



STAFF REPORT

Report To: Board of Health

Meeting Date: June 1, 2017

Staff Contact: Board of Health Chairperson - Susan Pintar, MD; (Staff contact - Nicki Aaker; naaker@carson.org)

Agenda Title: For Possible Action: Proposal of the Health Officer's Report for approval, with feedback and direction from the Board discussed at the meeting incorporated.

Staff Summary: Provide an update on the Health Officer's engagement in the department and the community including, but not limited to an update on the Pertussis outbreak and Tdap vaccination recommendations. This is an opportunity to formally inform the Board of Health of the Health Officer's role and her current projects. Feedback and direction is requested from the Board regarding the Health Officer's report concerning activities the Health Officer is engaged in both internally and externally for Carson City Health and Human Services (CCHHS).

Agenda Action: Formal Action/Motion

Time Requested: 10 minutes

Proposed Motion

I move to accept the Health Officer's report (with the feedback and direction given by the Board incorporated into this motion, if any).

Board's Strategic Goal

Quality of Life

Previous Action

N/A

Background/Issues & Analysis

N/A

Applicable Statute, Code, Policy, Rule or Regulation

N/A

Financial Information

Is there a fiscal impact? Yes No

If yes, account name/number:

Is it currently budgeted? Yes No

Explanation of Fiscal Impact:

Alternatives

Not to accept the Health Officer's report.

Board Action Taken:

Motion: _____

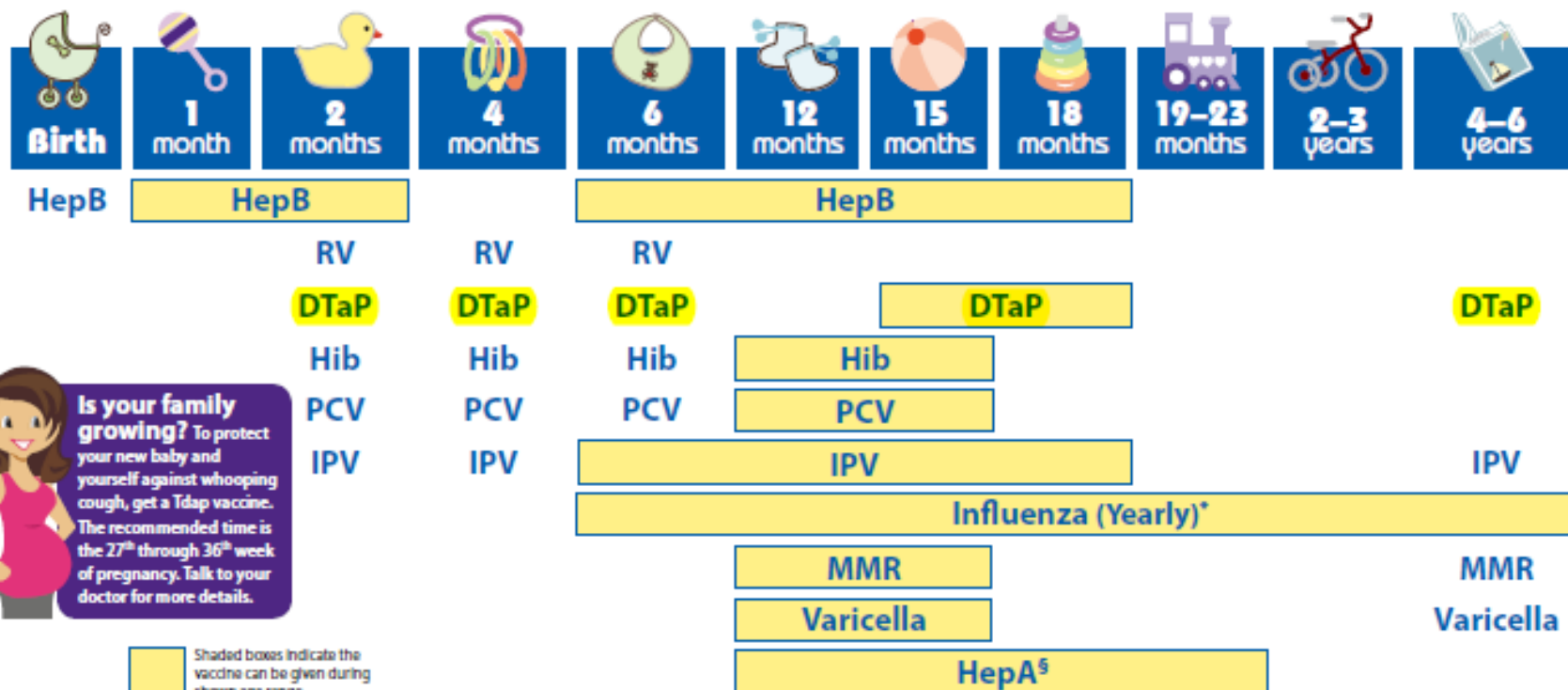
1) _____

2) _____

Aye/Nay

(Vote Recorded By)

2017 Recommended Immunizations for Children from Birth Through 6 Years Old



Is your family growing? To protect your new baby and yourself against whooping cough, get a Tdap vaccine. The recommended time is the 27th through 36th week of pregnancy. Talk to your doctor for more details.

NOTE:

If your child misses a shot, you don't need to start over, just go back to your child's doctor for the next shot. Talk with your child's doctor if you have questions about vaccines.

FOOTNOTES:

- * Two doses given at least four weeks apart are recommended for children aged 6 months through 8 years of age who are getting an influenza (flu) vaccine for the first time and for some other children in this age group.
 - § Two doses of HepA vaccine are needed for lasting protection. The first dose of HepA vaccine should be given between 12 months and 23 months of age. The second dose should be given 6 to 18 months later. HepA vaccination may be given to any child 12 months and older to protect against HepA. Children and adolescents who did not receive the HepA vaccine and are at high-risk, should be vaccinated against HepA.
- If your child has any medical conditions that put him at risk for infection or is traveling outside the United States, talk to your child's doctor about additional vaccines that he may need.

SEE BACK PAGE FOR MORE INFORMATION ON VACCINE-PREVENTABLE DISEASES AND THE VACCINES THAT PREVENT THEM.



For more information, call toll free 1-800-CDC-INFO (1-800-232-4636) or visit www.cdc.gov/vaccines/parents



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention




American Academy of Pediatrics





DEDICATED TO THE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN™


Talk to your child's doctor or nurse about the vaccines recommended for their age.

	Flu <i>Influenza</i>	Tdap Tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis	HPV Human papillomavirus	Meningococcal		Pneumococcal	Hepatitis B	Hepatitis A	Inactivated Polio	MMR Measles, mumps, rubella	Chickenpox <i>Varicella</i>
				MenACWY	MenB						
7-8 Years	Shaded Green	Shaded Orange		Shaded Purple		Shaded Purple	Shaded Orange	Shaded Purple	Shaded Orange	Shaded Orange	Shaded Orange
9-10 Years	Shaded Green	Shaded Orange	Shaded Purple, Shaded Blue	Shaded Purple		Shaded Purple	Shaded Orange	Shaded Purple	Shaded Orange	Shaded Orange	Shaded Orange
11-12 Years	Shaded Green	Shaded Orange	Shaded Green	Shaded Green		Shaded Purple	Shaded Orange	Shaded Purple	Shaded Orange	Shaded Orange	Shaded Orange
13-15 Years	Shaded Green	Shaded Orange	Shaded Orange	Shaded Orange		Shaded Purple	Shaded Orange	Shaded Purple	Shaded Orange	Shaded Orange	Shaded Orange
16-18 Years	Shaded Green	Shaded Orange	Shaded Orange	Shaded Green, Shaded Orange		Shaded Purple	Shaded Orange	Shaded Purple	Shaded Orange	Shaded Orange	Shaded Orange
More Information:	Preteens and teens should get a flu vaccine every year.	Preteens and teens should get one shot of Tdap at age 11 or 12 years.	All 11-12 year olds should get a 2-shot series of HPV vaccine at least 6 months apart. A 3-shot series is needed for those with weakened immune systems and those age 15 or older.	All 11-12 year olds should get a single shot of a quadrivalent meningococcal conjugate vaccine (MenACWY). A booster shot is recommended at age 16.	Teens, 16-18 years old, may be vaccinated with a MenB vaccine.						

 These shaded boxes indicate when the vaccine is recommended for all children unless your doctor tells you that your child cannot safely receive the vaccine.

 These shaded boxes indicate the vaccine should be given if a child is catching-up on missed vaccines.

 These shaded boxes indicate the vaccine is recommended for children with certain health or lifestyle conditions that put them at an increased risk for serious diseases. See vaccine-specific recommendations at www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/ACIP-1st.htm.

 This shaded box indicates the vaccine is recommended for children not at increased risk but who wish to get the vaccine after speaking to a provider.



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

American Academy of Pediatrics
DEDICATED TO THE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN™



AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FAMILY PHYSICIANS
STRONG NETWORK FOR AMERICA

If you are this age, talk to your healthcare professional about these vaccines

If you are this age,	Flu <i>Influenza</i>	Td/Tdap Tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis	Shingles <i>Zoster</i>	Pneumococcal		Meningococcal		MMR Measles, mumps, rubella	HPV <i>Human papillomavirus</i>		Chickenpox <i>Varicella</i>	Hepatitis A	Hepatitis B	Hib <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b
				PCV13	PPSV23	MenACWY or MPSV4	MenB		for women	for men				
19 - 21 years	Green	Green	White	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Blue	Green	Blue	Blue	Blue
22 - 26 years	Green	Green	White	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Blue	Green	Blue	Blue	Blue
27 - 59 years	Green	Green	White	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	White	White	Green	Blue	Blue	Blue
60 - 64 years	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	White	White	White	Green	Blue	Blue	Blue
65+ year	Green	Green	White	Green	Green	Green	Green	White	White	White	Green	Blue	Blue	Blue

More Information:

You should get flu vaccine every year.

You should get a Td booster every 10 years. You also need 1 dose of Tdap. Women should get a Tdap vaccine during every pregnancy to help protect the baby.

You should get shingles vaccine even if you have had shingles before.

You should get 1 dose of PCV13 and at least 1 dose of PPSV23 depending on your age and health condition.

You should get this vaccine if you did not get it when you were a child.

You should get HPV vaccine if you are a woman through age 26 years or a man through age 21 years and did not already complete the series.



Recommended For You: This vaccine is recommended for you *unless* your healthcare professional tells you that you do not need it or should not get it.



May Be Recommended For You: This vaccine is recommended for you if you have certain risk factors due to your health condition or other. Talk to your healthcare professional to see if you need this vaccine.

If you are traveling outside the United States, you may need additional vaccines.

Ask your healthcare professional about which vaccines you may need at least 6 weeks before you travel.

For more information, call 1-800-CDC-INFO (1-800-232-4636) or visit www.cdc.gov/vaccines



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention