 1,107,035 Less: current year amortization (58,600) Capital leases payable (120,447) Compensated absences (3,518,569)  Interest payable (895,943)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. 196,330		2	
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  General obligation revenue bonds payable (74,574,351)  Notes payable (4,399,013)  Revenue bonds payable (5,140,000)  Loss on bond refunding 987,807  Less: current year amortization (102,448)  Issuance discount 188,372  Less: current year amortization (10,043)  Issuance premium (570,455)  Less: current year amortization 29,421  Deferred charge for issuance costs 1,107,035  Less: current year amortization (58,600)  Capital leases payable (120,447)  Compensated absences (35,185,669)  Interest payable (895,943)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. 4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities. 196,530		<u>4)</u>	
and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  General obligation revenue bonds payable (74,574,351)  Notes payable (4,399,013)  Revenue bonds payable (5,140,000)  Loss on bond refunding 987,807  Less: current year amortization (102,448)  Issuance discount 188,372  Less: current year amortization (10,043)  Issuance premium (570,455)  Less: current year amortization 29,421  Deferred charge for issuance costs 1,107,035  Less: current year amortization (58,600)  Capital leases payable (120,447)  Compensated absences (3,518,569)  Interest payable (895,943)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. 394,303  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. 4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities. 196,530			172,264,948
not reported in the governmental funds.  General obligation revenue bonds payable Notes payable Revenue bonds payable Loss on bond refunding Loss on bond refunding Sevenue bonds payable Loss current year amortization Sevenue bonds payable Sevenue permium Sevenue permium Sevenue payable Sevenue pay	Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due		
General obligation revenue bonds payable Notes payable Revenue bonds payable Loss on bond refunding Less: current year amortization Less: current year amortization Less: current year amortization Susuance discount Less: current year amortization (10,2448) Issuance premium (570,455) Less: current year amortization Less: current year amortization (570,455) Less: current year amortization (58,600) Capital leases payable (120,447) Compensated absences (3,518,569)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.	and payable in the current period and, therefore, are		
Notes payable Revenue bonds payable Loss on bond refunding Less: current year amortization Issuance discount Less: current year amortization Issuance premium Less: current year amortization Issuance premium South Susuance premium South Susuance premium South	not reported in the governmental funds.		
Revenue bonds payable Loss on bond refunding Loss on bond refunding Less: current year amortization Less: current year amortization Less: current year amortization (102,448) Issuance discount Less: current year amortization (10,043) Issuance premium (570,455) Less: current year amortization 29,421 Deferred charge for issuance costs 1,107,035 Less: current year amortization (58,600) Capital leases payable (120,447) Compensated absences (3,518,569)  Interest payable (895,943)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.	General obligation revenue bonds payable (74,574,35	1)	
Loss on bond refunding Less: current year amortization Less: current year amortization Issuance discount Less: current year amortization (10,043) Issuance premium (570,455) Less: current year amortization 29,421 Deferred charge for issuance costs 1,107,035 Less: current year amortization (58,600) Capital leases payable (120,447) Compensated absences (3,518,569)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
Less: current year amortization Issuance discount Less: current year amortization (10,043) Issuance premium (570,455) Less: current year amortization 188,372 Less: current year amortization 199,421 Deferred charge for issuance costs 1,107,035 Less: current year amortization (58,600) Capital leases payable (120,447) Compensated absences (3,518,569)  Interest payable (895,943)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities. 196,530	Revenue bonds payable (5,140,00	0)	
Issuance discount Less: current year amortization Issuance premium (570,455) Less: current year amortization Less: current year amortization Less: current year amortization 29,421 Deferred charge for issuance costs 1,107,035 Less: current year amortization (58,600) Capital leases payable (120,447) Compensated absences (3,518,569)  Interest payable (895,943)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.  196,530	Loss on bond refunding 987,80	7	
Less: current year amortization (10,043) Issuance premium (570,455) Less: current year amortization 29,421 Deferred charge for issuance costs 1,107,035 Less: current year amortization (58,600) Capital leases payable (120,447) Compensated absences (3,518,569)  Interest payable (86,181,291)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. 394,303  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. 4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities. 196,530			
Issuance premium (570,455) Less: current year amortization 29,421 Deferred charge for issuance costs 1,107,035 Less: current year amortization (58,600) Capital leases payable (120,447) Compensated absences (3,518,569)  Interest payable (895,943)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. (394,303)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. (4,806,545)  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities. (196,530)			
Less: current year amortization  Deferred charge for issuance costs  Less: current year amortization  Capital leases payable  Compensated absences  (120,447)  Compensated absences  (3,518,569)  Interest payable  (895,943)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.  196,530	— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Deferred charge for issuance costs Less: current year amortization Capital leases payable Compensated absences (120,447) Compensated absences (3,518,569)  Interest payable (895,943)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.  196,530			
Less: current year amortization Capital leases payable Compensated absences (120,447) Compensated absences (3,518,569)  Interest payable (881,1,291)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.  196,530			
Capital leases payable Compensated absences  (120,447) (3,518,569)  (186,181,291)  Interest payable  (895,943)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  394,303  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.			
Compensated absences  (3,518,569)  Interest payable  (895,943)  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  394,303  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.			
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Interest payable  Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  394,303  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.  196,530	Compensated absences (3,518,56	<u>9)</u>	
Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.  196,530			(86,181,291)
available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.  196,530	Interest payable		(895,943)
are not reported in the governmental funds.  394,303  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.  196,530	Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not		
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.  196,530			
the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.  196,530	are not reported in the governmental funds.		394,303
assets of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.  196,530	Internal service funds are used by management to charge		
with governmental activities. 4,806,545  Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities. 196,530	the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net		
Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.  196,530	assets of the internal service funds are reported		
The Market and Telephone Month address Appendix	with governmental activities.		4,806,545
Net Assets - Governmental Activities (pages 4-5)  \$ 148,263,366	Internal balances are receivable from business-type activities.	_	196,530
	Net Assets - Governmental Activities (pages 4-5)	\$	148,263,366

#### CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	(	GENERAL	 QUALITY OF LIFE	 AIRPORT
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Fines and forfeits Miscellaneous	\$	12,492,864 6,183,388 26,612,979 7,868,594 825,900 1,564,918	\$ 2,444,405 - 152,682 - - 993,102	\$ 10,034,403
Total Revenues		55,548,643	 3,590,189	 10,034,403
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Judicial Public works Health Welfare Culture and recreation Community support Airport Economic opportunity Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges  Total Expenditures		13,120,595 23,786,322 3,547,132 3,032,079 1,492,098 336,854 6,244,911 566,796 - 236,465	1,820,707	10,034,403
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		3,185,391	 1,769,482	 -
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital leases Transfers in Transfers out		55,770 461,219 (2,926,523)	- (1,158,889)	 - - -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,409,534)	 (1,158,889)	 
Net Change in Fund Balances		775,857	610,593	-
Fund Balances, July 1		10,898,863	17,178,037	 -
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	11,674,720	\$ 17,788,630	\$ 

GOVERN	HER NMENTAL NDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	11,712,181	\$ 26,649,450
	6,487,094	6,183,388 43,287,158
	548,625 75,504	8,417,219 901,404
	1,853,375	4,411,395
	1,833,373	7,711,373
	20,676,779	89,850,014
	1,917,401	15,037,996
	2,169,699	25,956,021
	105,113	3,652,245
	8,933,651	11,965,730
	1,178,796	2,670,894
	1,737,047	2,073,901
	1,398,740	9,464,358
	63,806	630,602
	-	10,034,403
	328,627	565,092
	9,039,514	9,039,514
	3,056,246	3,056,246
	3,764,874	3,764,874
	33,693,514	97,911,876
(	13,016,735)	(8,061,862)
		55,770
	7,275,429	7,736,648
	(3,739,436)	(7,824,848)
	3,535,993	(32,430)
	(9,480,742)	(8,094,292)
	37,695,666	65,772,566
\$	28,214,924	\$ 57,678,274

# CARSON CITY, NEVADA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (page 11-12)		\$	(8,094,292)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement			
of activities (pages 6-7) are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures and			
the proceeds from the sale of assets as other financing			
sources. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of			
those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives			
and only the gain or loss is recorded when assets are sold.			
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 24,559,681		
Contributions of capital assets from business-type activities	14,500		
Donated capital assets	4,300,622		
Transfers of capital assets to business-type activities	(28,380)		
Sale/disposition of assets	(828,755)		
Less: Current year depreciation	(3,467,727)		
			24,549,941
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide			
current financial resources are not reported as revenues			
in governmental funds.			
Change in deferred revenue			281,822
Bond and note proceeds and capital leases provide current financial			
resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt			
increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net			
assets. Repayment of bond and note principal and capital leases is an			
expenditure in the governmental funds, but the			
repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement			
of net assets. This is the amount by which bonds and notes			
issued and capital lease financing exceeded repayments and costs of issuance.	(55.770)		
Capital lease financing	(55,770)		
Accrued interest	(895,943)		
Capital lease payments	22,100 622,491		
Interest payments			
Principal payments	3,056,246		2,749,124
a section the effectivities do			2,749,124
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do			
not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in			
governmental funds.  Amortization of loss on bond refunding	(102,448)		
Amortization of issuance costs	(58,600)		
Amortization of issuance costs  Amortization of bond discounts	(10,043)		
Amortization of bond unscounts  Amortization of bond premiums	29,421		
Change in long-term compensated absences	(10,648)		
Change in fong-term compensated absences	(20,000)		(152,318)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge			. , ,
the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net			
income of the internal service funds is reported with			
governmental activities.			888,023
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (pages 6-7)		\$	20,222,300
(F. O		-	

#### CARSON CITY GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		A CITI LA I	VARIANCE WITH
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	FINAL BUDGET
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 11,796,000	\$ 11,833,200	\$ 12,492,864	\$ 659,664
Licenses and permits	6,240,500	6,240,500	6,183,388	(57,112) (1,810,436)
Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	28,347,000 7,921,612	28,423,415 8,130,880	26,612,979 7,868,594	(262,286)
Fines and forfeits	878,000	878,000	825,900	(52,100)
Miscellaneous	945,000	1,293,551	1,564,918	271,367
Total Revenues	56,128,112	56,799,546	55,548,643	(1,250,903)
Expenditures:				
Current: General government	13,706,291	13,593,741	13,120,595	473,146
Public safety	23,866,462	24,079,190	23,786,322	292,868
Judicial	3,432,054	3,719,800	3,547,132	172,668
Public works	3,059,531	3,056,587	3,032,079	24,508
Health	1,347,447	1,539,529	1,492,098	47,431 1
Welfare Culture and recreation	362,994 6,583,012	336,855 6,687,278	336,854 6,244,911	442,367
Community support	404,850	626,645	566,796	59,849
Economic opportunity	240,911	5,127,770	236,465	4,891,305
Total Expenditures	53,003,552	58,767,395	52,363,252	6,404,143
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	3,124,560	(1,967,849)	3,185,391	5,153,240
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				4-22
Capital leases	-	56,068	55,770	(298)
Transfers in Transfers out	210,000 (3,498,997)	291,677 (3,544,997)	461,219 (2,926,523)	169,542 618,474
Contingency	(500,000)	(663,359)	(2,920,323)	663,359
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	(3,788,997)	(3,860,611)	(2,409,534)	1,451,077
Net Change in Fund Balances	(664,437)	(5,828,460)	775,857	6,604,317
Fund Balances, July 1	5,079,437	10,898,863	10,898,863	
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 4,415,000	\$ 5,070,403	\$ 11,674,720	\$ 6,604,317

### CARSON CITY QUALITY OF LIFE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			ACTUAL		VARIANCE WITH		
		RIGINAL		FINAL		MOUNTS	FIN	AL BUDGET
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	2,675,000 - 3,200 100,000	\$	2,675,000 431,627 3,200 222,699	\$	2,444,405 152,682 - 993,102	\$	(230,595) (278,945) (3,200) 770,403
Total Revenues		2,778,200		3,332,526		3,590,189		257,663
Expenditures: Current: Culture and recreation		3,674,975		18,848,251		1,820,707		17,027,544
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(896,775)		(15,515,725)		1,769,482		17,285,207
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out		(1,214,347)		(1,214,347)		(1,158,889)		55,458
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,111,122)		(16,730,072)		610,593		17,340,665
Fund Balances, July 1		2,559,087		17,178,037		17,178,037		
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	447,965	\$	447,965	_\$_	17,788,630	\$	17,340,665

### CARSON CITY AIRPORT FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			OUNTS	ACTUAL		VARIANCE WITH	
	ORIG	INAL		FINAL		MOUNTS		BUDGET
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues	\$			10,034,403	\$	10,034,403	\$	
Expenditures: Current: Airport				10,034,403		10,034,403		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances, July 1				-		_		-
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	-	_\$_	-	\$	_	\$	_

#### CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007 (PAGE 1 OF 2)

	BUSINESS-TYPI	E ACTIVITIES -
	SEWER	WATER
ASSETS Current assets (unrestricted): Cash and investments Receivables: Accounts and contracts, net Due from other governments Inventories Prepaid items	\$ 3,903,201 361,239 1,542,063	\$ 14,157,759 774,895 820,580 282,367 1,315
Total Current Assets (Unrestricted)	5,806,564	16,036,916
Current assets (restricted): Cash and investments	111,560	61,610
Total Current Assets	5,918,124	16,098,526
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and investments	<u>2,742,096</u> 66,145	276,491
Other assets  Capital assets:  Land  Buildings  Improvements other than buildings  Machinery and equipment  Water rights  Construction in progress	757,704 10,298,161 84,362,505 3,619,788 - 7,433,056	446,506 1,589,345 63,145,974 1,917,252 8,007,260 4,099,199
Less: Accumulated depreciation	106,471,214 (39,687,382)	79,205,536 (23,372,028)
Net Capital Assets	66,783,832	55,833,508
Total Noncurrent Assets	69,592,073	56,109,999
Total Assets	75,510,197	72,208,525

	ENTERPRIS				
EN	OTHER ITERPRISE FUNDS	Eì	TOTAL NTERPRISE FUNDS	AC 11	ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES - NTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
\$	6,465,102	\$	24,526,062	\$	5,261,475
	1,868,873		3,005,007		362,316
	· -		2,362,643		16,188
	21,472		303,839		88,759
	16,194		17,570		535,513
	8,371,641		30,215,121		6,264,251
	_		173,170		-
	8,371,641		30,388,291		6,264,251
			2,742,096		_
	116,483		459,119		
	1,872,738		3,076,948		-
	443,842		12,331,348		-
	2,242,733		149,751,212		-
	4,149,041		9,686,081		37,708
	-		8,007,260		-
	2,764,626		14,296,881		-
	11 472 000		107 140 730		37,708
	11,472,980		197,149,730		(16,033)
	(1,326,771)		(64,386,181)		(10,033)
	10,146,209		132,763,549		21,675
	10,262,692		135,964,764		21,675
	18,634,333		166,353,055		6,285,926

### CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007 (PAGE 2 OF 2)

#### BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -

	SEWER	WATER
LIABILITIES	5571510	
Current liabilities payable from unrestricted assets:		
Accounts payable	\$ 220,690	\$ 524,126
Accrued salaries and benefits	34,216	46,899
Accrued interest	183,850	140,080
Due to other governments	841	153,465
Unearned revenue	-	-
Other current liabilities	-	-
Current portion:		
Commitments payable	-	15,305
General obligation bonds and notes		
payable	1,287,471	1,665,000
Total Current Liabilities Payable		
from Unrestricted Assets	1,727,068	2,544,875
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:		
Construction contracts, retained percent	102,372	46,847
Connection deposits	9,188	14,763
Total Current Liabilities Payable		
from Restricted Assets	111,560	61,610
Total Current Liabilities	1,838,628	2,606,485
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Accrued compensated absences	158,502	136,045
Other liabilities	· -	2,522
Closure / post closure care costs	-	-
General obligation bonds and notes payable	15,423,409	33,215,475
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	15,581,911	33,354,042
Total Liabilities	17,420,539	35,960,527
NET ASSETS	10.00 < 5 < 5	20 510 275
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	49,836,567	28,719,365
Restricted for emergency replacement	2,742,096	7 500 600
Unrestricted	5,510,995	7,528,633
Total Net Assets	\$ 58,089,658	\$ 36,247,998

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

Net assets of business - type activities

	ENTERPRIS				
EN	OTHER ITERPRISE FUNDS	E	TOTAL NTERPRISE FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
\$	800,382 82,614 18,062 10,966 273,360	\$	1,545,198 163,729 341,992 165,272 273,360 - 15,305 3,322,471	\$ 673,367 17,936 - - 547 595,364	
	1,555,384		5,827,327	1,287,214	
	-		149,219 23,951	<u>-</u>	
			173,170		
	1,555,384		6,000,497	1,287,214	
	278,211 - 2,518,316		572,758 2,522 2,518,316	129,467 62,700	
	5,388,386		54,027,270	-	
	8,184,913		57,120,866	192,167	
	9,740,297		63,121,363	1,479,381	
	5,567,928 - 3,326,108		84,123,860 2,742,096 16,365,736	21,675 - 4,784,870	
\$	8,894,036		103,231,692	\$ 4,806,545	
		\$	(196,530) 103,035,162		

#### CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	BUSINESS-TYPE	E ACTIVITIES -
	SEWER	WATER
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$ 5,065,655	\$ 7,579,552
Operating Expenses: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Depreciation	1,134,658 395,648 2,927,216 2,499,322	1,290,879 475,318 4,291,395 1,871,094
Total Operating Expenses	6,956,844	7,928,686
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,891,189)	(349,134)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Investment income Intergovernmental revenues Miscellaneous Interest expense Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets Arbitrage rebate Bond issuance costs	434,373 1,541,965 18,759 (692,270) (139,220)	506,216 788,036 13,656 (1,105,130) (118,967) (2,522) (19,129)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	1,158,729	62,160
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(732,460)	(286,974)
Capital Contributions: Capital assets Developers Connection fees	583,092 1,545,814	11,750 851,107 1,140,483
Total Capital Contributions	2,128,906	2,003,340
Transfers In Transfers Out	<u> </u>	
Total Transfers		
Change in Net Assets	1,396,446	1,716,366
Net Assets, July 1	56,693,212	34,531,632

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

Change in net assets of business - type activities

Net Assets, June 30

58,089,658

36,247,998

	ENTERPRIS	E FU	NDS		
ENTI	THER ERPRISE UNDS	TOTAL SE ENTERPRISE FUNDS		A(	ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES - NTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
\$	9,745,016		22,390,223	\$	11,759,540
	2,566,666 1,198,172 3,860,706 365,230		4,992,203 2,069,138 11,079,317 4,735,646		611,505 197,257 10,373,948 3,771
	7,990,774_		22,876,304		11,186,481
-, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1,754,242		(486,081)		573,059
	379,224 		1,319,813 2,330,001 102,365 (2,023,746) (257,697) (2,522) (30,957)		258,874 - 52,528 - 154,107 - -
	216,368		1,437,257		465,509
	1,970,610		951,176		1,038,568
	644,537		656,287 1,434,199 2,686,297		- - -
	644,537		4,776,783		_
	188,200 (100,000)		188,200 (100,000)		-
	88,200		88,200		-
	2,703,347		5,816,159		1,038,568
	6,190,689				3,767,977
\$	8,894,036			\$	4,806,545
			150,545		
		\$	5,966,704		
		*****			

### CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (PAGE 1 OF 2)

	BI	JSINESS.	-TYPE A	CTIVITIES -
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	SE	WER	 WATER
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received for services Cash payments for personnel costs Cash payments for services and supplies Miscellaneous cash received	(1	5,863,692 ,536,517) 2,973,084) 18,759	\$ 7,432,643 (1,789,883) (4,146,005) 13,656
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	1	,372,850	 1,510,411
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer from other funds Transfer to other funds		- -	- -
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		-	 _
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from capital debt Proceeds from sales of capital assets Connection fees Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Bond issuance costs	(4 (1	- 1,545,817 1,378,167) 1,232,544) (713,902) (437) 1,541,965	12,394,100 - 1,140,489 (2,796,035) (4,723,850) (1,155,847) (56,323) 590,169
Subsidy from grant  Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital  and Related Financing Activities		3,237,268)	5,392,703
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income		434,373	 506,216
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(	1,430,045)	7,409,330
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		3,186,902	 6,810,039
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	6,756,857	\$ 14,219,369
Represented by: Current Assets: Cash and investments (unrestricted) Cash and investments (restricted) Noncurrent assets: Cash and investments (restricted)		3,903,201 111,560 2,742,096	\$ 14,157,759 61,610 -
	\$	6,756,857	\$ 14,219,369

ENTERPR	ISE FUNDS	
OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
\$ 9,514,076 (3,779,714) (3,713,694) 69,951	\$ 22,810,411 (7,106,114) (10,832,783) 102,366	\$ 11,168,710 (803,022) (10,694,512) 52,528
2,090,619	4,973,880	(276,296)
188,200 (100,000) 88,200	188,200 (100,000) 88,200	<u>-</u>
-	12,394,100	154,107
(3,820,018) (350,000) (228,636) (479)	2,686,306 (10,994,220) (6,306,394) (2,098,385) (57,239) 2,132,134	
(4,399,133)	(2,243,698)	154,107
379,223	1,319,812	258,874
(1,841,091)	4,138,194	136,685
8,306,193	23,303,134	5,124,790
\$ 6,465,102	\$ 27,441,328	\$ 5,261,475
\$ 6,465,102	\$ 24,526,062 173,170	\$ 5,261,475
\$ 6.465.100	<u>2,742,096</u> \$ 27,441,328	\$ 5,261,475
\$ 6,465,102	\$ 27,441,328	\$ 5,261,475

## CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 (PAGE 2 OF 2)

	BUS	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -		
	<u>s</u>	EWER		WATER
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,891,189)	\$	(349,134)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization expense		2,499,322		1,871,094
Provision for uncollectible accounts		- 18,759		13,656
Nonoperating revenues		10,739		15,050
Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable		(51,713)		(163,100)
Due from other governments		850,575		16,191
Inventories		´-		32,342
Prepaid items		11,515		60
Increase (decrease) in:		,		
Accounts payable		(33,843)		50,677
Accrued salaries and benefits		(4,300)		(741)
Due to other governments		-		62,286
Due to other funds		(23,540)		-
Unearned revenue		-		-
Connection deposits		(825)		25
Accrued compensated absences		(1,911)		(22,945)
Other liabilities		-		-
Closure/post closure care costs				-
Total Adjustments		3,264,039		1,859,545
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Operating Activities		1,372,850	\$	1,510,411
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$	134,013	\$	101,995
Retainage payable on construction of		,		
capital assets		102,372		46,847
Contributed capital assets		-		11,750

ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	AC IN	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
\$ 1,754,242	\$ (486,081)		573,059	
365,230 658,328 69,951	4,735,646 658,328 102,366		3,771 - 52,528	
(907,278) - (14,756) (15,341)	866,766 17,586		(139,644) 40,755 (32,250) (518,042)	
171,873 (2,695) (1,537) (150,000)	60,749		(224,707) (1,187) 26,101	
18,010 - (12,181)	18,010 (800) (37,037)		6,927 (63,607)	
156,773 336,377	5,459,961		(849,355)	
\$ 2,090,619	\$ 4,973,880	\$	(276,296)	
\$ 108,190	\$ 344,198	\$	-	
644,537	149,219 656,287		<del>-</del> -	

#### CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	INVESTMENT TRUST FUND		AGENCY FUNDS		
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Taxes receivable, delinquent Due from other governments Prepaid items	\$	3,639,179	\$	13,456,634 60 164,691 277,655 250	
Total Assets		3,639,179		13,899,290	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other governments Other liabilities		- - -		581,257 13,310,353 7,680	
Total Liabilities		_		13,899,290	
NET ASSETS Held in trust for pool participants	\$	3,639,179	\$	-	

#### CARSON CITY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	INVESTMENT TRUST FUND
ADDITIONS Investment income Capital share transactions: Shares sold	\$ 274,137 5,845,871
Total Additions	6,120,008
DEDUCTIONS Capital share transactions: Shares redeemed Change in Net Assets	5,321,606 798,402
Net Assets, July 1	2,840,777
Net Assets, June 30	\$ 3,639,179