



STAFF REPORT

Report To: Board of Supervisors **Meeting Date:** January 21, 2021

Staff Contact: Jennifer Budge, CPRP, Parks and Recreation Director

Agenda Title: For Possible Action: Discussion and possible action regarding a grant in the amount of \$112,013.37 from the Nevada Department of Wildlife ("NDOW") Subgrant Award #SG21-08, which requires a cash match by the City in the amount of \$12,445.93, to fund improvements to the Carson City Rifle and Pistol Range, and authorization for the Director of the Department of Parks, Recreation and Open Space to sign the subgrant award and all subsequent grant documents related to the project on behalf of the City. (Jennifer Budge, jbudget@carson.org)

Staff Summary: This grant, if accepted, would provide a reimbursable grant from NDOW for improvements to the Carson City Rifle and Pistol Range. Improvements will include an automated pay kiosk, security cameras, target frames, third-party design services for utilities and safety enhancements, and site amenities. The required cash match is available from the City's Quality of Life Fund, Capital Department, Undesignated Account.

Agenda Action: Formal Action / Motion **Time Requested:** 10 minutes

Proposed Motion

I move to authorize acceptance of the grant as presented and to authorize the Parks, Recreation and Open Space Director to sign grant documents related to the project.

Board's Strategic Goal

Safety

Previous Action

N/A

Background/Issues & Analysis

The Carson City Rifle and Pistol Range is located on the east side of Carson City, adjacent to the City's landfill. In response to reports of errant bullets landing in the landfill, Carson City retained two independent range evaluation reports from the National Rifle Association ("NRA") and Tactical Services Group, which recommended physical and operational improvements at the facility. In the past two years, the City has made significant efforts to implement the improvements outlined in the reports to ensure compliance with NRA standards, while improving service to the public. The Carson City Range Task Force, a citizen's committee appointed by the Board of Supervisors, also identified priorities for future improvements, as outlined in the reports.

Grant funds for shooting range development are available due to the creation of the 1937 Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, also known as the Pittman-Robertson Act, which authorized excise tax revenue from the sale of firearms and ammunition products be apportioned to State Fish and Game Agencies for a variety of projects

related to wildlife, conservation efforts and shooting programs. Locally, these funds are administered through NDOW.

The grant, if approved, will include the following:

- Purchase and installation of project supplies and materials: Automated kiosk with arm; security cameras; and target frames
- Contractual services: Design of an eyebrow and baffle system for the long range; electrical design and installation of utilities for the automated kiosk; and shade structure treatment and structural improvements.
- Equipment purchase and shipping (City to install): 12' picnic tables for shooting bays; shooting benches; and trash receptacles.

These projects were identified in the range evaluation reports and by the Range Task Force. The grant is reimbursable and the grant agreement expires June 30, 2021.

In addition to the grant funds and the Quality of Life Fund match, \$35,000 is budgeted in the Capital Projects Fund for FY21. These funds will cover the costs of design and construction to provide power to the kiosk as well as other areas of the range.

Attachments:

- NDOW Notice of Subgrant Award SG21-08
- NDOW Grant Procedure Manual

Applicable Statute, Code, Policy, Rule or Regulation

N/A

Financial Information

Is there a fiscal impact? Yes

If yes, account name/number: Carson City Rifle and Pistol Range kiosk and improvements

Project No. G504621001

Quality of Life Fund: 2545046-507010 - \$12,445.93

Is it currently budgeted? No

Explanation of Fiscal Impact: The proposed project budget is outlined on page 9 of the grant application as part of the Notice of Subgrant Award SG21-08. Finance will augment both revenues and expenses of the 254 Fund for the Grant, and if approved, \$12,445.93 from the City's Quality of Life Capital Fund, undesignated account will be utilized as a cash match contribution toward the grant.

Alternatives

Do not accept the subgrant and provide alternate direction to staff.

Attachments:

[SG21-08 NDOW Grant Award.pdf](#)

[NDOW Grants Procedure Manual.pdf](#)

Board Action Taken:

Motion: _____

1) _____

Aye/Nay

2) _____

(Vote Recorded By)

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE
NOTICE OF SUBGRANT AWARD # SG21-08
Carson City Rifle and Pistol Range

Period of performance	Federal Award Project Description:	Federal Award #:	CFDA#:	Dollar Amount:	Accounting Code:	Budget Account	GL
07/01/20-06/30/21	Marksmanship (W-54)	F20AF11241	15.611	\$112,013.37	0552-01	4462-16	8795

Nevada Department of Wildlife Duns #: 165111840 Federal Awarding Agency Name : United States Department of the Interior Fish and Wildlife Service CFDA Name: 15.611 – Wildlife Restoration and Basic Hunter Education Program Manager: Aaron Keller		Subgrantee Name (must match registered DUNS name): Carson City, City of Fiscal Manager: Jennifer Budge													
NDOW Address: 6980 Sierra Center Parkway, Suite 120 Reno, Nevada 89511-2209 Phone: (775) 688-1555 Email: akeller@ndow.org		Address: 201 N. Carson St, Ste 5 Carson City, NV 89701-4289 Remittance Address: 3303 Butti Way Bldg 9 Carson City, NV 89701 Phone: (775) 283-7345 Email: jbudge@carson.org													
Subgrant Period: Beginning Date: July 1, 2020 Ending Date: June 30, 2021		Subgrantee EIN / Tax ID#: 88-6000189 Payee Vendor#: T80990941L Subgrantee Duns #: 073787152													
Purpose of Award: The purpose of this award is to improve on the overall safety and image of the shooting range. The Carson City Rifle and Pistol Range is in need of fire prevention efforts to reduce the chance of wildfire and ricochets. The design efforts will plan for future enhancements. The picnic tables, shooting benches, bench seating and trash receptacles will accommodate users. In addition, the kiosk, security cameras and target frames will help the range users understand clear shooting lanes and overall safety.															
Region(s) to be served: () Statewide (X) Specific county or counties: Carson City Is this award pertaining to R&D: () Yes (X) No															
Approved Budget Categories: <table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Project</th> <th>NDOW Reimbursement</th> <th>City of Carson City Match</th> <th>Total Costs</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Contractual</td> <td>\$112,013.37</td> <td>\$12,445.93</td> <td>\$124,459.30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Grand Totals</td> <td>\$112,013.37</td> <td>\$12,445.93</td> <td>\$124,459.30</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Project	NDOW Reimbursement	City of Carson City Match	Total Costs	Contractual	\$112,013.37	\$12,445.93	\$124,459.30	Grand Totals	\$112,013.37	\$12,445.93	\$124,459.30
Project	NDOW Reimbursement	City of Carson City Match	Total Costs												
Contractual	\$112,013.37	\$12,445.93	\$124,459.30												
Grand Totals	\$112,013.37	\$12,445.93	\$124,459.30												
Indirect Cost Rate (F&A) 0%															
NICRA or F&A Reduction Waiver on file? () Yes (X) No															
Disbursement of funds will be as follows: Payment will be made upon receipt and acceptance of an invoice and supporting documentation specifically requesting reimbursement for actual expenditures <i>specific to this Subgrant</i> . Total reimbursement will not exceed \$112,013.37 during the Subgrant period. Carryover of funding from year to year is not permitted.															
Terms and Conditions In accepting these grant funds, it is understood that: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Expenditures must comply with appropriate state and/or federal regulations. This award is subject to the availability of appropriate funds. Recipient of these funds agrees to stipulations listed in Sections A, B, C and D (if applicable) of this Subgrant award. 															

Section A Assurances

As a condition of receiving subgranted funds from the Nevada Department of Wildlife, the Subgrantee agrees to the following conditions:

1. Subgrantee agrees grant funds may not be used for other than the awarded purpose. In the event Subgrantee expenditures do not comply with this condition, that portion not in compliance must be refunded to the Nevada Department of Wildlife.
2. Subgrantee agrees to submit reimbursement requests for only expenditures approved in the spending plan (Section C). Any additional expenditures beyond what is allowable based on approved categorical budget amounts, without prior written approval by the Nevada Department of Wildlife and/or by a subgrant amendment, may result in denial of reimbursement.
3. Approval of Subgrant budget by the Nevada Department of Wildlife constitutes prior approval for the expenditure of funds for specified purposes included in this budget. Unless otherwise stated in the Scope of Work the transfer of funds between budgeted categories without written prior approval from the Nevada Department of Wildlife is not allowed under the terms of this Subgrant. Requests to revise approved budgeted amounts must be made in writing and provide sufficient narrative detail to determine justification.
4. Recipients of Subgrants are required to maintain Subgrant accounting records, identifiable and trackable by Subgrant number. Such records shall be maintained in accordance with the following:
 - a. Records may be destroyed not less than three years (unless otherwise stipulated) after the final report has been submitted if written approval has been requested and received from the Administrative Services Officer II of the Nevada Department of Wildlife. Records may be destroyed by the Subgrantee five (5) calendar years after the final financial and narrative reports have been submitted to the Nevada Department of Wildlife.
 - b. In all cases an overriding requirement exists to retain records until resolution of any audit questions relating to individual Subgrants.

Subgrant accounting records are considered to be all records relating to the expenditure and reimbursement of funds awarded under this Subgrant award. Records required for retention include all accounting records and related original and supporting documents that substantiate costs charged to the Subgrant activity.

5. Subgrantee agrees to disclose any existing or potential conflicts of interest relative to the performance of services resulting from this Subgrant award. The Nevada Department of Wildlife reserves the right to disqualify any grantee on the grounds of actual or apparent conflict of interest. Subgrantees are responsible for notifying the Nevada Department of Wildlife in writing of any actual or potential conflicts of interest that may arise during the life of this award. Conflicts of interest include any relationship or matter which might place the Subgrantee, the Subgrantee's employees, or the Subgrantee's subrecipients in a position of conflict, real or apparent, between their responsibilities under this award and any other outside interests. Conflicts of interest may also include, but are not limited to, direct or indirect financial interests, close personal relationships, positions of trust in outside organizations, consideration of future employment arrangements with a different

organization, or decision-making affecting the award that would cause a reasonable person with knowledge of the relevant facts to question the impartiality of the Subgrantee, the Subgrantee's employees, or the Subgrantee's subrecipients in the matter. Upon receipt of such a notice, the Nevada Department of Wildlife will consult to determine if a conflict of interest exists and, if so, if there are any possible actions to be taken by the Subgrantee, the Subgrantee's employee(s), or the Subgrantee's subrecipient(s) that could reduce or resolve the conflict. Failure to resolve conflicts of interest in a manner that satisfies the Nevada Department of Wildlife may result in any of the remedies described in 2 CFR 200.338, Remedies for Noncompliance, including termination of this award. Any attempt to intentionally or unintentionally conceal or obfuscate a conflict of interest will automatically result in the disqualification of funding.

6. Subgrantee shall comply with the requirements of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, P.L. 93- 112, as amended, and any relevant program-specific regulations, and shall not discriminate against any employee or offeror for employment because of race, national origin, creed, color, sex, religion, age, disability or handicap condition (including AIDS and AIDS-related conditions.)
7. Subgrantee agrees to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (P.L. 101-136), 42 U.S.C. 12101, as amended, and regulations adopted thereunder contained in 28 CFR 26.101-36.999 inclusive, and any relevant program-specific regulations.
8. Subgrantee certifies, by signing this Subgrant, that neither it nor its principals are presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any federal department or agency. This certification is made pursuant to regulations implementing Executive Order 12549 (3 CFR Part 1986 Comp., p. 189), Executive Order 12689 (3 CFR Part 1989 Comp., P. 235) and 2 CFR Part 1400, Government-wide Debarment and Suspension. This provision shall be required of every Subgrantee receiving any payment in whole or in part from federal funds.
9. Subgrantee agrees, whether expressly prohibited by federal, state, or local law, or otherwise, that no funding associated with this Subgrant will be used for any purpose associated with or related to lobbying or influencing or attempting to lobby or influence for any purpose the following:
 - a. any federal, state, county or local agency, legislature, commission, council, or board;
 - b. any federal, state, county or local legislator, commission member, council member, board member, or other elected official; or
 - c. any officer or employee of any federal, state, county or local agency, legislature, commission, council, or board.New Restrictions on Lobbying (43 CFR 18): Submission of an application also represents the applicant's certification of the statements in 43 CFR Part 18, Appendix A, Certification Regarding Lobbying.
10. Recipients of subgrants must respond to all auditor inquiries. Nevada Department of Wildlife Subgrants are subject to inspection and audit by representatives of the Nevada Department of Wildlife, the State of Nevada's Governor's Finance Office, the Audit Department of the Legislative Counsel Bureau or other appropriate entity as required by law to audit the Subgrantee to:
 - a. verify financial transactions and determine whether funds were used in accordance with applicable laws, regulations and procedures;
 - b. ascertain whether policies, plans and procedures are being followed;

- c. provide management with objective and systematic appraisals of financial and administrative controls, including information as to whether operations are carried out effectively, efficiently and economically; and
 - d. determine reliability of financial aspects of the conduct of the project.
11. Any audit of Subgrantee's expenditures will be performed in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards to determine there is proper accounting for and use of Subgrant funds. It is the policy of the Nevada Department of Wildlife (as well as a federal requirement as specified in the required 2 CFR 200, Subpart F, all U.S. states, local governments, federally-recognized Indian tribal governments, and non-profit organizations) that each grantee annually expending \$750,000 or more in federal funds have an annual audit prepared by an independent auditor in accordance with the terms and requirements of the appropriate circular. A COPY OF THE FINAL AUDIT REPORT MUST BE SENT TO THE NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE, ATTN: ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES OFFICER II, 6980 SIERRA CENTER PKWY, SUITE 120 RENO, NEVADA 89511, within nine (9) months of the close of the Subgrantee's fiscal year. To ensure this requirement is met Section D of this Subgrant must be filled out and signed.
 12. Environmental Quality, the subgrantee and subcontractors shall comply with all applicable standards, orders, or requirements issued under Section 306 of the Clean Air Act, Title 42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q., Section 508 of the Clean Air Act, Title 33 U.S.C. 1368 Executive order 11738 and, Title 40 CFR part 15 as well as Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Nevada Department of Wildlife, the Federal awarding agency and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
 13. The Subgrantee shall comply with mandatory standards and policies related to energy efficiency which are contained in the State Energy Conservation Plan issued in compliance with the Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6201).
 14. The subgrantee shall comply with Procurement of Recovered Materials, 2 CFR 200.322. A non-Federal entity that is a state agency or agency of a political subdivision of a state and its contractors must comply with section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. The requirements of Section 6002 include procuring only items designated in guidelines of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at 40 CFR part 247 that contain the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable, consistent with maintaining a satisfactory level of competition, where the purchase price of the item exceeds \$10,000 or the value of the quantity acquired by the preceding fiscal year exceeded \$10,000; procuring solid waste management services in a manner that maximizes energy and resource recovery; and establishing an affirmative procurement program for procurement of recovered materials identified in the EPA guidelines.
 15. The subgrantee is responsible for complying with all requirements of the Federal award. For all Federal awards, this includes the provisions of Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA), which includes requirements on executive compensation, and also requirements implementing the Act for the non-Federal entity at 2 CFR part 25 Financial Assistance Use of Universal Identifier and Central Contractor Registration and 2 CFR part 170 Reporting Subaward and Executive Compensation Information.
 16. Subgrantee must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the Nevada Department of Wildlife all violations of Federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting

this award. Non-Federal entities that have received a Federal award including the term and condition outlined in 2 CFR 200, Appendix XII—Award Term and Condition for Recipient Integrity and Performance Matters are required to report certain civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings to SAM. Failure to make required disclosures can result in any of the remedies described in 2 CFR 200.338, Remedies for noncompliance, including suspension or debarment (See 2 CFR 200.113, 2 CFR Part 180, 31 U.S.C. 3321, and 41 U.S.C. 2313).

17. Subgrantee must comply with Section 743 of Division E, Title VII of Pub. L. 113-235, Prohibition on Issuing Financial Assistance Awards to Entities that Require Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements: Prohibits the use of funds appropriated or otherwise made available under that or any other Act for grants or cooperative agreements to an entity that requires employees or contractors of such entity seeking to report fraud, waste, or abuse to sign internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or contractors from lawfully reporting such waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a federal department or agency authorized to receive such information. Recipients must not require their employees or contractors seeking to report fraud, waste, or abuse to sign internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or contractors from lawfully reporting such waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a federal department or agency authorized to receive such information. Recipients must notify their employees or contractors that existing internal confidentiality agreements covered by this condition are no longer in effect.
18. Subgrantee agrees to the Rights to Inventions Made Under a Contract or Agreement. If the Federal award meets the definition of “funding agreement” under 37 CFR §401.2 (a) and the recipient or subrecipient wishes to enter into a contract with a small business firm or nonprofit organization regarding the substitution of parties, assignment or performance of experimental, developmental, or research work under that “funding agreement,” the recipient or subrecipient must comply with the requirements of 37 CFR Part 401, “Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements,” and any implementing regulations issued by the awarding agency.
19. Subgrantee agrees to comply with all applicable Administrative Requirements in 2 CFR Part 200, Subparts A through D; and Cost Principals in 2 CFR Part 200, Subpart E – for State and Local Governments, Institutions of Higher Education and Non-Profit Organizations and for Non-profit organizations exempted from 2 CFR Part 200, Subpart E (see Appendix VIII to Part 200): 48 CFR 1, Subpart 31.2 – Contracts with commercial Organizations.
20. Subgrantee must comply with other requirements:
 - a. 2 CFR Part 25, Universal Identifier and Central Contractor Registration
 - b. 2 CFR Part 175, Award Term for Trafficking in Persons
 - c. 2 CFR Part 1401, Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Financial Assistance)
 - d. 41 USC §6306, Prohibition on Members of Congress Making Contracts with Federal Government: No member of or delegate to Congress or Resident Commissioner shall be admitted to any share or part of this award, or to any benefit that may arise therefrom; this provision shall not be construed to extend to an award made to a corporation for the public’s general benefit.

- e. Executive Order 13513, Federal Leadership on Reducing Text Messaging while Driving: Subgrantee's are encouraged to adopt and enforce policies that ban text messaging while driving, including conducting initiatives of the type described in section 3(a) of the Order.
 - f. 41 USC §4712, (a) Enhancement of Recipient and Subrecipient Employee Whistleblower Protection. This award, related subawards, and related contracts over the simplified acquisition threshold and all employees working on this award, related subawards, and related contracts over the simplified acquisition threshold are subject to the whistleblower rights and remedies established at 41 USC 4712. (b) Recipients, their subrecipients, and their contractors awarded contracts over the simplified acquisition threshold related to this award, shall inform their employees in writing, in the predominant language of the workforce, of the employee whistleblower rights and protections under 41 USC 4712. (c) The recipient shall insert this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subawards and in contracts over the simplified acquisition threshold related to this award.
 - g. 2 CFR Part 200, appendix II, Contract Provisions for Non-Federal Entity Contracts Under Federal Awards.
21. This Subgrant agreement may be TERMINATED by either party prior to the date set forth on the Notice of Subgrant Award, provided the termination shall not be effective until 30 days after a party has served written notice upon the other party. This agreement may be terminated by mutual consent of both parties or unilaterally by either party without cause. The parties expressly agree that this Subgrant agreement shall be terminated immediately if for any reason the Nevada Department of Wildlife, state, and/or federal funding ability to satisfy this Subgrant agreement is withdrawn, limited, or impaired.
22. This Subgrant agreement may also be terminated by the Department at any time during the grant year for the following reasons: (1) conduct that interferes with the administration of the grant; (2) illegal activity of any kind; (3) insolvency; (4) failure to disclose a conflict of interest; (5) influence by a gratuity; (6) any other violations of the terms of the grant agreement; and (7) substantiated fraud, abuse, or misappropriation of grant funds.
23. All subgrants must address termination for cause for non-performance and for convenience by the Nevada Department of Wildlife including the manner by which it will be effected and the basis for settlement.
24. Equal Employment Opportunity. During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:
- a. The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. The contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following: Employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer, recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided by the contracting officer setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

- b. The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.
- c. The contractor will not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant. This provision shall not apply to instances in which an employee who has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee's essential job functions discloses the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, unless such disclosure is in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action, including an investigation conducted by the employer, or is consistent with the contractor's legal duty to furnish information.
- d. The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the agency contracting officer, advising the labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under section 202 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
- e. The contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and of the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor.
- f. The contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to his books, records, and accounts by the contracting agency and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.
- g. In the event of the contractor's non-compliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of such rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be canceled, terminated or suspended in whole or in part and the contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.
- h. The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (8) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as may be directed by the Secretary of Labor as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance: Provided, however, that in the event the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction, the contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

25. Davis-Bacon Act, as amended (40 U.S.C. 3141-3148). When required by Federal program legislation, all prime construction contracts in excess of \$2,000 awarded by non-Federal entities must include a provision for compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141-3144, and 3146-3148) as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5, "Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Construction"). In accordance with the statute, contractors must be required to pay wages to laborers and mechanics at a rate not less than the prevailing wages specified in a wage determination made by the Secretary of Labor. In addition, contractors must be required to pay wages not less than once a week. The non-Federal entity must place a copy of the current prevailing wage determination issued by the Department of Labor in each solicitation. The decision to award a contract or subcontract must be conditioned upon the acceptance of the wage determination. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency. The contracts must also include a provision for compliance with the Copeland "Anti-Kickback" Act (40 U.S.C. 3145), as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 3, "Contractors and Subcontractors on Public Building or Public Work Financed in Whole or in Part by Loans or Grants from the United States"). The Act provides that each contractor or subrecipient must be prohibited from inducing, by any means, any person employed in the construction, completion, or repair of public work, to give up any part of the compensation to which he or she is otherwise entitled. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency.
26. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3701-3708). Where applicable, all contracts awarded by the non-Federal entity in excess of \$100,000 that involve the employment of mechanics or laborers must include a provision for compliance with 40 U.S.C. 3702 and 3704, as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5). Under 40 U.S.C. 3702 of the Act, each contractor must be required to compute the wages of every mechanic and laborer on the basis of a standard work week of 40 hours. Work in excess of the standard work week is permissible provided that the worker is compensated at a rate of not less than one and a half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in the work week. The requirements of 40 U.S.C. 3704 are applicable to construction work and provide that no laborer or mechanic must be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous. These requirements do not apply to the purchases of supplies or materials or articles ordinarily available on the open market, or contracts for transportation or transmission of intelligence.

Special Conditions and Provisions:

Your organization's SAM CCR registration will expire on **July 10, 2021**. Under the terms and conditions of this award, your organization is required to maintain an active CCR registration throughout the entire approved award period.

Conflict of Interest Disclosures:

Recipients are responsible for notifying the Service Project Officer in writing of any actual or potential conflicts of interest that may arise during the life of this award. Conflicts of interest include any relationship or matter which might place the Recipient, the Recipients employees, or the Recipients subrecipients in a position of conflict, real or apparent, between their responsibilities under this award and any other outside interests. Conflicts of interest may also include, but are not limited to, direct or indirect financial interests, close personal relationships, positions of trust in outside organizations, consideration of future employment arrangements with a different organization, or decision-making affecting the award that would cause a reasonable person with

knowledge of the relevant facts to question the impartiality of the Recipient, the Recipients employees, or the Recipients subrecipients in the matter. Upon receipt of such a notice, the Service Project Officer in consultation with their Ethics Counselor will determine if a conflict of interest exists and, if so, if there are any possible actions to be taken by the Recipient, the Recipient's employee(s), or the Recipient's sub-recipient(s) that could reduce or resolve the conflict. Failure to resolve conflicts of interest in a manner that satisfies the Service may result in any of the remedies described in 2 CFR 200.338, Remedies for Noncompliance, including termination of this award.

Other Mandatory Disclosures:

Recipients and their subrecipients must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the Service or pass-through entity all violations of Federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting this award. Non-Federal entities that have received a Federal award including the term and condition outlined in 2 CFR 200, Appendix XII Award Term and Condition for Recipient Integrity and Performance Matters are required to report certain civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings to SAM. Failure to make required disclosures can result in any of the remedies described in 2 CFR 200.338, Remedies for noncompliance, including suspension or debarment (See 2 CFR 200.113, 2 CFR Part 180, 31 U.S.C. 3321, and 41 U.S.C. 2313).

27. DOI Award Provisions:

I. Conflicts of Interest

(a) Applicability.

(1) This section intends to ensure that non-Federal entities and their employees take appropriate steps to avoid conflicts of interest in their responsibilities under or with respect to Federal financial assistance agreements.

(2) In the procurement of supplies, equipment, construction, and services by recipients and by subrecipients, the conflict of interest provisions in 2 CFR 200.318 apply.

(b) Requirements.

(1) Non-Federal entities must avoid prohibited conflicts of interest, including any significant financial interests that could cause a reasonable person to question the recipient's ability to provide impartial, technically sound, and objective performance under or with respect to a Federal financial assistance agreement.

(2) In addition to any other prohibitions that may apply with respect to conflicts of interest, no key official of an actual or proposed recipient or subrecipient, who is substantially involved in the proposal or project, may have been a former Federal employee who, within the last one (1) year, participated personally and substantially in the evaluation, award, or administration of an award with respect to that recipient or subrecipient or in development of the requirement leading to the funding announcement.

(3) No actual or prospective recipient or subrecipient may solicit, obtain, or use non-public information regarding the evaluation, award, or administration of an award to that recipient or subrecipient or the development of a Federal financial assistance opportunity that may be of competitive interest to that recipient or subrecipient.

(c) Notification.

(1) Non-Federal entities, including applicants for financial assistance awards, must disclose in writing any conflict of interest to the DOI awarding agency or pass-through entity in accordance with 2 CFR 200.112, Conflicts of Interest.

(2) Recipients must establish internal controls that include, at a minimum, procedures to identify, disclose, and mitigate or eliminate identified conflicts of interest. The recipient is responsible for

notifying the Financial Assistance Officer in writing of any conflicts of interest that may arise during the life of the award, including those that have been reported by subrecipients.

(d) Restrictions on Lobbying. Non-Federal entities are strictly prohibited from using funds under this grant or cooperative agreement for lobbying activities and must provide the required certifications and disclosures pursuant to 43 CFR Part 18 and 31 USC 1352.

(e) Review Procedures. The Financial Assistance Officer will examine each conflict of interest disclosure on the basis of its particular facts and the nature of the proposed grant or cooperative agreement, and will determine whether a significant potential conflict exists and, if it does, develop an appropriate means for resolving it.

(f) Enforcement. Failure to resolve conflicts of interest in a manner that satisfies the Government may be cause for termination of the award. Failure to make required disclosures may result in any of the remedies described in 2 CFR 200.338, Remedies for Noncompliance, including suspension or debarment (see also 2 CFR Part 180).

II. Data Availability

(a) Applicability. The Department of the Interior is committed to basing its decisions on the best available science and providing the American people with enough information to thoughtfully and substantively evaluate the data, methodology, and analysis used by the Department to inform its decisions.

(b) Use of Data. The regulations at 2 CFR 200.315 apply to data produced under a Federal award, including the provision that the Federal Government has the right to obtain, reproduce, publish, or otherwise use the data produced under a Federal award as well as authorize others to receive, reproduce, publish, or otherwise use such data for Federal purposes.

(c) Availability of Data. The recipient shall make the data produced under this award and any subaward(s) available to the Government for public release, consistent with applicable law, to allow meaningful third party evaluation and reproduction of the following:

- (1) The scientific data relied upon;
- (2) The analysis relied upon; and
- (3) The methodology, including models, used to gather and analyze data.

SECTION B

Description of services, scope of work, deliverables and reimbursement

1. **Scope of Work**

[See Attachment A #3](#)

2. **Timeline for the Work**

[See Attachment A #4](#)

3. **Reporting Requirements**

[See Attachment A #5](#)

4. **Subrecipient's Performance**

[See Attachment A #6](#)

5. **Subgrant Monitoring**

[See Attachment A #7](#)

6. **Subgrantee Match**

[See Attachment A #8](#)

7. **Subgrantee Obligations**

Subgrantee's [Carson City, City of](#), hereinafter referred to as Subgrantee, agrees to provide the following services and reports according to the identified timeframes:

[See Attachment A #9](#)

- Any activities performed under this Subgrant shall acknowledge the funding was provided through the State Nevada Department of Wildlife with Federal Agency funds if used.

8. **Nevada Department of Wildlife Obligations**

The Nevada Department of Wildlife agrees to provide the following:

[See Attachment A #10](#)

- "The program Contract Monitor or Program Manager shall, when federal funding requires a specific match, if a specific vendor or Subgrantee has been identified in the grant application to achieve part or all of the match, "in-kind", or then this shall also be identified in the Subgrantee

Match as a requirement and a deliverable, including a report of accomplishment at the end of each quarter to document that the match "in-kind", was achieved. These reports shall be held on file in the program for audit purposes, and shall be furnished as documentation for match, in-kind" reporting on the Financial Status Report (FSR) 90 days after the end of the grant period."

- The Nevada Department of Wildlife reserves the right to hold reimbursement under this Subgrant until any delinquent forms, reports, and expenditure documentation are submitted to and accepted by the Nevada Department of Wildlife.

9. Joint Obligations

The Subgrantee and the Nevada Department of Wildlife agree to the following:

[See Attachment A #11](#)

Section C
Budget, Terms of Reimbursement, Financial Reports

1. Budget

[See Attachment A #12](#)

1. Conditions for Equipment and Travel

- Equipment purchased with these funds belongs to the federal program or the NDOW divisional program from which this funding was appropriated and shall be returned to the program upon termination of this agreement. All equipment purchased under this subgrant must comply with 2 CFR 200.313. All permanent equipment purchases that become affixed to the subgrantees property must be maintained for its useful life for the purpose under the terms of this award.
- Travel expenses, per diem, and other related expenses must conform to the procedures and rates allowed for State officers and employees. It is the Policy of the Board of Examiners to restrict contractors/Subgrantees to the same rates and procedures allowed State Employees. The State of Nevada reimburses at rates comparable to the rates established by the US General Services Administration, with some exceptions (State Administrative Manual 0200.0 and 0320.0).

2. Reimbursement Terms

Subgrantee agrees to request reimbursement according to the schedule specified below for the actual expenses incurred related to the Scope of Work during the Subgrant period.

- Total reimbursement request cannot exceed [\\$112,013.37](#). [Carryover of funding from year to year is not permitted.](#)
- Requests for Reimbursement, which will also include a financial report, shall be accompanied by supporting documentation, including a line item description of expenses incurred including details of awardee's non-cash match and a line item description of expenses incurred for each categorical or project feature as defined in the BUDGET Section C. The reimbursement request from the awardee will be organized for quicker review, approval and payment by the Nevada Department of Wildlife.
- Additional expenditure detail will be provided upon request from the Department.
- The Nevada Department of Wildlife will exercise a 10% holdback on all invoiced reimbursements at project completion until all deliverables, including project reports and financial reports have been received by the department.
- The Subgrantee will submit reimbursements on quarterly basis and no later than 15 days after the end of each quarterly period as defined below. If there are no reimbursements for the quarter the Subgrantee will send in an email notify NDOW that there are "No reimbursement request for quarter" and reference the quarter. Quarters as defined in the agreement will be as follows:

- First Quarter: Beginning Date of Subgrant to last day of the quarter
 - Quarter: 1/1 to 3/31
 - Quarter: 3/31 to 6/30
 - Quarter: 7/1 to 9/30
 - Quarter: 10/1 to 12/31
- Reimbursement for work conducted in a fiscal year, July 1st through June 30th, must be received at 6980 Sierra Center Parkway, Suite 120 NDOW Fiscal headquarters office in Reno, Nevada no later than July 15th, following the fiscal year in which the expenditures were occurred. This requirement is necessary for NDOW to record the expenditure and seek reimbursement from the federal government before the grant ending date. Any reimbursement received after a grant ending date will be returned to the sub-grantee and will not be reimbursed by the Nevada Department of Wildlife and all costs associated with the returned reimbursement will need to be absorbed by the subgrantee.

Additionally, the Subgrantee agrees to provide:

- An approved federally recognized indirect cost rate negotiated between the Sub recipient and the Federal government or, if no such rate exists, either a rate negotiated between the Nevada Department of Wildlife and the Subgrantee (in compliance with this part), or a de minimis indirect cost rate as defined in §200.414.
- A complete financial accounting of all expenditures to the Nevada Department of Wildlife within 30 days of the CLOSE OF THE SUBGRANT PERIOD. Any un-obligated funds shall be returned to the Nevada Department of Wildlife at that time, or if not already requested, shall be deducted from the final award.
- A Grantee Close-out Certification. Final grant payments will not be made until the final close-out of the grant is completed. The Close-out requires the following certification from Grantee:
 - Grantee has received all funding due under the Subgrant,
 - Upon final payment Grantee is due no outstanding funding,
 - Grantee has no outstanding debts to NDOW.
- An Equipment Inventory and Transfer Certification. If the Subgrantee has used grant funds for the purchase of equipment of any sort, an inventory must be reviewed by NDOW organization for further instruction on the disposition of that equipment.
- Copies of all publications and materials produced with grant funds must be sent to the divisional office, including electronic copies. These publications should be sent to the divisional office when they are produced and not just at the end of the grant period. Agreement may also require approval of all publications that the grantee will produce before they are published.
- All reports of expenditures and requests for reimbursement processed by the Nevada Department of Wildlife are SUBJECT TO AUDIT.

- In the event the Department terminates the Subgrant agreement, Subgrantee shall: (1) repay to the Department any outstanding advance; (2) Subgrantee shall not be reimbursed for any grant-related expenses incurred after the termination effective date; (3) Subgrantee shall transfer or liquidate all equipment and non-consumables purchased with grant funds during the grant period (including equipment with an original purchase price of \$1,000 or more, all computers and software regardless of original purchase price, and any other items the Department has required the Grantee to inventory during the course of the grant); (4) surrender any and all documents related to the grant that the Department deems necessary; and (5) repay to the Department all grant funds found to be unallowable costs.

SECTION D

NEVADA STATE NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE
AUDIT INFORMATION REQUEST

1. Non-Federal entities that expend \$750,000.00 or more in total Federal Awards are required to have a single or program-specific audit conducted for that year, in accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*. A COPY OF THE FINAL AUDIT REPORT MUST BE SENT TO THE NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE, ATTN: ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES OFFICER II, 6980 SIERRA CENTER PARKWAY, SUITE 120, RENO, NEVADA 89511, within nine (9) months of the close of your fiscal year.
2. Did your organization expend \$750,000.00 or more in all Federal Awards during your most recent fiscal year? YES ____ NO ____
3. When does your fiscal year end? _____
4. How often is your organization audited? _____
5. When was your last audit performed? _____
6. What time period did it cover? _____
7. Which accounting firm conducted the audit? _____
8. Were there any findings found by the firm? _____
(note: if there were findings please include findings report)

SIGNATURE

TITLE

DATE

Signature Page: Award #SG21-08

Nevada Department of Wildlife:

<hr/> <u>Aaron Keller</u>	<hr/> Date	<hr/> <u>Program Manager</u> Title
<hr/> <u>Chris Vasey</u>	<hr/> Date	<hr/> <u>Division Administrator</u> Title
<hr/> <u>Bonnie Long</u>	<hr/> Date	<hr/> <u>Deputy Director</u> Title
<hr/> <u>Jack Robb</u>	<hr/>	<hr/> <u>Deputy Director</u> Title
<hr/> <u>Tony Wasley</u>	<hr/> Date	<hr/> <u>Director</u> Title

Subgrantee:

<hr/> Signature #1	<hr/> Date	<hr/> Title
<hr/> Signature #1	<hr/> Date	<hr/> Title

Attachment A
SUBGRANT SUMMARY
SG21-08 Carson City Rifle and Pistol Range

1. Type of subgrant (check one):

a. New Subgrant

Amendment

SUBGRANT AMENDMENTS ONLY:

Amount of subgrant amendment: _____

Amended termination date: _____

and/or explain other changes: _____

JUSTIFICATION

2. What is the purpose of this award?

The purpose of this award is to improve on the overall safety and image of the shooting range. The Carson City Rifle and Pistol Range is in need of fire prevention efforts to reduce the chance of wildfire and ricochets. The design efforts will plan for future enhancements. The picnic tables, shooting benches, bench seating and trash receptacles will accommodate users. In addition, the kiosk, security cameras and target frames will help the range users understand clear shooting lanes and overall safety.

3. Section B (1) - Scope of Work (Provide a descriptive scope of work for the project to be conducted)

1. Design of a backstop eyebrow and baffle system for the long range
2. Purchase and installation of security cameras
3. Purchase and installation of an automated pay kiosk with arms and utilities
4. Purchase and install six heavy duty 12' picnic tables, 1 each for bays 1 and 2, 2 each for bays 3 and 4
5. Purchase and install ten new shooting benches with height adjustable seat that swivels to either side for left or right-handed shooters
6. Replace 2"x12" wood cap bench seat throughout south side of both structures at the long and short range
7. Purchase, shipping, and installation of 12 bolt-down trash receptacles

4. Section B (2) - Timeline for the Work (Provide a timeline for the work to be accomplished)

The timeline for this project will run from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021.

5. Section B (3) - Reporting Requirements (to meet your Federal reporting requirements and delineate the terms and conditions concerning closeout of the award)

An interim project progress report including pictures will be completed by January 30, 2021. All project work to be completed by June 30, 2021. A final project report including pictures will be submitted by July 30, 2021.

6. Section B (4) - Subrecipient's Performance

Performance will be deemed adequate once the project is complete, and a subsequent report is provided to the Nevada Department of Wildlife.

7. Section B (5) - Subgrant Monitoring (monitoring process during the award)

Coordination and consultation via telephone and e-mail will be maintained between the Nevada Department of Wildlife and the subgrantee throughout the life of the project as needed.

8. Section B (6) - Subgrant Match (describe subgrantee matching share)

Subgrantee will supply documentation in support of in-kind match of 10% of total project costs. Subgrantee will provide all invoices and receipts from your project expenditures and submit copies of them to NDOW with the Request for Reimbursement forms.

All requests for reimbursements must include proof of payment such as cashed checks, receipts etc.

If your sub-grant requires cash/in-kind match all request for reimbursements must include proof of match payment that is reasonable and allocable, and allowable. Match needs to be separated and marked clearly on all request for reimbursement draw sheets/spreadsheets.

If in-kind match is provided via personnel services a timesheet must be provided that shows the individual whole hours those on/off the project, is signed by the employee and supervisor and shows daily break out with all the employee work hours and time allocated to the specific project. A sample/template of the approved timesheet can be found on NDOW website at: http://www.ndow.org/Our_Agency/Grants (currently under construction).

Match provide by equipment rental/usages must follow an established equipment rate units/hours and the rates are determined by the local market. All equipment must be in good mechanical condition to be allowable. Please provide pictures when possible.

9. Section B (7) - Subgrantee obligations

- Fulfill all terms and obligations as stipulated in the Nevada Department of Wildlife's (NDOW) Shooting Range Grant Program 2020 Cost Share Grant Application (Attachment B).

- Sub-grantee shall maintain accounting records pertaining to this agreement according to generally accepted accounting principles and shall make all relevant records, documents and reports available to NDOW for the purpose of audit examination if requested by the Department.

- Sub-grantee is solely responsible to produce, install and maintain on-site program acknowledgement signs on all approved NDOW shooting range grant projects. Signage requirements include a sign or plaque that must be installed and maintained at the site perpetually. The final sign or plaque must be installed in a location that offers clear and unobstructed public view, near or adjacent to the project area and maintained at the site perpetually. An example of the permanent acknowledgement sign is shown below . Information shown on the example is the minimum information required by the NDOW Shooting Range Grant Program.

Permanent Sign – (on gates or walkways – Minimum Size – 3' x 3', on buildings or walls – Minimum size 2' x 2'). Multiple signs to acknowledge the program are encouraged.

Costs for program acknowledgement signs are reimbursable for approved projects if budgeted in the "Budget Summary."

Attachment "B"

This range was constructed in part with funds from the
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Federal Assistance
Wildlife Restoration Fund
in cooperation with the

**Nevada Department of Wildlife
Hunter Education Program**



Subgrantee acknowledges the intent of this program is to encourage improvement, prioritize safety and environmental concerns, increase hours of operation, public accessibility to safe recreational shooting sites as well as create more facilities to host hunter education program activities. Subgrantee is to coordinate with NDOW to develop a master calendar of events, training and reservation of facility. The subgrantee will complete all maintenance and upkeep of the facility as needed.

Identify the source of funding on all printed documents purchased or produced within the scope of this Subgrant, using a statement similar to: "This publication (journal, article, etc.) was supported by the Nevada Department of Wildlife with US Fish and Wildlife Service Funding for the Hunter Education Program are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of the Nevada Department of Wildlife or the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.

Any activities performed under this Subgrant shall acknowledge the funding was provided through the State Nevada Department of Wildlife with Federal Agency funds if used.

10. Section B (8) - NDOW obligations

Technical assistance will be provided, upon request from the subgrantee and approval of reports or documents to be developed.

- The program Contract Monitor or Program Manager shall, when federal funding requires a specific match, if a specific vendor or Subgrantee has been identified in the grant application to achieve part or all of the match, "in-kind", or then this shall also be identified in the Subgrantee Match as a requirement and a deliverable, including a report of accomplishment at the end of each quarter to document that the match "in-kind", was achieved. These reports shall be held on file in the program for audit purposes, and shall be furnished as documentation for match, in-kind" reporting on the Financial Status Report (FSR) 90 days after the end of the grant period."
- The Nevada Department of Wildlife reserves the right to hold reimbursement under this Subgrant until any delinquent forms, reports, and expenditure documentation are submitted to and accepted by the Nevada Department of Wildlife.

11. Section B (9) - Joint obligations

Nevada Department of Wildlife and City of Carson City will collaborate to ensure that all project timelines are met.

On all capital improvement(s) on shooting ranges on land owned by third-parties the Nevada Department of Wildlife (NDOW) must maintain control of capital improvements throughout their useful lives. To ensure that improvements meet regulations for Property Trust Relationships (2 CFR 200.316), Real Property (2 CFR 200.311(b) and 50 CFR 80.132-137), and Internal Controls (2 CFR 200.303), NDOW and you the recipient of this sub-award must hold a legally binding agreement that ensures the control, maintenance and continued intended use of the capital improvement for its useful life. NDOW will coordinate with you (the recipient sub-awardee) to enter into these agreements, where necessary, for shooting ranges covered by this grant by December 31, 2020.

12. NDOW contribution (budget)

Approved Budget Categories:			
Project Budget Itemized	Applicant Request	Applicant Match	Total Costs
Contractual	\$112,013.37	\$12,445.93	\$124,459.30
Grand Totals	\$112,013.37	\$12,445.93	\$124,459.30
Indirect Cost Rate (F&A) NA			
NICRA or <i>F&A Reduction Waiver</i> on file? () Yes (X) No			

13. Attachments – Maps, Exhibits, Reports (include all attachments with completion of this form)

City of Carson City proposal.



CARSON CITY, NEVADA
CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPALITY AND STATE CAPITOL

Mr. Aaron Keller, Statewide Outdoor Education Coordinator
 Nevada Department of Wildlife
 6980 Sierra Center Parkway, Suite 120
 Reno, Nevada 89511

March 3, 2020

Dear Mr. Keller,

We sincerely appreciate the opportunity to submit the enclosed request for funds to further enhance Carson City's Rifle and Pistol Range.

As you know, this is a popular venue for shooting sports in northern Nevada, both for locals and visitors to the region. The City, with the support of Nevada Department of Wildlife, has recently invested over \$810,000 into improvements to ensure the facility meets National Rifle Association safety guidelines and standards. In addition, the City has hired a full time Range Coordinator to manage and maintain the facility.

This application, if approved, will enable the City to continue to improve safety, security and reinvestment into the facility, and promote proper shooting behavior through education. The City's goal has been to increase general public use of the facility and the attached scope of work is essential in operating the facility with that vision in mind. The tasks for this project include:



- Design of a backstop eyebrow and baffle system for the Long Range
- Purchase and installation of security cameras
- Purchase and installation of an automated pay kiosk with arm and utilities
- Roof repairs to the firing line covers for the Long and Short Ranges
- Purchase of target frames/stands

Carson City is committed to providing affordable public shooting and education opportunities at the Carson City Rifle and Pistol Range and we appreciate your continued support. Please let me know if you have any questions or would like additional information.

Sincerely,

Jennifer Budge, CPRP
 Director



	<p>NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE HUNTER EDUCATION PROGRAM</p> <p>2020 Shooting Range Grant Application</p> <p>FEDERAL AID IN WILDLIFE RESTORATION ACT FUNDS</p>	<p>Form rev.1/10/2020</p> 
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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – Detailed instructions inside. *Please keep a copy of your application materials.*

Application Deadline: 5 pm on Friday, February 14, 2020

- **Grant Program Intent:** The intent of the grant program is to encourage significant improvements, prioritize safety and environmental concerns, increase hours and public accessibility and create more facilities to host hunter education program activities.
- **Eligibility:** Local municipal governments (county, city, township, etc.) that provide or are willing to provide shooting range access to the general public and hunter education class participants and participants. Non-profit organizations may apply through their local governments.
- **Grant Funding:** Applicants may request grants for up to 90% of the total project cost. Applicants must finance at least 10% of the total project cost through documented cash expenditures, donated materials and labor or other pre-approved in-kind matches.
- **Matching Funds:** Donated materials and services: Quotes from three vendors in order to support the fair market value. Donated labor: An estimate of volunteer labor hours to be used on each volunteer activity.
- **Federal Funds:** Federal funds other than Wildlife Restoration Act funds cannot be applied for the same project purpose.
- **Regulatory Clearance:** The applicant must obtain all regulatory clearances (ESA, NEPA, SHPO, DSL, etc.) before USFWS will approve funding.
- **Attachments:** Attach additional documentation as needed (site maps, photos, drawings, plans, etc.)
- **Tax ID Number:** To qualify for reimbursement, a Tax ID number must be supplied.
- **Submission:** Submit Application materials to the NDOW Hunter Education Program Coordinator.
- **DUNS Number:** To qualify, the entity must have, or have the ability to obtain, a DUNS number.
- **SAM:** Subgrantee must be registered in the System for Award Management, at www.sam.gov, and be in good standing, OR, have the ability to obtain registration and good standing.

REVIEW PROCESS

1. The Shooting Range Grant Advisory Committee reviews all applications and makes recommendations to NDOW no more than 30 days after the application deadline (March 2020).
2. From the recommendations, NDOW determines a list of projects to be forwarded to USFWS for approval. (April 2020)
3. USFWS approves projects from the NDOW list. USFWS approves funding once applicant supplies regulatory clearances.
4. NDOW enters into a grant agreement with applicant(s) of approved project(s) (July/August 2020).
5. Construction of project begins.
6. Once benchmarks in the construction are completed, applicant submits invoice documentation to begin the reimbursement process.
7. NDOW approves invoices and reimburses applicant.

APPLICATION SUBMISSION

The following application materials must be submitted to the Hunter Education Program Coordinator **no later than 5 pm on Friday, February 14, 2020** to be considered for funding:

- 2020 Cost Share Grant Application (*pages 4-9 of this document*). **Note: Incomplete and older versions of the Shooting Range Grant Application will not be accepted.**
- Any supporting materials: map to site; photos; drawings; plans; and hydrologic or hydraulic analyses.
- Submit all application materials by mail, fax or email to the following address:
Nevada Department of Wildlife
Hunter Education Program
6980 Sierra Center Parkway
Suite 120
Reno, NV 89511
akeller@ndow.org
Mailed or emailed applications received after 5 pm on February 14, 2020 will not be accepted.

GENERAL INFORMATION

THE PROGRAM

- Funds are available through the Nevada Department of Wildlife for the construction, development and improvement of non-profit shooting ranges and associated facilities. The intent of the grant program is to encourage significant improvements, prioritize safety and environmental concerns, increase hours and public accessibility and create more facilities to host Hunter Education program activities.

The grant funding program is managed by the Department's Hunter Education Program.

PROJECTS ELIGIBLE FOR COST SHARE FUNDING

ELIGIBLE PROJECTS

Projects eligible for cost share funding include backstops, berms, target holders, benches, baffles, protective fencing, signs, lighting, field courses, platforms, roads, parking areas, sanitary facilities, storage rooms, shelter

buildings and classrooms. All range construction must be on lands owned by the applicant or lands controlled by the applicant by a use permit, lease or easement that ensures use for a minimum of 10 years.

INELIGIBLE PROJECTS

Ineligible projects include clubhouses, employee residences, similar or other facilities not essential to the operation of the shooting range or the conduct of hunter education classes, maintenance expenses, portable items that are easily stolen or lost, and items that do not have an expected life of at least 10 years.

ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

The following criteria must be met to be eligible for consideration:

1. Project applicant is a local government that provides or is willing to provide shooting range access to the public. Non-profit organizations may apply through their local governments.
2. Project includes design, construction, and installation of shooting range improvements.
3. Project intent is to provide a significant improvement, prioritize safety and environmental concerns, increase hours and public accessibility or create more facilities to host hunter education program activities.
4. Project application includes commitment by one or more project operators or sponsors to assume all operation and maintenance costs for the life of the project.
5. Project application demonstrates commitment of at least 10% of total project cost from non-federal funding sources. Applicant cost share may include in-kind costs such as labor, equipment, fill material, material disposal areas, lands, easements, right-of-ways, relocations and other such project requirements.
6. Project application states that federal funding is not being received from any other source for the same specific project purpose.
7. Project application demonstrates coordination with and documents approval by project owner/operator and, if necessary, by

adjacent landowner(s) for required construction access.

RANKING CRITERIA

The Shooting Range Development Advisory Committee meets annually to review grant applications, determine amounts of grants to be awarded, monitor the status of approved grants and respond to related issues. Committee members may include the following organizations: Nevada Department of Wildlife, National Rifle Association, and the Nevada State Rifle and Pistol Association.

The committee will use the following criteria to rank applications:

1. Will the project improve accessibility or usefulness for Hunter Education students?
2. Will the project increase accessibility for mobility-impaired people?
3. Will the project increase accessibility for the general public?
4. Will the funds help grant recipient continue to provide access and services to the public?

5. Proposed project techniques and methodology have a high degree of likelihood of achieving proposed results.

6. Project demonstrates cost effectiveness in achieving project purposes compared to similar projects and alternative means of achieving the same proposed result.

7. Project application demonstrates thorough coordination with appropriate federal, state, local, and private entities including local landowners.

QUESTIONS?

For questions concerning NDOW Shooting Range Grants or this application contact Statewide Range Grant Administrator, Aaron Keller at akeller@ndow.org (775) 688-1555.

For questions concerning shooting range project development and shooting range requirements contact National Rifle Association Range Services at range@nrahq.org or (877) 672-7264

Shooting Range Grant Program

Nevada Department of Wildlife



2020 Cost Share Grant Application



NDOW USE ONLY	Title: _____	Project #: _____
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APPLICANT- Fill In	CONTACT INFORMATION	
*To qualify for reimbursement or tax credit, Applicant TID must be supplied.		*Federal Tax ID: 88-6000189 Duns #: 073787152
APPLICANT ORGANIZATION	Applicant: City of Carson City	Work phone: 775.233.0573
	Mailing Address: 3303 Butti Way #9	Fax: 775.887.2145
	City/State/Zip: Carson City, NV 89701	Email: jbudge@carson.org
PROJECT CONTACT	Contact Name: Jennifer Budge	Work phone: 775.283.7345
	Title: Parks and Recreation Director	Home phone: n/a
	Mailing Address: Same as above	Cell/other: 7753233.0573
	City/State/Zip:	Fax: 775.887.2145
	Email: jbudge@carson.org	
Does your club have an Environmental Stewardship Plan (ESP)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No		
Direct project beneficiaries: Carson City, managed through the Parks, Recreation and Open Space Department		
Indirect or additional project beneficiaries: Shooting sport clubs, range users, law enforcement, and the general public		
Projected project timeline: 4-6 months from notice to proceed		
Projected project benchmarks – tasks and estimated timeframes		
benchmarks: Start date: 30 days after notice to proceed and executed grant agreement by Carson City		
benchmarks: Design and installation of power and automated kiosk (2-3 months)		
benchmarks: Installation of security cameras; target frames and holders; repairs to firing line roof covers (2-3 months)		
benchmarks: Design complete for eyebrow and baffle system (4-6 months)		
benchmarks: Completion date: 4-6 months after notice to proceed		

APPLICANT- Fill In

PROJECT INFORMATION

Is the proposed project within the existing footprint of the range: Yes No

Will the proposed project require soil removal or impact a waterway? Yes No

If yes, list which local, state and/or federal permits that will be required: n/a

If project requires removal of soil or disturbing the soil please provide detailed information/history of site (is project on undisturbed or fill dirt)?

The proposed project will not require removal or disturbance of soil.

Please provide detailed photos and information on the construction process if soil is being removed!

Will this project be completed in accordance to the EPA best management practices for shooting ranges: Yes No

How many acres/miles does the project encompass? n/a

What week(s) or month(s) will the project occur? Project can occur at any time upon notice to proceed.

How long will it take to complete the project(s)? 4-6 months

What machinery, if any, will be involved? n/a

Will herbicides be used? Yes No

If so, describe what herbicide, what it will be used for, and application rate: n/a

DESCRIPTION

Describe project purpose, history, design and techniques to be used and major project features. (Must provide detail description of project.)
PLEASE ATTACH SITE MAP(S), PHOTOS, DRAWINGS AND/OR PLANS.

HISTORY/BACKGROUND: The Carson City Rifle and Pistol Range has been in existence since the early 1980's and is in its third physical location within Carson City. With the support of multiple funding sources and community grassroots involvement, it has been a popular place for locals and visitors to enjoy shooting sports. During its initial existence, its location was in a very remote part of Nevada's capital city, with abundant open space, canyons, and mountainous native desert terrain surrounding the facility. According to the US Census Bureau, Carson City's population is now almost four times what it was since the range's inception. With exponential growth and development over the past 30 years, including the City's adjacent landfill, this has encroached on the range's natural safety buffer.

In 2018 reports of errant bullets landing in the landfill were observed and reported. Under the abundance of caution, the City retained the National Rifle Association and Tactical Services Group LLC. to conduct range evaluations (**Exhibits A and B**). The reports confirm the likelihood of ricochets and overshot into the landfill from the range, while identifying deficiencies, and providing physical and operational suggestions to minimize this from occurring in the future. Since the landfill receives over 500 trips per day from the public, an over \$800,000 investment into physical improvements is underway at the range. This project is anticipated to be completed by mid-April, 2020 and once complete, the range will be open to the public six days per week. In addition, the City has hired a full time Range Coordinator to oversee management and operations of the range and will serve as the Chief Range Safety Officer on site. City Park Rangers have also been trained as Range Safety Officers to help support a safe operation. All proposed projects as part of this grant request were identified as safety recommendations in both range evaluations and were also recommended by the Carson City Range Task Force, an advisory board to the Carson City Board of Supervisors as project priorities.

PROJECT PURPOSE: The purpose of this grant request is to continue to address the deficiencies identified in the aforementioned range evaluations, particularly focusing on safety, security, reinvestment into the facility; reducing occurrences of ricochets, and promoting proper shooting behavior through education and proper equipment. The City's goal is to increase public use of the range, improve safety, and mitigate the issues identified in the evaluations for the benefit of the community. This will be an important next step in a multi-phased approach. This project, if approved will fund the following:

TASK 1: Hiring of a third party structural engineering professional to design an eyebrow for the backstop and a baffle system for the Long Range. Construction of these improvements would be included in a future grant. This task is for design only. **Exhibit C**

TASK 2: Purchase and installation of an automated pay kiosk with arm. This task includes utility connections and electrical design support from NV Energy. There is verified power on site, but power will need to be connected to the kiosk. *(All revenue collected for entrance fees will go directly back into the operation and maintenance of the Carson Rifle and Pistol Range)* **Exhibit D.**

TASK 3: Hiring of a third party contractor to repair the covered firing lines for the Long and Short Ranges. Task includes labor and materials **Exhibit E.**

TASK 4: Purchase of recyclable target frames/stands. **Exhibit F.**

TASK 5: Purchase and installation of a security camera system. **Exhibit G.**

CASH MATCH: Cash match will be funded from Carson City Quality of Life Capital Fund (local sales tax).

DESIGN GUIDELINES/PRINCIPLES: 2012 NRA Range Source Book, Range Evaluations conducted by NRA and Tactical Services Group LLC, Carson City Rifle and Pistol Range Master Plan

FACILITY INFORMATION - EXISTING**LOCATION OF RANGE SITE**

Physical Street Address:4000 Flint Drive

City/State/Zip: Carson City, NV 89701

County: Carson City

Section, township, and range (or latitude and longitude from GPS):T15N R20E S12

Current zoning classification: Public/Regional

Primary land use in surrounding area: Public/Regional, Conservation Reserve

Security measures: Automated security entrance gate, Park Ranger and Sheriff Patrols, signage

Accessibility: Restroom, parking and ramp access to Long and Short Ranges

RANGE OPPORTUNITIES – CHECK ALL THAT APPLY
 Small bore
 High power
 Pistol
 Trap
 Skeet
 Archery
 Other:
USAGE DURING MOST RECENT CALENDAR YEAR

***PLEASE NOTE THAT THE CARSON CITY RIFLE AND PISTOL RANGE HAD LIMITED HOURS THIS PAST YEAR. DAYS OF USE WILL INCREASE TO 6 DAYS/WEEK STARTING APRIL 18, 2020.**

Range Facility Users*	Number of Individuals	Percent of Total Use	Fee(s) per use
Gun club members	310	2.8%	0
NDOW-sponsored education classes	0		0
Scouts and 4-H members	0		0
College/university students	0		0
R.O.T.C. and National Guard	0		0
Law enforcement officers	300	2.7%	0
Competitive shooting matches	720	6.5%	0
Firearms classes	624	5.6%	0
General public	9,152	82.4%	0
Other (list):			0

List the names of NDOW volunteer instructors who use the facility and indicate whether they are members:

Randall Brooks, Hunter Education Safety Instructor		
Michael Chapton, Hunter Education Safety Instructor		

FACILITY INFORMATION – AFTER PROJECT COMPLETION**SITE INFORMATION**

Physical Street Address:4000 Flint Drive

City/State/Zip: Carson City, NV 89701

County: Carson City

Section, township, and range (or latitude and longitude from GPS): T15 R20E S12

Current zoning classification: Public/Regional

Primary land use in surrounding area: Public/Regional, Conservation Reserve

Security measures: Automated security entrance gate, Park Ranger and Sheriff patrols; automated kiosk with arm; trespass signage; security cameras

Accessibility: Restroom, parking and ramp access to Long and Short Ranges

RANGE OPPORTUNITIES – CHECK ALL THAT APPLY
 Small bore
 High power
 Pistol
 Trap
 Skeet
 Archery
 Other:
RANGE OPERATION – DAYS AND TIMES

Monday: Tuesday: x Wednesday: x Thursday: x Friday: x Saturday: x Sunday: x

DAYS AND TIMES THE ENTIRE RANGE WILL BE OPEN FOR PUBLIC USE

Monday: Tuesday: x Wednesday: x Thursday: x Friday: x Saturday: x Sunday: x

DAYS AND TIMES THE PORTION OF THE RANGE ENHANCED BY THE PROJECT WILL BE OPEN FOR PUBLIC USE

Winter Hours (Nov. – Feb.) : 8am-4:30pm

Summer Hours (May – Aug.) : 7am-8pm

Spring/Fall Hours (Mar.-Apr. & Sept.-Oct) : 7am-6pm

Monday: Tuesday: x Wednesday: x Thursday: x Friday: x Saturday: x Sunday: x

DAYS AND TIMES AT LEAST ONE QUALIFIED RANGE OFFICER WILL BE ON DUTY

Winter Hours (Nov. – Feb.) : 8am-4:30pm

Summer Hours (May – Aug.) : 7am-8pm

Spring/Fall Hours (Mar.-Apr. & Sept.-Oct) : 7am-6pm

Monday: Tuesday: x Wednesday: x Thursday: x Friday: x Saturday: x Sunday: x

Club member fees (note whether these are monthly, quarterly or annually): n/a

Range usage fees for members (note all applicable fees): n/a – fees are anticipated to be implemented July 1, 2020 (see attached proposed fees)

Range usage fees for non-members (note all applicable fees): n/a – fees are anticipated to be implemented July 1, 2020 (see attached proposed fees)

Range usage charge for NDOW-sponsored education classes: FREE

Will NDOW-sponsored education classes receive priority for range use? ALWAYS! YES!

APPLICANT-Fill In		PROJECT BUDGET Alternative format may be used with NDOW approval.	
Description	Quantity	\$ Unit Cost	\$ Total Cost
PERSONNEL (List by type of labor. Skilled labor to be valued at \$??/hour; Unskilled labor to be valued at \$??/hour. Quantity = hours used.)			
n/a			
Sub-Total 1			\$0
PROJECT SUPPLIES & MATERIALS			
Automated pay kiosk with arm	1 EA	\$25,840	\$25,840
Security cameras	1 EA	\$7,650	\$7,650
Target Frames	100 EA	\$203.30	\$20,330
Sub-Total 2			\$53,820
CONTRACTED SERVICES (Describe and attach subcontractor estimates including design/engineering)			
Design – Third party contractor – Long Range backstop eyebrow and baffle system	1 EA	\$25,000	\$25,000
Utilities- Electrical design and installation (NV Energy)	1 EA	\$10,000	\$10,000
Shade structure improvements-Long and Short Ranges	Lump Sum	\$5,950	\$5,950
Sub-Total 3			\$40,950
EQUIPMENT (Landowner provided equipment and/or rented equipment. Quantity = hours used. Value not to exceed standard market rate)			
12' picnic tables for shooting bays – includes shipping	6	\$2,166	\$12,996
Shooting benches with adjustable seats – includes fabrication and shipping	10	\$1,134.13	\$11,341.30
Bolt-down trash receptacles-includes shipping	12	\$446	\$5,352
Sub-Total 4			\$29,689.30
TOTAL PROJECT BUDGET (add sub-totals 1-4)			\$124,459.30

Applicant Cost Share Funds – funding contributors (must equal line above; include all grants received (re: NRA, etc.))	
Applicant Contribution (please list all match in the form of cash, in-kind, or donations)	
Other: CASH MATCH- Carson City Quality of Life Capital fund (sales tax)	\$12,445.93
Other:	

Note: Please ensure match estimate is supported with adequate documentation. See 2CFR200.306

COST SHARE FUND DISTRIBUTION	
Shooting Range Grant Funds Requested (cannot exceed 90% of total project cost)	\$112,013.37
Applicant Cost Share Funds (Include in-kind value. Non-federal contributions must total at least 10% of total project cost.)	\$12,445.93

Please keep a copy of your application materials.

GRANT CONDITIONS

If application is approved, the Applicant will be required to sign a Grant Agreement containing the terms and conditions upon which funds will be released.

Any expenditure incurred prior to the Grant Agreement start date will not be eligible for cost-share reimbursement.

Grant monies shall be disbursed upon completion of the project and after costs have been submitted to NDOW.

The Applicant shall maintain accounting records pertaining to this agreement according to generally accepted accounting principles and shall make all relevant records, documents and reports available to NDOW for the purpose of audit examination if requested by the Department.

Grant recipients will ensure that a sign (logos and wording provided by NDOW) will be placed and displayed on site at all development projects from the time construction begins until the project is complete.

Grant recipients will ensure that a permanent plaque (logos and wording provided by NDOW) crediting the appropriate groups for the funding of the project is installed once the project is complete.

NDOW shall have the right of ingress and egress to and from the project area, doing no unnecessary injury to the property of the landowner, for the purpose of inspecting and determining the adequacy of construction and compliance with project plans and provision of the Grant Agreement.

Compliance with the following:

- 2 CFR 200 (as applicable): Uniform Administrative Requirements
- NAC 338: Public Works Projects
- NAC 332: Purchasing Local Governments
- NRS 338: Public Works
- NRS 332: Purchasing Local Governments
- SB 207: An ACT relating to apprentices; requiring a contractor or subcontractor to comply with certain requirements relating to the use of apprentices on public works; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Applicant Signature:

Date: 3.2.20

Applicant Name (print):

Jennifer Budge

*My signature indicates acceptance of the **Grant Conditions** listed above.
Electronic signature is not acceptable.*

Address:

3303 Butti Way #9

Work phone:

775.283.7345

City/State/Zip:

Carson City, NV 89701

Home phone:

775.233.0573 (cell phone)

GRANTS PROCEDURE MANUAL
ADMINISTERED BY
STATE OF NEVADA
DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE



PROJECT DIRECTOR
&
FINANCIAL MANAGER'S

GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE GUIDELINES

STATE OF NEVADA
DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE GRANTS MANUAL
PROJECT DIRECTOR AND FINANCIAL MANAGER'S GENERAL
ADMINISTRATIVE GUIDELINES

INTRODUCTION

Nevada Department of Wildlife's Mission:

To protect, preserve, manage and restore wildlife and its habitat for the aesthetic, scientific, educational, recreational, and economic benefits to citizens of Nevada and the United States, and to promote the safety of persons using vessels on the waters of Nevada.

The purpose of this manual is to provide general grant management guidance for grant, subgrant, or sub-recipients (Awardees). It defines both fiscal and programmatic responsibilities and requirements. It will assist both project directors and financial managers in the management of their grants. It can be used as a reference source and guide in the administration of grants and subgrants awarded by the Nevada Department of Wildlife.

Grant opportunities are posted to the NDOW website at:

http://www.ndow.org/Our_Agency/Grants/. These grant opportunities must be posted for a minimum of seven days. Respond to the posted grant opportunity according to the instructions per the grant opportunity posting.

The Nevada Department of Wildlife (NDOW) is the state agency responsible for the restoration and management of fish and wildlife resources, and the promotion of boating safety on Nevada's waters. NDOW is organized into seven divisions (law enforcement, game, fisheries, conservation and education, habitat, wildlife diversity, and operations) that develop programs and projects, and three regions (eastern, southern and western) that implement these programs.

In addition, NDOW coordinates agency planning activities, legislation, and support operations by assigning senior management level personnel to coordinate these efforts. The Department is led by a governor-appointed Director, who also serves as the Secretary of the Nevada Board of Wildlife Commissioners.

The Nevada Board of Wildlife Commissioners, a 9-member, governor appointed board, is responsible for establishing broad policy, setting annual and permanent regulations, reviewing budgets, and receiving input on wildlife and boating matters from entities such as the 17 County Advisory Boards to Manage Wildlife.

The Nevada Department of Wildlife operates with funding from many sources including federal aid, state appropriations, assessment fees, sportsmen fees, boat registration and boat fuel taxes, as well as private donations. These funds are used for administration and “on-the-ground” projects in order to meet the goals of NDOW’s mission.

This manual establishes policy and outlines procedures to ensure that NDOW protects the funds it disburses, takes necessary measures to ensure the maximum return of services for those funds, and that Awardees are in compliance with applicable state and federal laws, rules, and regulations governing contracts and grants for service.

The manual serves a three-fold purpose:

1. to ensure that awarded funds are used for the purposes for which they were awarded;
2. to safeguard public monies to the greatest extent possible; and
3. to provide guidance to Awardees in establishing accounting procedures in accordance with federal and state requirements.

In an effort to meet generally accepted accounting practices, an organization receiving funding must comply with provisions of the Nevada State Administrative Manual (SAM) which is a compilation of policy statements concerning internal operations of State government. Likewise, an Awardee can refer to the Nevada Revised Statutes governing purchasing ([NRS chapter 332-Purchasing](#)). Other grants management resources include federal guidance found in OMB Circular [A-21](#) for colleges and universities, OMB Circular [A-87](#) for state and local governments, OMB Circular [A-122](#) for nonprofit Grantees, and OMB Circular [A-133](#) audits for state and local governments and non-profits. As well, all other applicable rules and regulations within your local jurisdiction or community will apply to managing your grants and projects.

All Grantees are required to comply with the directives set out in this manual. Instruction applies to grants from all funding sources unless otherwise noted. If you have any questions regarding this manual or the management of your grant please do not hesitate to contact:

Administrative Services Officer I	(775) 688-1581
Management Analyst II	(775) 688-1402

Nevada Department of Wildlife
6980 Sierra Center Parkway, Suite 120
Reno, NV 89511
Fax: (775) 688-1577

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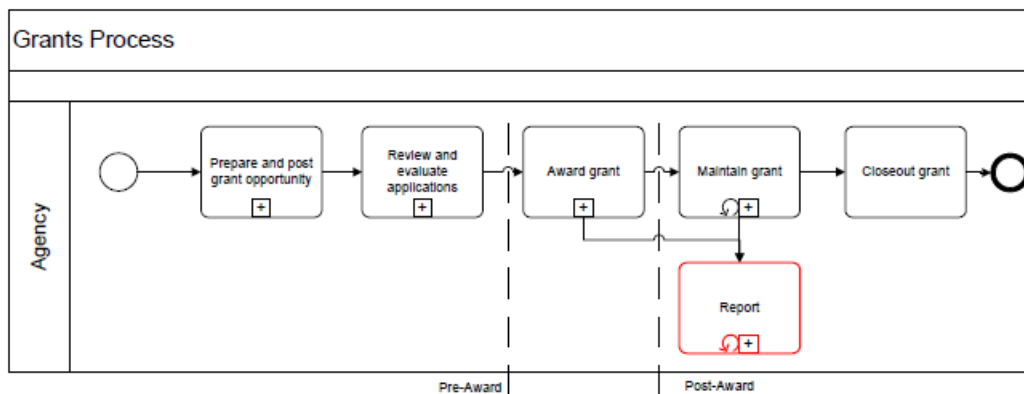
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- I. GRANTEE OR CONTRACTOR?**
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- VIII. AWARD FINAL CLOSE OUT**

REFERENCE MATERIAL

GRANT / SUBGRANT PROCESS OVERVIEW

1. Grants Management Advisory Committee
 - a. NDOW Director, Deputy Director, ASO III, Budget Analyst II, Division Administrators, Program Managers.
2. Identify the funding source for the project
3. Assign Grant Award/Subgrant Award Monitor
4. Assign Award Committee
 - a. Department Administrator, Program Manager, Program Assistant, Budget Analyst II
 - b. Committee to rank proposals and deal with complaints
 - c. Develop proposal criteria scoring sheet
5. Grant opportunity posting 7 days (SAM)
6. Receive grant proposals
7. Review proposals
8. Choose Awardee
 - a. Evaluate the Awardee as Contractor/Vendor or Awardee
 - b. Risk assessment of awardee
 - c. Notify other applicants that they were not chosen
9. Create and sign Award Letter for scope and budget
10. Monitor the activities of the Awardee
11. Financials
 - a. Inventory, non-consumables to be recovered by NDOW
 - b. Requests for Reimbursement
12. Grant close out



SECTION I

THE GRANT APPLICATION PROCESS WHERE AND HOW TO APPLY

I. GRANT OPPORTUNITY

Opportunities must be posted on either the granting agency's website, targeted newspapers, or other public places appropriate for the type of clientele to be notified for at least seven days. The publication should include either the written guidelines or a description of the grant program with a link to a website containing the guidelines.

The Nevada Department of Wildlife will post grant opportunities on the website at: http://www.ndow.org/Our_Agency/Grants/

Written guidelines must be created for all grant opportunities. The guidelines should disclose sufficient information to help potential applicants determine whether and how to submit an application. Guidelines should include items such as:

1. A description of the grant program being offered including the specific scope of the grant and expected outcomes for which the funding is being provided.
2. Amount of money for distribution (if known) and how it will be allocated.
3. Eligibility requirements for applicants.
4. Detailed instructions about application formatting or an application template.
5. General information about the review process and an overview of the composition of the review committee, i.e. engineers, mental health specialists, art educators, etc.
6. Selection criteria and weight.
7. Deadlines and timelines for each step in the application and award process.
8. Reporting requirements.
9. Requirements for in-kind or matching funds.
10. Name and information of a contact person at NDOW.
11. A statement regarding when and if information in their grant application becomes public data

- II. TO APPLY for a project grant from the Nevada Department of Wildlife (NDOW)**, an organization must be a non-profit entity (as described in Section 501(C) Internal Revenue Code), for profit corporation, educational institution, state agency, or local governmental agency performing or anticipating to perform a function relevant to program goals of NDOW. Corporations must be registered with the Nevada Secretary of State and licensed to do business in Nevada. In order to receive payments, all entities must be registered with the [State Nevada Controller's Office](#).

Grant proposals should be submitted according to the instructions found in the Grant Opportunity listing. These listings will include contact information of the department personnel who are requesting proposals. Otherwise, submit to the Fiscal Services Section of the Nevada Department of Wildlife via email or hard copy.

PROPOSAL FORMAT & RANKING FACTORS: Grant proposals will be scored and ranked. See example scoring sheet.

FORM 3 or 3a: Proposal Scoring Sheet

The following elements are highly recommended for a proposal:

- A. Project Title.** State the title of the project.
- B. Project Goals and Objective(s).** Clearly state the goals and objective(s) that the project will achieve when fully implemented. List specific services to be performed, to whom, how many and within what timeframe.
- C. Project Proponent.** Provide the name, address, phone number, fax number, and email address of the main point of contact for the proposed project.
- D. Project Location(s).** All project proposals must include a clear and detailed color map, preferably GIS, indicating local reference points and the location(s) of the project area size and boundaries. Include photographs, drawings, etc. of the project site(s) as necessary. For land acquisition projects include a detailed legal description of the parcel(s).
- E. Amount of Funding Request.** Specify the total amount of funds requested and identify which funding source(s) should be used if the project is approved.
- F. Total Project Cost.** Specify the total estimated cost of the project, including in-kind and cost-share contributions from project partners.
- G. Project Description and Proposed Activities.** Provide a detailed project description with clearly defined and measurable tasks, by task number, to be accomplished if funding is awarded. Provide any relevant information about species, habitat types and descriptions, surrounding land-uses, etc.

Answer the question: Why does this project need to be funded by this Program? The proposal should have sufficient detail to assess whether the proposed goals and objectives are feasible and can be achieved within the specified timeline and available funding. Clearly define field techniques, restoration or study designs, type of data collection (if any), species survey

methodology (if required) and statistical methods, types of analysis, etc. being conducted if research is a component of the project.

- H. Project Timeline.** Include milestones for each specific task, submittal dates for interim, draft and final reports, and a final completion date for the project.
- I. Existing Habitat and Species Baseline Conditions.** Describe the species and habitat conditions and occurrences at or near the project location(s). Include references to previous biological surveys that can verify the conditions and occurrences. Conditions should be described for target habitats and species as well as for other habitats and species of concern, such as Federal and State listed species.
- J. Measuring Results.** Describe how the results of the project would be measured where implemented. Examples of project results that could be measured are percent cover and survival of plant species after restoration, wildlife and fish species survival, numbers of individuals detected during pre- and post-restoration surveys, increases in baseline conditions of habitat and species, acres of each habitat type that would be acquired or restored, etc. If applicable, describe circumstances of known legal land access versus lands that do not have legal access. Address how not obtaining access to private lands or other areas could potentially affect the results of the project.
- K. Monitoring and Management.** Developing and implementing a long-term monitoring and management plan for the project location(s) is essential to the overall success of the project. Recipients must submit a plan for monitoring and managing the project prior to receiving funding.
- L. Curriculum Vitae and/or Resume.** Provide a one-page resume or curriculum vitae for each person who would be significantly involved in the project.
- M. Literature Cited.** Provide references for all scientific, gray literature, personal communications and other sources used in the preparation of this proposed project.
- N. Relationship to Program's Ranking Criteria.** Each proposal will be ranked and then reviewed and approved by the Nevada Department of Wildlife Grant/Subgrant Management Team.

Each applicant is strongly encouraged to provide a narrative with as much information as possible for each application criterion for each proposal, since awarding of grant funding is strongly tied to ranking scores.

- O. Budget** (provide a detailed budget summary that indicates costs by tasks

and category, including personnel costs, project participants, employee total, fringe benefits also include cost share partners, etc.) Each applicant is strongly encouraged to provide a brief narrative to justify their funding request for each task so the technical team can equitably evaluate the cost-benefit of each proposed action. The budget for the match and all documentation should remain separated from the project cost budget and claims for reimbursements.

- III. RISK ASSESSMENT:** Before selecting an Awardee, NDOW will check the Federal Excluded Parties List System at <https://www.sam.gov/portal/SAM/#1> to determine whether or not the potential Awardee has been suspended or disbarred from receiving federal funds. NDOW will also use the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Financial Assistance Recipient Risk Assessment form to evaluate potential risks posed by applicants.

USE FORM 2: USFWS Risk Assessment Form

- IV. CONTRACTOR/VENDOR OR AWARDEE:** NDOW must determine whether its relationship with an entity will constitute a Contractor/Vendor or Awardee/subrecipient.

USE FORM 1a or 1b: Contractor VS. Awardee/Subrecipient

This determination is important as vendors are subject to various Nevada Revised Statutes, The Nevada State Administrative Manual (SAM) chapter 300, and may require the State of Nevada Board of Examiners (BOE) approval. Alternatively, subrecipients are subject to various federal regulations and SAM 3020. See also [§200.330](#).

Contractors/Vendors are individuals or entities from which state agencies procure goods and services to carry out a project or program.

An **Awardee/Subrecipient** is the result of a contractual agreement between a state department and a third party organization to perform all or a portion of a grant funded project. Similar terms that are commonly used are: sub-award, sub-grant, sub-agreement, and pass through.

- V. APPLICANT REVIEW PROCESS**

FORM 3 or 3a: Proposal Scoring Sheet

The application review processes will be conducted using review criteria that are identified in the grant opportunity guidelines. A standardized scoring system will be used to rate each application against the chosen criteria. (Note: a scoring system is not required if the grant specifies the entity who shall receive the funds and how the funds will be allocated.) The criteria and standardized scoring system (if used) must be established and documented before the grant opportunity is publicized.

Review criteria may include:

1. Project need,
2. Project sustainability,
3. Soundness of approach,
4. Probability of achieving results,
5. Financial management capacity (accounting, timekeeping, and funds management),
6. Project funds raised to date,
7. Geographic coverage,
8. Knowledge of the community being served, and
9. Qualifications of key personnel.

An applicant's past performance as a Grantee of that state agency will also be considered when evaluating a grant application. See also [§200.205](#)

A standardized scoring system is a rating system that assesses how well each grant application conforms to each of the selected criterion. Grant applications are assigned a score for each criterion. Scores for each criterion are tallied to arrive at a cumulative score for each application. The application with the highest total score should be selected for the award, unless other circumstances exist which warrant the award going to a different applicant.

An explanation of why the applicant with the highest score was not selected will be documented and maintained. NDOW will notify applicants of the award winner by either communicating with them directly or posting the winning applicant's name on the agency's website.

Applicants who were not selected for an award can contact the NDOW Grant Monitor to file a complaint. All complaints will be investigated by the Division Grant Monitor, the Division Administrator, and Division Grant Advisory Committee. Results of the investigation will be documented and conveyed to the parties of concern.

VI. GRANT AWARD LETTER: NDOW will issue and present the Award Letter to the Awardee for original signatures. The Award Letter is a standardized, Nevada District Attorney approved template. Only the scope of work, obligations, and budget section may be modified.

USE FORM #15: NDOW Grant Award Agreement

VII. MONITOR THE ACTIVITIES OF THE SUBGRANTEE

USE FORM #4: Monitoring Checklist

VIII. GRANT CLOSE OUT
USE FORM #5: Grant Final Close Out

SECTION II

GRANT INSTRUCTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS (GIR)

State of Nevada
Department of Wildlife
Grants Management Unit

Effective upon review of this manual

GIR-10-1: GRANT INSTRUCTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS (GIR) DEFINED

The Nevada Department of Wildlife (NDOW) Grants Management Unit has adopted these Grant Instructions and Requirements (GIR) to provide all Awardees with essential information relative to financial and administrative requirements for programs funded through NDOW.

Each instruction applies to grants from all funding sources unless otherwise noted.

Each awardee is instructed to maintain a copy of the GIR, which will be verified during fiscal monitoring. Programs that do not follow the requirements outlined in the GIR will jeopardize their receipt of funds.

GIR-10-2: GRANTOR AND GRANTEE/AWARDEE DEFINED

The **Grantor** is the Department of Wildlife (NDOW), which is the State agency responsible for the award and oversight of the funding sources listed in GIR-10-1 as well as any other funding sources that may be assigned to the unit.

The **Grantee/Awardee** is the recipient or subrecipient of the funds listed in GIR-10-1 and any other funding sources that may be assigned by NDOW.

CFR [§200.330](#) Subrecipient and contractor determinations.

FORM 1a or 1b: Contractor VS. Awardee/Subrecipient

The non-Federal entity may concurrently receive Federal awards as a recipient, a subrecipient, and a contractor, depending on the substance of its agreements with Federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. Therefore, a pass-through entity must make case-by-case determinations whether each agreement it makes for the disbursement of Federal program funds casts the party receiving the funds in the role of a subrecipient or a vendor (contractor). The Federal awarding agency may supply and require recipients to comply with additional

guidance to support these determinations provided such guidance does not conflict with this section.

GIR-10-3: GRANTOR AUTHORITY

The Grantor cannot be limited in its rights by the Awardee. As a Grantor, rules and regulations shall supersede Awardee rules and regulations. The State's ability to evaluate the grant will not be curtailed or hampered. This includes access to any fiscal or any other document and/or record pertinent to the program and the right to interview staff, clients, agency personnel or board members in accordance with the procedures of confidentiality and any pertinent State or Federal regulations.

GIR-10-4: RISK ASSESSMENT, see also [§200.205](#)

FORM 2: USFWS Financial Assistance Recipient Risk Assessment Form

Before selecting a sub-Grantee, the Agency should check the Federal Excluded Parties List System at <https://www.sam.gov/portal/SAM/#1> to determine whether or not the potential Awardee has been suspended or disbarred from receiving federal funds.

1. In evaluating risks posed by applicants, the awarding agency will use a risk-based approach and may consider any items such as the following:
 - (1) Financial stability;
 - (2) Quality of management systems and ability to meet the management standards prescribed in this part;
 - (3) History of performance. The applicant's record in managing awards, if it is a prior recipient of awards, including timeliness of compliance with applicable reporting requirements, conformance to the terms and conditions of previous awards, and if applicable, the extent to which any previously awarded amounts will be expended prior to future awards;
 - (4) Reports and findings from audits performed or the reports and findings of any other available audits; and
 - (5) The applicant's ability to effectively implement statutory, regulatory, or other requirements imposed on non-Federal entities.
 - (6) In addition to this review, the awarding agency must comply with the guidelines on government wide suspension and debarment in Title 2 CFR part [180](#), and must require non-Federal entities to comply with these provisions. These provisions restrict Federal awards, subawards and contracts with certain parties that are debarred, suspended or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in Federal programs or activities

2. [§200.207](#) Specific conditions.
 - (a) Based on the criteria set forth in the Risk Assessment or when an applicant or recipient has a history of failure to comply with the general or specific terms and

conditions of an award, or failure to meet expected performance goals as described, or is not otherwise responsible, the awarding agency may impose additional specific award conditions as needed under the procedure specified in paragraph (b) of this section.

These additional award conditions may include items such as the following:

- (1) Requiring payments as reimbursements rather than advance payments;
- (2) Withholding authority to proceed to the next phase until receipt of evidence of acceptable performance within a given period of performance;
- (3) Requiring additional, more detailed financial reports;
- (4) Requiring additional project monitoring;
- (5) Requiring the entity to obtain technical or management assistance; or
- (6) Establishing additional prior approvals.

(b) The awarding agency or pass-through entity must notify the awardee entity as to:

- (1) The nature of the additional requirements;
- (2) The reason why the additional requirements are being imposed;
- (3) The nature of the action needed to remove the additional requirement, if applicable;
- (4) The time allowed for completing the actions if applicable;
- (5) The method for requesting reconsideration of the additional requirements imposed.

GIR-10-5: REQUIRED CERTIFICATION see also [§200.415](#)

A. To assure that expenditures are proper and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Federal award and approved project budgets, the annual and final fiscal reports or vouchers requesting payment under the agreement must include a certification, signed by an official who is authorized to legally bind the non-Federal entity, which reads as follows: **“By signing this report, I certify to the best of my knowledge and belief that the report is true, complete, and accurate, and the expenditures, disbursements and cash receipts are for the purposes and objectives set forth in the terms and conditions of the Federal award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent information, or the omission of any material fact, may subject me to criminal, civil or administrative penalties for fraud, false statements, false claims or otherwise. (U.S. Code Title 18, Section 1001 and Title 31, Sections 3729-3730 and 3801-3812).”**

FORM #6: Request for Reimbursement

B. Certification of cost allocation plan or indirect (F&A) cost rate proposal. Each cost allocation plan or indirect (F&A) cost rate proposal must comply with the following:

- (1) A proposal to establish a cost allocation plan or an indirect (F&A) cost rate, whether submitted to a Federal cognizant agency for indirect costs or maintained on file by the non-Federal entity, must be certified by the non-Federal entity using the Certificate of Cost Allocation Plan or Certificate of

Indirect Costs as set forth in Appendices III through VII. The certificate must be signed on behalf of the non-Federal entity by an individual at a level no lower than vice president or chief financial officer of the non-Federal entity that submits the proposal.

- (2) Unless the non-Federal entity has elected the option under §200.414 Indirect (F&A) costs, paragraph (f), the Federal government may either disallow all indirect (F&A) costs or unilaterally establish such a plan or rate when the non-Federal entity fails to submit a certified proposal for establishing such a plan or rate in accordance with the requirements. Such a plan or rate may be based upon audited historical data or such other data that have been furnished to the cognizant agency for indirect costs and for which it can be demonstrated that all unallowable costs have been excluded. When a cost allocation plan or indirect cost rate is unilaterally established by the Federal government because the non-Federal entity failed to submit a certified proposal, the plan or rate established will be set to ensure that potentially unallowable costs will not be reimbursed.

- C. Certifications by non-profit organizations as appropriate that they did not meet the definition of a major corporation as defined in [§200.414](#) Indirect (F&A) costs, paragraph (a).
- D. See also [§200.450](#) Lobbying for another required certification.

GIR-10-6: AUDIT REQUIREMENTS see also CFR [§200.500](#) & [§200.514](#)

A non-Federal entity that expends \$750,000 or more during the non-Federal entity's fiscal year in Federal awards must have a single or program-specific audit conducted for that year in accordance with the provisions of OMB-133. The audit must be conducted in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS).

GIR-10-7: CONTINUED MONITORING OF THE AWARDEE
FORM #4: Grant Monitoring Checklist

The Grantor will monitor the activities of the subrecipient as necessary to ensure that the subaward is used for authorized purposes, in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the subaward; and that subaward performance goals are achieved.

Pass-through entity monitoring of the subrecipient must include:

- (1) Reviewing financial and programmatic reports required by the pass-through entity.
- (2) Following-up and ensuring that the subrecipient takes timely and appropriate action on all deficiencies pertaining to the Federal award provided to the subrecipient from the pass-through entity detected through audits, on-site reviews, and other means.

- (3) Issuing a management decision for audit findings pertaining to the Federal award provided to the subrecipient from the pass-through entity as required by [§200.521](#) Management decision.

Remedies for noncompliance: [§200.338](#)

If a non-Federal entity fails to comply with Federal statutes, regulations or the terms and conditions of a Federal award, the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity may impose additional conditions, as described in [§200.207](#) Specific conditions. If the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity determines that noncompliance cannot be remedied by imposing additional conditions, the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity may take one or more of the following actions, as appropriate in the circumstances:

- (a) Temporarily withhold cash payments pending correction of the deficiency by the non-Federal entity or more severe enforcement action by the Federal awarding agency or pass through entity.
- (b) Disallow (that is, deny both use of funds and any applicable matching credit) all or part of the cost of the activity or action not in compliance.
- (c) Entirely or partly suspend or terminate the Federal award.
- (d) Initiate suspension or debarment proceedings as authorized under 2 CFR part 180 and Federal awarding agency regulations (or in the case of a pass-through entity, recommend such a proceeding be initiated by a Federal awarding agency).
- (e) Withhold further Federal awards for the project or program.
- (f) Take other remedies that may be legally available.

GIR-10-8: CONFIDENTIALITY

All Grantees are required to comply with applicable State and Federal confidentiality and privacy rules.

GIR-10-9: CONTROLLING DOCUMENTS

For purposes of administration and decisions regarding compliance and operations, the approved grant proposal, agreement, budget and associated assurances constitute the controlling documents. Both the Grantee and the Grantor shall reference these documents when interpreting or applying rules.

GIR-10-10: GRANTEE/AWARDEE RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

1. REPORTING: The Grantee organization assumes full responsibility for fiscal administration, timely submission of required reports, program management including personnel, and meeting the goals and objectives in the approved grant applications. The Grantee does not relinquish responsibility by having a board or representative act on its behalf.

2. COMPLIANCE: The Grantee is responsible for complying with all requirements of the award.
 - a. Federal awards include the following provisions:
 - 1.) Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA), which includes requirements on reporting on executive compensation. See 2 CFR part 25 and 2 CFR part 170.

The State of Nevada is required to report to whom federal dollars are sub-granted to. This requirement is applicable to all federal awards over \$25,000. The FSRS.gov site is the reporting database that is used to report Grantee activities.

- 2.) Whistleblower protections. See 10 U.S.C. 2409, 41 U.S.C. 4712, and 10 U.S.C. 2324, 41 U.S.C. 4304 and 4310.
3. RETENTION OF RECORDS: also see [§200.323](#)
Financial records, supporting documents, statistical records, and all other entity records pertinent to an award must be retained for a period of three years from the date of submission of the final expenditure report or for awards that are renewed quarterly or annually, from the date of the submission of the quarterly or annual financial report.
4. CONFLICT OF INTEREST: The Grantee will establish safeguards to prevent employees, consultants, or members of governing bodies from using their positions for purposes that are, or give appearance of being, motivated by the desire for private gain for themselves or others with whom they have ties, such as, family or business, etc.

All state employees and grant reviewers involved in the grant process must disclose in writing any conflict of interest for each grant issuance they participate in. The written disclosure must identify any grant applicant with which they have an actual or perceived conflict of interest. The grant process includes activities such as developing or evaluating grant guidelines or applications, awarding a grant, drafting or entering into a grant agreement, evaluating Grantee performance, and authorizing payments to the Grantee.

Examples of conflict of interests:

- a. Uses their status or position to obtain special advantage, benefit, or access to the Grantee.
- b. Receives money or anything else of value from a grant applicant or subrecipient, or has equity or a financial interest in an applicant organization.
- c. Is an employee, board member, or has any relationship that can be perceived as a conflict of interest with a grant applicant or subrecipient.

If an actual or perceived conflict of interest is thought to exist, appropriate steps should be taken to avoid the conflict. These steps may include reassigning the duties associated with the particular grant to another employee or grant reviewer, or requiring

the employee or grant reviewer to remove themselves from the discussion or decision that is affected by the conflict. At a minimum, all internal parties who are involved with the situation must be made aware of the actual or perceived conflict, even if it is not serious enough to remove or reassign the employee or grant reviewer. The conflict and resolution should be documented and maintained by the agency.

5. ACCOUNTABILITY: The Grantee shall maintain effective control and accountability for all grant funds, property, and other assets. Good internal control necessitates that fiscal responsibilities be clearly established. Written policies covering personnel and accounting procedures must be documented in a policies and procedures manual or other similar document.
 - a. The documentation for all transactions, controls and other significant events must be clear and **readily available** for examination. All documentation such as invoices, contracts, etc., should be maintained at the Grantee's principal place of business. If they are not, the Grantee must bear the cost of making original documents available for examination by the State.
6. AMENDMENTS: Any activities that deviate from the goals identified in the grant agreement must receive prior approval from the Grant Monitor and may require a written amendment to the grant agreement.
7. SPECIAL EVENTS: Grantees must notify the Grant Monitor of any special events such as conferences, workshops, or events for which these grant funds are to be used at least one week in advance of the event.
8. LEGAL ACTION: Grantees must notify the Grant Monitor immediately regarding any legal action or negative publicity related to grant-funded events, activities, services, purchases, or outreach.
9. NONCOMPLIANCE: All instructions, requirements, and regulations for grants administered through NDOW are applicable to subawards, mini-grants, contracts or other mechanisms passing on these funds. It is the responsibility of the Grantee to ensure compliance through monitoring, reporting, site visits, or other means. The Department may implement probationary measures with the Grantee for noncompliance on the part of the subgrantee or contractor. [See GIR-10-23(2).]
10. GRANT INSTRUCTIONS: Grant Instructions and Requirements apply to all Grantees. Decisions made by the Grant Monitor must be based on the GIR, grant agreements, approved budgets, grant assurances, program policies and procedures, and fiscal policies and procedures including those in the State Administrative Manual (SAM) and in any Federal OMB circulars that apply to the funding source. In cases of disagreement regarding grant administration, Grantees should take the following steps:

- a. Request that the Grant Monitor provide the specific documentation upon which a decision is based. Written response will be made within seven working days.
- b. If this does not resolve the disagreement, request that the Grant Monitor consult the Director of NDOW, as well as the Administrator of Program and/or Fiscal Services, for review of the issues. Written response will be made within seven working days.
- c. If the disagreement is still unresolved, request that the matter be reviewed by the Department Director, whose decision will be final and will not be open to further discussion or challenge.

11. **COMMUNICATION:** All interactions between Grantees and NDOW staff will be conducted with honesty, courtesy, and respect. It is essential that a professional relationship be maintained in order to properly administer the grant and provide effective services in the community.

- a. Conduct that interferes with the administration of the grant or negatively impacts the ability to provide effective program services may result in termination of the grant after the Department carefully reviews the circumstances. The Department will report termination decisions to NDOW Grants Management Advisory Committee.

12. **TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE:** Technical assistance within the capacity of NDOW or fiscal staff or through available resources will be provided, as work load permits, to Grantees on the following basis:

- a. At the request of the Grants Management Advisory Committee (GMAC)
- b. At the request of the Grantee
- c. At the request of the Grant Monitor
- d. In accordance with direction from the Director of NDOW, the Administrator of Fiscal Services, the Administrator of the Program or the Program Manager.

13. **TIMELINES:** Timeliness of report submission will be tracked and noted in the grant file. Any extensions or exceptions to requirements must also be noted in the grant file.

14. **PROCUREMENT OF RECOVERED MATERIALS:** See also CFR [§200.322](#)

A non-Federal entity that is a state agency or agency of a political subdivision of a state and its contractors must comply with section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. The requirements of Section 6002 include procuring only items designated in guidelines of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at [40 CFR part 247](#) that contain the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable, consistent with maintaining a satisfactory level of competition, where the purchase price of the item exceeds \$10,000 or the value of the quantity acquired by the preceding fiscal year exceeded \$10,000; procuring solid waste management services in a manner that maximizes energy and resource recovery; and establishing an affirmative procurement program for procurement of recovered materials identified in the EPA guidelines.

15. MANDATORY DISCLOSURES: The non-Federal entity or applicant for a Federal award must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity all violations of Federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the Federal award. Failure to make required disclosures can result in any of the remedies described in [§200.338](#) Remedies for noncompliance, including suspension or debarment. (See also 2 CFR part 180 and 31 U.S.C. 3321).

GIR-10-11: COST SHARING OR MATCHING REQUIREMENTS see also [§200.306](#)

FORM #7: Value of Donated Equipment

FORM #8: Value of Donated Labor

FORM #9: Value of Donated Material

Any match requirements will be discussed in the Request for Proposals for each funding source. Match may be cash contributions or in-kind match. Proposed matches are checked during site reviews or when documentation for payment/reimbursement is reviewed. Grantees must maintain documents substantiating any cost sharing or matching. All matches must directly benefit the program for which the funds are granted.

Values for non-Federal entity contributions of services and property must be established in accordance with CFR [§200.306](#) and CFR [§200.434](#) Contributions and donations. Value of donated land, buildings, equipment and third party in-kind contributions of goods and services must be documented and cannot exceed the fair market value.

NOTE: In order to value donated labor, equipment, or materials, at least three quotes must be obtained and attached to verify the rate is at fair market value or the donation will be considered *invalid*.

All Grantees must maintain records that clearly show the source, amount, and timing of all match contributions.

The following may be used as non-federal cash match:

1. Local appropriations from governmental agencies.
2. Funds contributed from private sources.
3. Salaries of existing personnel who are transferred to grant activities ONLY if the original positions are filled with new personnel and the salaries are not claimed for reimbursement.

NOTE: The agency must prove additional staffing was hired to do the original assignments at a comparable salary rate.

The following may be used as “in-kind” match:

1. Donations of expendable equipment, office supplies, workshop or classroom materials, or workspace. (Please use Donated Equipment and Donated Material Valuation forms included in Appendix.)
2. The monetary value of time contributed by professional and technical personnel and other skilled and unskilled labor if the services they provide are an integral and necessary part of the funded project.

NOTE: The value placed on loaned or donated equipment may not exceed its fair rental value. The value placed on donated services must be consistent with the rate of compensation paid for similar work in the organization or the labor market. Fringe benefits may be included by the recipient organization for its own employees.

3. All volunteer services claimed as the non-state portion of the matching grant must be documented by time records and signed by both the volunteer and supervisor. Time accounting for project volunteers is identical to that required for paid personnel. Such records must show the actual hours worked and the basis for determining the volunteer's contribution rate. (Please use Donated Labor Valuation form included in Appendix.)

Time cards should also include:

- a. Daily date
- b. Start time and end time
- c. Total daily hours worked
- d. Hourly rate applied
- e. Total daily value

4. Rates charged for volunteers serving within their profession must be consistent with rates paid in state government for comparable activities.
5. If a volunteer performs services outside his profession, that labor must be assessed at federal minimum wage unless a higher rate is approved by NDOW or rates for third-party volunteer services must be consistent with those paid for similar work by the non-Federal entity. In those instances in which the required skills are not found in the non-Federal entity, rates must be consistent with those paid for similar work in the labor market in which the non-Federal entity competes for the kind of services involved.
6. In-kind contributions for items other than personnel services must reflect fair market value and must be of such nature that if the state share were used to pay for the contribution, the Grantee would have incurred an allowable cost. Documentation of fair market value should be attached in order to validate the current/claimed market value. The non-state share is subject to audit, along with the state share.

7. Indirect cost rates may be claimed only if the agency has a pre-negotiated agreement with the federal government, i.e. the Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (NICRA) documentation. A copy of the pre-negotiated agreement must be submitted to NDOW.
8. The matching share must be spent by the end of the period for which the federal grant period has been made available. If the matching share is spent after the close of a grant period then the Awardee will cover 100% of all costs after the close of the grant.

GIR-10-12: REPORTING FRAUD AND ABUSE

The State of Nevada does not tolerate fraud, waste, or abuse of state and federal funds. Use the Hot Line to report any incidents. All Awardee, Vendors, and Contractors are asked to assist the State of Nevada in preventing fraud, waste, and abuse of state and federal funds by calling the fraud hotline. Call 775-687-0150. For more information visit www.iaudits.nv.gov

- Inappropriate use of state funds or federal funds received by a state agency.
- Inappropriate vendor or contractor relations.
- Diversion, manipulation, misapplication, maltreatment, or misuse of state resources.
- Incomplete support for a payment, i.e. no hotel receipt for a travel claim or receiving report for office supplies.
- Unusual purchases or purchases not included in an approved budget.

The Awarding entity and/or the Awardee must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity all violations of Federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the award. Failure to make required disclosures can result in any of the remedies described in [§200.338](#) Remedies for noncompliance, including suspension or debarment. (See also 2 CFR part 180 and 31 U.S.C. 3321).

GIR-10-13: DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS see ALSO [§200.415](#)

1. Direct costs can be identified specifically with particular cost objectives such as a grant, contract, project, function or activity. Direct costs will be outlined in the Grantees agreement with NDOW and considered at the time of proposal. Allowable indirect is dependent on the Federal Sponsor and Program Manager. All indirect rates allowable in a program will be in accordance to current rates set by the federal agency, submitted to NDOW, and approved NICRA.

Direct costs may be considered “administrative” in nature, as compared with direct costs that are “programmatically” in nature. Administrative costs that can be traced directly back to the program should be identified within the grant budget as a line item expense per the Federal Grant funding source guidelines and requirements.

For example, a Director of a non-profit who has completed a time-study may be able to directly relate a certain percentage of time to a particular grant. This would be considered a direct administrative cost. A Director who has no direct relationship with a program still needs to perform the work of the Director. This is an indirect cost. Rent can be considered a direct cost but is normally allocated among all grants or projects managed by a Grantee.

2. Indirect costs represent the expenses of doing business that are not readily identified with a particular grant, contract, project function or activity, but are necessary for the general operation of the organization and the conduct of activities it performs. Looking at it another way, indirect costs are those costs that are not classified as direct. If a cost can be identified or quantified, then it is not an indirect cost. Grantee budgets should not list any specific expenses in the indirect category.

NOTE: Proposals submitted with a budgeted F&A rate/Indirect Cost rate which is less than the published rate are required to be accompanied by a Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Waiver. The Waiver will show the current published rate and the acceptance of the reduced rate.

EXAMPLE:

On behalf of _____ University _____, I write to inform you that a waiver of F&A costs in relation to Professor _____ proposed project with the Nevada Department of Wildlife has been approved. F&A on the project will be reduced from our federally negotiated rate of 43.11% to 17.5%. A copy of the approved waiver follows this letter.

3. The Awardee must provide an approved federally recognized indirect cost rate negotiated (NICRA) between the Awardee and the Federal government or, if no such rate exists, either a rate negotiated between the pass-through entity and the Awardee (in compliance with this part), or a *de minimis* indirect cost rate as defined in [§200.414](#).
4. Specific requirements for development and submission of indirect (F&A) cost rate proposals and cost allocation plans can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations as provided below:
 - [Appendix III to Part 200](#): Indirect (F&A) Costs Identification and Assignment, and Rate Determination for Institutions of Higher Education (IHEs)
 - [Appendix IV to Part 200](#): Indirect (F&A) Costs Identification and Assignment, and Rate Determination for Nonprofit Organizations
 - [Appendix V to Part 200](#): State/Local Government wide Central Service Cost Allocation Plans
 - [Appendix VI to Part 200](#): Public Assistance Cost Allocation Plans
 - [Appendix VII to Part 200](#): States and Local Government and Indian Tribe Indirect Cost Proposals

GIR-10-14: ALLOWABILITY AND ALLOCABILITY OF COSTS, See also CFR [§200.405](#)

1. For a cost to be allowable as a charge against grant funds, it must first be specifically included in the approved grant budget, allocable to that grant, and consistent with the goals and objectives of the grant. In most cases, grants made through NDOW will follow State and Federal guidance with regard to allowability and allocability of costs.
 - a. State guidance is found in the [Nevada State Administrative Manual](#).
 - b. Federal guidance is found in OMB Circular [A-21](#) for colleges and universities, OMB Circular [A-87](#) for state and local governments, and OMB Circular [A-122](#) for nonprofit Grantees. In accordance with these circulars, a cost is allocable to a particular cost objective (program) to the extent of the benefit received or in accordance with the relative benefit received.
 - c. When deemed necessary and appropriate, the Department reserves the right to establish and enforce policies that are more restrictive than the aforementioned guidelines. Any such policies are included in the GIR and/or in documents referenced in the GIR.
 - d. There are certain allowable and unallowable costs that are unique to each type of grant. If you are not sure a cost is allowable, please call NDOW.
2. **Cost allocation.** See also CFR [§200.416](#), means that, if a Grantee incurs a cost for goods or services used by more than one program, the cost must be charged to all programs. Each program will be charged for the percentage of the cost of the goods or services used by each program. The method for determining that percentage is discussed below under number. 2(a).

This requirement must be taken into consideration when a Grantee incurs a cost that benefits more than one cost objective (program). One example would be having one director who works for two different programs. Another example would be a utility bill for a building used for two different programs, each with separate and distinct funding.

When there are multiple cost objectives, the Grantee must do the following.

- a. Develop and document a reasonable methodology for determining how each applicable cost will be allocated to each cost objective (program) involved. This method must be designed to allocate to a program the portion of the cost that benefits the program. Examples of reasonable methodologies include, but are not limited to the following.
 - (1) The salary of a single person performing duties for multiple programs will be allocated based on the time the person spends on each program as documented by time studies or on timesheets indicating time actually spent on each program.
 - (2) Facility expenses for a building housing multiple programs will be allocated based on the number of square feet used by each program as documented by a building-use study or by determining a reasonable percentage of the space utilized by staff associated with the funded program.
 - (3) General office supplies should be allocated based upon the number of full time employees (FTE) working on each funding source and the same percentages used to

- allocate salaries to different programs. For example, if a position is working 100% of the time for a specific grant, that grant should be charged 100% of the per FTE charge for general office supplies. If a position is allocated 25% to one grant and 75% to another grant, the per FTE charge for general office supplies for that position should be split in the same 25%/75% ratio. The per FTE charge for general office supplies is the total amount spent on office supplies divided by total FTEs.
- b. Maintain documentation that supports the allocation of a cost to each program based on the methodology developed pursuant to number 2(a) above. Examples of this type of documentation include, but are not limited to the following.
 - (1) Time studies
 - (2) Vehicle use studies
 - (3) Building use studies
3. To be allowable under a grant award, costs must also meet the following criteria.
- a. Be necessary and reasonable for proper and efficient performance and administration of fund awards;
 - b. Conform to any limitations or exclusions set forth in these instructions, or other governing limitations as to type or amount of cost items;
 - c. Be consistent with policies and procedures that apply uniformly to fund financed and other activities of the organization;
 - d. Be accorded consistent treatment;
 - e. Be determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - f. Be adequately documented.
4. If a reimbursed cost is later disallowed, it must be repaid to NDOW.

GIR 10-15: ALLOWABILITY OF SPECIFIC COSTS, see also [§200.31](#), [§200.403](#), [§200.404](#), [§200.408](#), [§200.410](#)

Policies set forth in this section supersede any less restrictive State or Federal policies that may apply to grant-funded programs. Some federal awarding agencies may have specifics that are unallowable recipients and should refer to the federal agencies policies. All purchases must be necessary to the operation of the project. Receipts or invoices are required for all purchases and/or payments.

1. Meals and Food

- a. Meals for an employee are reimbursable only when the employee is in travel status. Reimbursement is subject to the NDOW's travel policies and procedures. [See [GIR 10-11\(7\)](#).]
- b. Meals and refreshments - Refer to your grant and program specifics for allowable and unallowable costs, this is dependent on grant specifics.

2. Travel: *See appendix for further discussion on travel*

- a. Travel costs are allowable only if they provide a direct benefit to the grant-funded project and are included in the Grantee's approved budget.
- b. When billing for certain travel expenses, a Travel Reimbursement Request form must be utilized to detail the specific trip. Required documents must be attached to the associated Request for Funds.
 - (1) Reimbursement is allowed in accordance with the Grantee's established policies or up to the U.S. General Services Administration (<http://www.GSA.gov>) rate established for the employee's destination, whichever is less. An exception may be made for lodging that is procured at a prearranged place such as a hotel when a meeting, conference or training session is held.
 - (2) Invoices for airfare, lodging and car rental must be attached to the associated Request for Funds along with a printout of the GSA rate for the area visited.
- c. When submitting a request for local mileage reimbursement, Grantees should include on the transaction list the number of miles traveled and the reimbursement rate. [See [GIR 10-12\(4\)\(f\)\(2\).](#)]

3. Training

- a. Training costs are allowable provided they are part of your approved award, funding is available, and the training is necessary for the success of the project.
- b. All costs incurred due to training are incorporated in this expenditure category and must follow state travel regulations and rates, unless local rates are more stringent.

4. Personnel Costs, Compensation—fringe benefits. See also [§200.431](#)

- a. Personnel costs include salaries, overtime, fringe benefits, and other employee-related direct costs.
- b. An agency must have employee policies and procedures in place.
- c. Time and Attendance Records – Accurate time and attendance records are required to be maintained on all personnel whose salaries are charged to the project. Where salaries apply to execution of two or more grant programs or cost activities, a pro-ration of costs to each activity must be made based on time and/or effort reports. These records should contain the following information:
 - i. Employee's name and title.
 - ii. Dates (day, month and year) and hours charged to the project. All work should be documented on a day-by-day basis. Lumping of days/hours/activities is not allowed.
 - iii. Hourly wage.
 - iv. Grant activity conducted.

Information required for reimbursement:

The Grantee must attach support documentation for each claim to justify personnel costs. This could take the form of a pay stub, payroll printout or comparable documentation that show hours worked, gross salary, overtime, insurance, and other benefits.

Overtime must be provided for in the approved project budget, or prior approval must be obtained from NDOW before a significant amount of overtime is worked.

The Grantee may use any form that provides the above information.

IN NO CASE IS DUAL COMPENSATION ALLOWABLE.

5. Tuition

Tuition for a graduate student is allowable provided that the expense is included in the Grantee's approved budget. Tuition reimbursement must be commensurate with the time the student actually works on the grant project and should support classes that are relevant to the grant project.

6. Fees

Late fees, non-sufficient fund fees, credit card interest charges, and reconnect fees are not allowable.

GIR-10-16: DISBURSEMENT OF FUNDS

FORM #14: Vendor Registration

FORM #6: Request for Reimbursement

All Awardees **must** register with the [State of Nevada Controller's Office](#) in order to receive payments of any kind. All USA payees of the State of Nevada will submit a completed Nevada Vendor Registration to establish a vendor record in the accounting database. A Nevada Vendor Registration is also required to change a Federal Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) to an existing vendor record.

Non-USA entities are considered foreign vendors. A Foreign Vendor Registration and a completed IRS Form W-8 will be submitted via standard mail to our office in order to receive payment.

Generally, the requirements set forth below should be followed; Grantees should refer to their signed agreement with NDOW and Program Requirements for specifics. Funds will be reimbursed on a monthly or quarterly basis and should refer to the specific grant guidelines and program requirements set forth in the Grantees signed agreement with NDOW.

Request for Funds:

Documentation supporting the Request for Funds (RFF) form must be submitted along with the request in the form of a detailed transaction list, by budget expense category, as seen in the budget found in the signed agreement. The transaction list may be in the form of an Excel spreadsheet if the Grantee does not have an accounting software package that generates a transaction list. The detailed transaction list **MUST** reconcile completely to the Request for Funds. It is the Grantee's responsibility to include appropriate subtotals and totals on the transaction list to demonstrate that it does, in fact, reconcile completely to the Request for

Funds. The transaction list and supporting documents must be kept on file for review at the time of NDOW's fiscal monitoring. In addition to receipt/invoices for each expense requested, the detailed transaction list must include, at a minimum:

- Every single item the Grantee is asking to be reimbursed for by expense category. List each item individually;
- Check number or other transaction identifier;
- Date of payment;
- Payee; and
- Amount of payment.

Where applicable, the following information must also be included on the transaction list:

- a) If an expense on the transaction list is not charged to the grant in its entirety, the Grantee must include a notation listing the amount charged to the grant.
- b) If reimbursement is requested for the purchase of gift cards, gift certificates, bus passes, and other like items, the corresponding log must be attached to the RFF.
- c) If the Grantee received a rebate or credit associated with an expense charged to the grant, the amount must be included on the transaction list and deducted from the reimbursement request.
- d) More detail may be required at the discretion of NDOW.

Fee-For-Service Budgets:

For fee-for-service budgets, documentation supporting the units of service provided during the reimbursement period does not need to be submitted along with the Request for Funds. However, documentation does need to be maintained for review during site visits and program monitoring by NDOW staff. Specific documentation will depend on the kind of service provided and will be determined by NDOW prior to submission of the first Request for Funds. Grantees will be reimbursed on a fee-for-service basis only if the budget was submitted and approved as a fee-for-service budget prior to the start of the fiscal year.

Procedure – for submitting invoices for reimbursement:

Grantees must submit a **Request for Funds Form** to NDOW, as per the grant agreement. The Request for Funds must be completed in full. Questionable costs, incomplete fields, missing documentation or mathematical inaccuracies will result in a delay of funds being issued and the Request for Funds may be returned to the Grantee for corrections. All claims must have supporting documentation that balances to the amounts being claimed for each category. Only authorized expenditures will be reimbursed.

GIR-10-17: BUDGET MODIFICATIONS AND PROJECT CHANGE REQUESTS

FORM #10: Project Change Request

The Grantee must secure prior written approval from NDOW for any revision to their funding agreement. A "Project Change Request" form, as well as a written justification for the change must be submitted to NDOW. (Please use Project Change form #10 included in the Appendix.) The Grantee must receive a signed, approved copy of the "Project Change Request" from NDOW before implementing a requested change. A project change request will not be valid if submitted after the expiration of the grant period.

A Project Change Request shall be submitted under the following circumstances:

1. Change in scope of work.
2. Changing the amount of an approved category. Funds may be moved from one approved category to another with proper justification.
3. Requests for moving funds into a previously non-approved category. This requires an essential need for the success of the project. *NOTE: funds may not be increased; they must be taken from approved categories.
4. When a project director is changed. Please submit vitae for a new project director along with Project Change Request Form.
5. When requesting a project time period extension.

Changes within the same category do not require submission of the Project Change Request form. However, a justification explaining any significant changes from the approved budget should be submitted to NDOW for prior approval. Project Change Requests must be submitted with an original signature. Faxed or emailed copies will not be accepted.

If the project cannot be completed within the period specified in the funding agreement, the Grantee must submit to NDOW a written request (with a Project Change Request form) explaining the programmatic reason for extension of the grant period. This should be submitted at least 60 days prior to the expiration date of the project. The request should state the reason for the excess time and the effect denial that the request would have on the project.

If a grant extension is allowed, monthly progress reports may be required to be submitted on progress report forms no later than 10 calendar days from the preceding month.

If an extension request is not submitted prior to the project's expiration date, the original project expiration date stands. Any remaining funds will be forfeited.

1. All transfers between budget categories require a **Budget Modification Request (BMR)**. Recipients should contact their NDOW Program Manager for specific forms and procedures. Proposed expenditures must be consistent with approved goals for the current grant agreement. Approved BMRs must be received by the Grantee prior to implementation of request.
2. **Requests for budget modifications must be made prior to expenditure of funds for non-budgeted items.** Failure to request modifications in advance of expenditures may result in not receiving reimbursement for the expenditures and/or corrective action.
3. Changing line items within a budget category require approval by the NDOW Program Manager, which must be documented in writing (may be via email).

4. Budget Modification Requests (BMR) may be approved by the NDOW Program Manager, however limitations may apply in amounts that are subject to the guidelines provided by the awarding agency.
5. Multiple modifications may require additional justification and approval.

GIR-10-18: EQUIPMENT AND INVENTORY REQUIREMENTS, see also [§200.33](#)
FORM #11: Equipment Tracking

The State of Nevada Administrative Manual (SAM) prescribes rules and regulations governing purchase and disposition of property that will prevail unless local rules and regulations are more restrictive. Equipment purchases may or may not be allowable under the granting agency's policies. Recipients should refer to the granting agency's policies for equipment, signed grant agreement, and program requirements. Specific allowances may apply.

1. Grantees must establish a system of accounting for all equipment purchases of \$1,000 or more and for purchases of any amount that include computers, computer accessories (e.g., printers, scanners), computer software or other electronic devices such as fax machines. The system must include, at a minimum, a listing of all equipment purchased with grant funds, the date purchased, the funding source, the cost, the serial number or other identifying number, the physical location and disposition. An ongoing inventory must be maintained for all items purchased with grant funds that meet all of the following criteria:
 - Has an anticipated useful life extending beyond one year;
 - Is not consumed in use;
 - Is not attached permanently as a non-movable fixture;
 - Had a purchase price of \$1,000 or more, or is a computer or software;
 - NDOW Program Managers may also request that Grantees inventory certain other items (e.g., furniture, GPS systems and webcams);
 - Grantees should conduct a physical inventory periodically (no less than annually) and compare it to the written records. If a Grantee has equipment or property purchased with grant funds they no longer use, a listing of the items must be sent to the agency for review and follow up. NDOW may require items to be returned to NDOW for use within the program. If an item is no longer usable then surplus will be allowed;
 - Following termination of a grant agreement, NDOW may direct the Grantee to retain or transfer to NDOW any non-consumable materials purchased with grant funds. [If equipment is liquidated, use of the proceeds must be approved by NDOW. If equipment or property was purchased with Federal funds and the fair market value is at least \$5,000, the granting agency must be reimbursed after liquidation. Refer to specific requirements set forth by the granting agency.]

2. Grant Monitors may also request that Grantees inventory certain other items.
3. Following termination of a grant under NDOW, the subgrantee must submit a letter with a final inventory to NDOW that addresses whether the program continues after funding ends and whether the equipment continues to be used in a project-related capacity.
4. Title of Property: Title to all property purchased with grant funds will be considered the property of the Grantee agency. The Grantee will maintain title on property as long as there is a need for the property to accomplish the purpose of that project, whether or not the project continues to be supported with grant funding.

If NDOW determines the equipment/property is being used for non-project related functions, title to the property will be vested to the State of Nevada which will seek to have the property used elsewhere in the state.

5. Disposition: See also [§200.443](#)

Disposition of equipment or property usually takes **one of three forms**, which include the following:

- a. Using existing property in a sale or trade to obtain a newer model or to upgrade existing equipment. When this situation occurs, NDOW must be made aware of such transaction. NDOW will determine if the new equipment is applicable to the project and amend the equipment record to reflect the changes.
- b. When a Grantee determines there is no further use for equipment, NDOW and that agency must assess if the fair market value is more than \$1,000. If it is jointly agreed, the value is less than \$1,000, the proper paperwork is filed and the Grantee agency becomes the sole owner of that property. If the fair market value is determined to be \$1,000 or more, NDOW has the right to transfer equipment to another project to be used as per the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) under which the Federal award was funded. NDOW assesses each case individually.
- c. If a Grantee requests that properties be transferred within the agency to a program unrelated to the funded project, an assessment must be made to determine if the equipment's value is more than \$1,000. If it is, NDOW has the right to transfer the equipment to another project to be used in related functions. Each case is assessed individually.

Compensation will be computed by applying the percentage of federal participation in the cost of the original project to the current fair market value of the property.

GIR-10-19: CONTRACTS AND PROCUREMENT OF GOODS AND SERVICES, see also [§200.459](#)
FORM #12: Competitive Negotiation and Small Purchases

Independent contractor services must follow state regulations. **NRS 284.173(2)** defines an independent contractor as “a natural person, firm or corporation who agrees to perform services for a fixed price according to his or its own methods and without subjection to the supervision or control of the other contracting party, except as to the results of the work, and not as to the means by which the services are accomplished.”

- A. Architects, engineers, and related professionals, and members of trades can be paid at recognized rates established by the industry or by demonstrated previous practices. The contractor may enter into a fixed-fee contract not based upon an hourly rate. The consultant is required to prepare an invoice for professional services. The consultant will not exceed the rate for professional services established in consultation with NDOW prior to beginning work.

Professional qualifications of staff, consultants, or principal investigators undertaking grant-related work must meet applicable minimum qualifications. NDOW will review the professional qualifications of the project staff and consultants. If project staff and/or consultants are acquired after the award, NDOW must review and approve professional qualifications prior to project commencement.

Transportation and subsistence costs for travel may not exceed the state travel rates and regulations as described in **Section IV, TRAVEL**.

Dual compensation is not allowed.

Consultants employed by state and local governments will only be allowed when the unit of government will not provide their services without cost. In these cases, the rate of compensation is not to exceed the daily salary rate paid by the unit of government.

- B. Contract Review

Grantees shall adhere to purchasing rules set out in chapter 333 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

1. If the estimated annual amount required to perform the contract is more than \$25,000, but not more than \$50,000, Grantees shall document competitive negotiations. (Please use **FORM #12 : Competitive Negotiation and Small Purchases**).
2. Contracts for more than \$50,000 shall be advertised for bid in a general circulation newspaper within the county of the project.
3. If you believe a sole-source situation exists, that conviction must be demonstrated to the satisfaction of NDOW. All sole-source contracts must have prior NDOW approval.

PROCUREMENT OF GOODS OR SERVICE, see also [§200.318](#) General Procurement standards.

The primary objective is to obtain materials, supplies, qualified services and equipment at the most reasonable cost to the taxpayer, to supply the agency as quickly as possible, and to afford vendors competitive opportunity. ALL PROCUREMENT TRANSACTIONS will be conducted in a manner to provide, to the maximum extent practical, open and free competition. To ensure maximum open and free competition, bidders' lists should be maintained and updated as required. Advertising of competitive requirements in local newspapers and trade publications is important in order to achieve more effective competition. Procurement of all goods and services shall be documented in accordance with chapter 332 of the Nevada Revised Statutes. State preference laws/ordinances have always required special attention by the awarding agency. (Please refer to NRS, chapter 333, included in the Appendix.)

Also, prior to procurement of goods/materials, the project director should get approval from NDOW that those good/materials meet the Secretary of Interior's Standards, the approved scope of work, and that they can be used on the project.

Established methods of procurement include:

1. Interdepartmental Transfer of Funds – normally applies to state and local governments. In certain instances a viable method to satisfy a requirement is funds transfer to another unit of the organization where the capability exists. This can be accomplished under the following conditions:
 1. Another part of the organization has the in-house capability to satisfy the requirement, or
 2. The organization has, in existence, a contractor currently performing that could effectively satisfy the requirement. This action, however, requires NDOW to consent to a sole-source justification.
2. Small Purchases – are those relatively simple and informal procurement methods for securing services, supplies, or other property that does not cost more than \$25,000 overall. Simplified informal procedures to cut down procurement lead-time for day-to-day support items should be used and documented. (Please use the **FORM #12 : Competitive Negotiation and Small Purchases Contracting.**)
3. Competitive Sealed Bidding – bids that are publicly solicited and a firm fixed-price contract is awarded to the responsible bidder whose bid, conforming to all the material terms and conditions of the invitation for bids, is the lowest in price. This method is recognized as the preferred method of procurement and is properly used when the following conditions exist:
 1. The requirement can be described and is finite and specific in detail, with no unknowns or contingencies.
 2. There is good likelihood that competition is readily available among interested contractors that could satisfy the requirement.

3. There is enough time available to issue the solicitation, conduct a public bid opening, and award the contract to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.
4. Negotiation – is the method of procurement when the prerequisite for competitive sealed bidding cannot be met. The technique of competitive proposals is usually conducted with more than one source submitting an offer, and either a fixed price or cost reimbursement-type contract is awarded. The procedures involve developing a performance “Statement of Work” (SOW) listing requisite requirements to accomplish the contract. The performance Statement of Work should be written in a straightforward manner and, as a minimum, should contain the following:
 1. Background providing necessary introductory information or evolution of the requirement.
 2. Objective/scope of work detailing broad parameters that are requisite for contract performance or effectively satisfy the requirement.
 3. Tasks with accompanying deliverables should be indicated in a logical sequence, as the Grantee perceives the requirement.
 4. A delivery schedule in increments as required satisfying the requirement.
 5. Acceptance and approval procedures should be indicated.

Develop the Request for Proposal (RFP) containing at least the basic elements specified above, and before release, advertise the solicitation in accordance with state or local preferences.

E. Sole-Source Contracting – recipients are mandated to complete contractual requirements. There are, however, exceptions to this cardinal rule of competition. These exceptions result in “sole-source” contracting. Procurement by noncompetitive proposals is procurement through the solicitation from only one source, or after solicitation of a number of sources competition is determined inadequate. Nevada Revised Statutes 333 is quite clear regarding the necessity to have open and free competition to satisfy contractual requirements. Recipients may make the final determination that competition is not feasible if one of the following circumstances exists:

1. The item of service is available only from a single source.
2. The public exigency or emergency of the requirement will not permit a delay resulting from a competitive solicitation.
3. After solicitation of a number of sources, competition is considered inadequate.

In any event, documentation reflecting actions taken and the position of the Grantee is extremely important in order to establish an audit trail. A justification of non-competitive (sole-source) procurement must include the following:

1. A brief description of the program and the services being contracted.

2. Explanation of why it is necessary to contract noncompetitively, to include the following: (a) expertise of the contractor, (b) management, (c) responsiveness, (d) knowledge of the program, (e) experience of contractor personnel, (f) results of a market survey to determine competition availability or, if one was not conducted, explain why.
3. Time constraints: (a) when contractual coverage is required and why, (b) impact on the program if dates are not met, (c) length of time would it take another contractor to reach the same level of competence. (Equate to dollars, if desired).
4. Uniqueness.
5. Other points that should be covered to “sell the case.”
6. A declaration that this action is in the “best interest” of the project or the Nevada Department of Wildlife.

GIR-10-20: END OF GRANT INSTRUCTIONS, See also §200.343 GRANT CLOSEOUT

FORM 5: Final Closeout Report

FORM 14: Subgrant Financial Report

All expenses, grant activities, goals, and objectives must be completed by the last day the of the program’s grant end period, recipients should refer to their signed grant agreement for individual grant periods. Final grant payments will not be made until the final close-out of the grant is completed. And the required forms are submitted to NDOW.

The Close-out requires the following certification from the Awardee:

- Awardee has received all funding due under the sub-agreement
- Upon final payment Awardee is due no outstanding funding
- Awardee has no outstanding debts to your organization

1. At the project’s expiration date, all remaining costs incurred up to the last day of the grant period must be accumulated and submitted for reimbursement on a ***Request For Reimbursement FORM #6*** . The final financial claim should be submitted no later than 30 days after the grant period’s expiration date.

This claim, along with the final progress report, and a possible inspection by the state to ensure work has been completed satisfactorily in accordance with the terms of the funding agreement, will serve to close out the grant. All findings will be used to evaluate the awardee’s ability to receive future funding.

2. Final requests for funds must be submitted by the grant period end date. Grantees are expected to provide a full, accurate, final accounting of their activities within the time frames set forth in this section.

Reports may include but are not limited to:

- A final performance or progress report.
- A financial status report (including all program income).
- A final request for payment.
- A final inventory of property in the subrecipient's possession that was acquired or improved with NDOW funds.

GIR-10-21: SUSPENSION OF FUNDING

NDOW may terminate the project for the following reasons:

- A. Default by the Grantee.
- B. Failure by the Grantee and/or contractor to observe the covenants, conditions, and warranties of the grant funding agreement and its incorporated provisions.
- C. Failure by the Grantee and/or contractor to demonstrate progress on the grant.
- D. Unsatisfactory financial conditions by the Grantee and/or contractor, which endangers the grant's performance.
- E. Delinquency by the Grantee and/or contractor in payment of taxes or the costs of performance of the grant in the ordinary course of business.
- F. Appointment of a trustee, receiver, or liquidation for all or a substantial part of the Grantee's and/or contractor's property, or institution of bankruptcy, reorganizations arrangements, or liquidation proceedings by or against the Grantee and/or contractor.
- G. Commission of an act of bankruptcy.

GIR-10-22: FEDERAL FUNDING ACCOUNTABILITY & TRANSPARENCY ACT (FFATA)

See Guidance for Federal Spending Transparency: Subaward and Executive Compensation Data Reporting Requirements for [FFATA Implementation](#).

The Transparency Act requires information disclosure concerning entities receiving Federal financial assistance through Federal awards such as Federal contracts, sub-contracts, grants, and sub-grants. See 31 U.S.C. 6101 note.

For grants, a "subaward" means a legal instrument to provide support for the performance of any portion of the substantive project or program for which you received this award.

Specifically, the Transparency Act's section 2(b)(1) requires the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") to ensure the establishment of a publicly available website that contains the following information about each Federal award:

- Name of the entity receiving the award;
- Amount of the award;

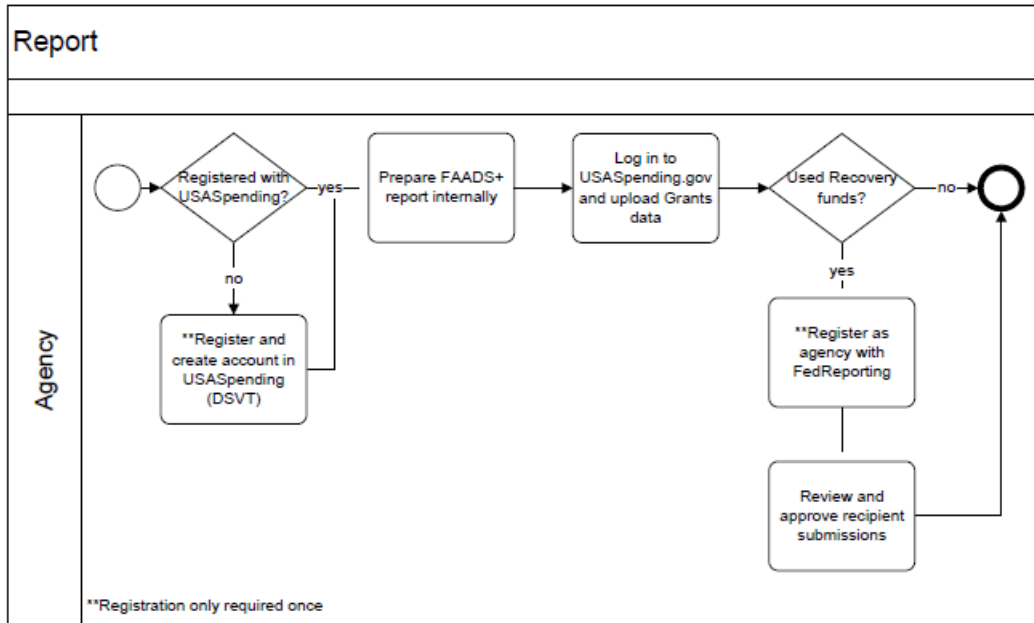
- Information on the award including transaction type, funding agency, the North American Industry Classification System code or Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance number, program source;
- Location of the entity receiving the award and primary location of performance under the award, including city, state, congressional district, and country; award title descriptive of the purpose of each funding action;
- Unique identifier of the entity receiving the award and the parent entity of the recipient, should the entity be owned by another entity;
- Names and total compensation of the five most highly compensated officers of the entity if the entity in the preceding fiscal year received 80 percent or more of its annual gross and revenues in Federal awards; and \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal awards; and the public does not have access to this information about the compensation of the senior executives of the entity through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. §§ 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. See FFATA § 2(b)(1).

For grants, both mandatory and discretionary grants, equal to or over \$25,000, and awarded on or after October 1, 2010 must be reported by the prime awardee.

The following are not subject to the Transparency Act's reporting requirements:

- Grants, whether existing or new as of October 1, 2010, that are funded by the Recovery Act. Rather, such awards will continue to report those awards and related subawards through FederalReporting.gov;
- Transfers of title between Federal agencies of Federally owned property;
- Federal inter-agency transfers of award funds;
- Cooperative Research and Development Agreements (CRDAs), as defined under 15 U.S.C. 3710a;
- Federal awards to individuals who apply for or receive Federal awards as natural persons (i.e., unrelated to any business or non-profit organization he or she may own or operate in his or her name);
- Federal awards to entities that had a gross income, from all sources, of less than \$300,000 in the entities' previous tax year; and
- Federal awards, if the required reporting would disclose classified information.

For those new Federal grants as of October 1, 2010, if the initial award is equal to or over \$25,000, reporting of subaward and executive compensation data is required. If the initial award is below \$25,000 but subsequent grant modifications result in a total award equal to or over \$25,000, the award will be subject to the reporting requirements, as of the date the award exceeds \$25,000. If the initial award equals or exceeds \$25,000 but funding is subsequently de-obligated such that the total award amount falls below \$25,000, the award continues to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Transparency Act and this Guidance.



Federal agencies are required to report accurate information to USASpending.gov no later than 30 days following the award or modification of a grant. Currently, submissions occur through upload of a text file using the FAADS Plus specification⁷ via the USASpending.gov Data Submission and Validation Tool (DSVT) (<https://ffatadata.usaspending.gov>).

APPENDIX:

I. **FORM #1a GRANTEE/SUBGRANTEE VS. VENDOR/CONTRACTOR**

CFR [§200.330](#) Subrecipient and contractor determinations.

1.1 Sub-recipient (Awardee) and Contractor (Vendor) Determination

Nevada State agencies must determine whether its relationship with an entity constitutes a vendor or subrecipient. This determination is important as vendors are subject to various NRS, SAM chapter 300, and may require Board of Examiner approval. Alternatively, subrecipients are subject to various federal regulations and SAM 3020.

U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 requires grant-awarding entities to determine whether an arrangement resulting from a particular award that the awarding entity makes to another organization creates a subrecipient or vendor relationship between the awarding entity and that organization. The OMB defines the terms “contractor,” “vendor,” and “subrecipient,” and provides guidance for distinguishing between the relationships. The information below expands on the guidance provided by OMB.

	GRANTEE/SUBGRANTEE	VENDOR/CONTRACTOR
◆ The substance of the relationship is the most important factor	Programmatic decision-making responsibilities	Provides goods & services as part of normal business
	Performance is measured against program objectives	Goods & services are ancillary to programmatic activities
◆ The relationship should determine the mechanism	Responsible for federal compliance requirements	Operates in a competitive environment
	Mechanism = Award Agreement	Mechanism = Contract

General distinctions:

The accurate classification of subrecipients and vendors is critical to a program’s success and integrity. OMB requires subrecipients (other than for-profit subrecipients) that meet established expenditure thresholds to obtain a Single Audit. A Single Audit includes a financial audit as well as compliance testing. While for-profit subrecipients

are exempt from Single Audit requirements, they are not exempt from compliance requirements or from other audit or monitoring requirements that a program statute or the resulting agreement requires in order to verify the for-profit subrecipient's compliance with applicable program requirements.

Contractors (vendors), on the other hand, are generally not subject to the same level of scrutiny or requirements. The higher level of scrutiny given to subrecipients reflects the significance of their role to carry out a program, as opposed to contractors that support the program but generally do not make decisions or take actions that impact a program's overall success or failure. Therefore, program compliance requirements are generally not passed through to vendors; however, if a vendor transaction is structured so as to make the vendor responsible for program compliance, the vendor's records must be reviewed to verify compliance.

It is important that accurate classifications be made early in the purchasing process. Early determination facilitates the request and consideration of appropriate information during the selection process, and impacts whether the resulting agreement includes appropriate terms and conditions that require compliance with program requirements. The responsibilities contracted to an organization ultimately affect the level of oversight that needs to occur by the awarding entity in order to best manage risks that impact a program's integrity and overall success.

As with the characteristics identified by OMB, the examples provided here are not intended for use as a checklist or to replace the need for professional judgment and separate consideration of each arrangement on its own merits.

A Subrecipient/Awardee:

- 1) Determines who is eligible to receive financial assistance, and which specific type of federal assistance is to be distributed. For example:
 - a. Organization determines whether a potential customer meets a program's eligibility requirements for assistance under that program.
- 2) Has its performance measured against whether it meets the objectives of the program? For example:
 - a. Awarding entity holds the organization responsible for meeting performance targets that are tied to program objectives.
 - b. Awarding entity holds the organization responsible for meeting expenditure targets to maximize the use of program funding.

- c. Awarding entity requires organization to submit regular oral or written progress reports and/or explanations of variance relating to program objectives and/or fund maximization.
 - d. Awarding entity may sanction the organization if program objectives are not met.
 - e. Organization must submit a comprehensive closeout package at the end of the agreement.
- 3) Has responsibility for programmatic decision making. For example:
- a. Organization has latitude to make decisions within terms of agreement.
 - b. Organization makes policy decisions governing how it carries out a program.
 - c. Organization makes operational decisions governing how it carries out a program.
 - d. Organization makes decisions regarding the appropriate assistance for a particular customer.
- 4) Has responsibility for adherence to applicable program requirements. For example:
- a. Awarding entity holds the organization responsible for compliance with applicable program statutes, regulations, rules, policies (including local policies) and guidance.
 - b. Organization receives technical assistance or training from the awarding entity relating to program requirements.
 - c. Awarding entity monitors the organization for compliance with applicable program requirements.
- 5) Uses the funds to carry out a program of the organization as compared to providing goods or services for a program of the awarding entity. For example:
- a. Organization performs all or a portion of the scope of work or objectives of the award received by the awarding entity.
 - b. Organization's role requires more than dealing, distributing or selling goods or services that support a program.
 - c. Awarding entity identifies the organization's programmatic involvement as a separate scope of work and budget that must be approved by the awarding entity.

A Vendor/Contractor:

- 1) Provides the goods and services within normal business operations. For example:
 - a. Organization exists for the purpose of providing a particular goods or services.
 - b. Organization receives little, if any, instruction from the awarding entity as to how the organization goes about producing the goods or services.
 - c. Organization generally receives payment after delivery of a particular good or service.
 - d. Organization invoices awarding entity in the organization's normal way and is not required to submit a comprehensive closeout package at the end of the agreement.
 - e. Organization assumes the risk if cost of performance increases or requires more time than expected.
 - f. Organization has its performance measured against whether it meets specific deliverables, rather than a program's performance outcomes.
- 2) Provides similar goods or services to many different entities. For example:
 - a. Organization provides similar goods or services to a number of entities in addition to the awarding entity.
 - b. Services provided are of a repetitive nature.
 - c. Goods provided are commonly available.
- 3) Operates in a competitive environment. For example:
 - a. Organization competes with other organizations to provide a similar good or service.
- 4) Provides goods and services that are ancillary to the operation of the program. For example:
 - a. Organization aids or supports the program in a subsidiary capacity.
 - b. Organization provides a good or service (in a manner that does not create a subrecipient relationship) which enables the awarding entity to carry out a program.
 - c. Organization provides a particular good or service that enables the awarding entity to operate, e.g. office supplies, janitorial services, equipment, staff development, printing, travel, etc.

Checklist: Grantee vs. Contractor Response

Determine whether the Second Party to a Contract is a Sub-recipient or a Vendor

FORM #1b : Grantee vs. Contractor Response Checklist

Directions: Consider the terms and conditions of the contractual agreement when answering the questions on the form. If you answer YES to one or more of the characteristics described for a sub-recipient, treat the contract as a sub-grant and use the process described here for establishing a sub-recipient grant award. If you answer YES to one or more of the characteristics described for a vendor, treat the second party as vendor. If you believe that the secondary recipient has characteristics of a sub-recipient and a vendor, contact the Fiscal Services Section, Management Analyst II for assistance in determining which process to use.

II. RISK ASSESSMENT

FORM #2: USFWS Financial Assistance Recipient Risk Assessment Form

Before selecting a sub-Grantee, the Agency should check the Federal Excluded Parties List System at <https://www.sam.gov/portal/SAM/#1> to determine whether or not the potential sub-Grantee has been suspended or disbarred from receiving federal funds

III. GRANT PROPOSAL EVALUATION AND SCORING

FORM #3 or #3a: Proposal Scoring Sheet

The application review processes will be conducted using review criteria that are identified in the grant opportunity guidelines. A standardized scoring system will be used to rate each application against the chosen criteria.

IV. TRAVEL REIMBURSEMENT GUIDELINES

Travel Worksheets, Mileage and Per Diem

FORM #13: Travel Expense Reimbursement Claim Form

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE TRAVEL REIMBURSEMENT GUIDELINES

The state has adopted US General Services Administration (GSA) lodging and per diem rates. Receipts are required for all lodging, airline, parking, and ground transportation expenses. You must travel at least 50 miles from your work station to be eligible for meal and incidental expense reimbursement. Receipts are not required for meals and incidental expenses. Rates will be subject to change October 1 of every year.

Travel costs are allowable as expenses by Awardees who are in travel status on official business, if included in the project budget, and travel takes place within the grant period. Travel must be accomplished by the least expensive means possible. When calculating costs, you should factor in the value of the traveler's time if choosing between air or ground transportation.

Travel reimbursements shall be based on the State of Nevada Travel Policy. Travel Rules are applicable to in-state and out-of-state travel. Please ensure you become familiar with the following information prior to submitting a Travel Expense Reimbursement Form for any travel related expenses.

When submitting a claim for reimbursement, complete information is needed to avoid delay in processing. A state travel claim form can be found here: [Travel Expense Reimbursement Claim Form](#). Awardees may copy and use this form. Please pay particular attention to:

1. Purpose, dates, and time of actual travel;
2. Methods of all travel; and
3. Complete back up documentation. REMEMBER, NDOW will only reimburse actual costs after the date of travel. **Do not send advance travel documentation.** Travel claims may only be submitted after the travel occurs.

1. Meals and Incidentals:

- a. Expenses for meals and incidentals shall be reimbursed at the US General Services Administration (GSA) per diem rates without receipts. Go to www.gsa.gov and to link "Per Diem Rates" to find the current allowable per diem rates (rates vary by season and city/county). Travelers may voluntarily claim amounts at less than the established rates, based on actual expenses.
- b. Meal reimbursements will be based on the beginning and ending times of travel as follows:

Breakfast: Begins travel on or before 7:00am

Lunch: Begins travel on or before 11:00am

Dinner: Ends travel on or after 7:00pm

- c. When registration fees provide for meals, no additional reimbursement will be allowed for meals with the exception of a continental breakfast. Travelers are to deduct meals furnished to them during a conference or meeting from their reimbursement request in accordance with the rates within the GSA breakdown for the breakfast, lunch and dinner components. A copy of the agenda for each conference or workshop must be submitted with each claim for travel reimbursement.
- d. When meals are included in flight as part of the airfare, those meals will not be reimbursed. Copies of tickets and agenda must be submitted with claim for reimbursement.
- e. All GSA meal reimbursement amounts include tax.

2. Lodging:

Overnight lodging within 50 miles of principal station will not be allowed unless the following applies:

- a. Inclement weather conditions make travel hazardous.
- b. A late official meeting is required.
- c. Individuals involved are serving as conference hosts responsible for arrangements.
- d. The duty assignments are related to grant activities.

Travelers requiring overnight stay while in travel status shall be reimbursed for lodging at the actual amount shown on the lodging receipt up to the US General Service Administration (GSA) lodging rates. (Go to www.gsa.gov to find the current allowable lodging rates which vary by season and city/county). Travelers will not be reimbursed for lodging without hotel receipts. Copies of credit card statements are not acceptable.

Excess Lodging rates: Upon approval of the Grant Monitor, travelers may make exceptions to the rate of reimbursement for lodging when the following applies:

- i. Lodging is procured at a prearranged place such as a hotel when a meeting, conference or training sessions is held or;
- ii. Costs have escalated because of special events; lodging within prescribed allowances cannot be obtained nearby; and costs to commute to/from the nearby location exceed the cost savings from occupying less expensive lodging.
- iii. If an exception is approved by the Grant Monitor, lodging may be reimbursed **WITHIN THE STATE** up to 150% of the standard conus federal per diem rate for non-surveyed state sites. In the case of **OUT-OF-STATE**, lodging may be reimbursed up to 300% of the standard conus federal per diem rate for non-surveyed state sites or 175% of the standard rate in affect for the city/state/country at the time of travel.

3. Vehicles:

- a. Travelers may be reimbursed for mileage when traveling on official grant related business. The standard mileage can change and is based on the most current State rate. For example, the rate is set by the State of Nevada on January 1st of every year. Check current rate per mile (<http://budget.nv.gov/Policy-Directives>). This rate covers all vehicle costs including depreciation.
- b. Car rentals must be justified and pre-approved by NDOW. Insurance for car rental is NOT allowable. Receipts are always required for reimbursement.

3. Other Travel Related Items:

- a. Travelers will be reimbursed for actual expenses incurred for parking or vehicle storage fees and commercial transportation costs (i.e. taxi, shuttle, etc.). Receipts are required. Tips or gratuities are not reimbursable.

5. Non-Travel Items:

- a. Other miscellaneous reimbursable business related expenses are: use of internet services, telephone calls (within reason), and/or fax machines. Receipts are required.

6. Filing Travel Reimbursements:

- a. Travelers shall include a completed form , the “*Travel Expense Reimbursement Claim Form*,” along with copies of all required receipts (hotel statements, airline tickets, etc.) in addition two originals of the “Request for Reimbursement Form” when requesting reimbursement for travel.

For further travel reimbursement details or to answer any questions please contact NDOW Financial Services Section.

V. SAMPLE BUDGET

Form #16: Sample Budget

All budgets should include titles, units, and rates. Requests for reimbursement should match the budget categories and line items. **Matching the invoices to the budget will assure streamlining of verifications and will speed up the payment process.** Please supply back-up documentation along with your budgets to justify competitive rates and prevailing wages.

EXAMPLE OF SAMPLE BUDGET: FORM #16

Personnel			
Position	Rate	Units/Hours	Cost
a) Two Field Technicians	\$ 11.00	360	\$3,960.00
b) One Field Advisor	\$ 13.50	180	\$2,430.00
c) One Field Tech- GIS	\$ 17.00	30	\$510.00
d) One Crew Leader-supervision	\$ 17.50	210	\$3,675.00
e) One Project Manager	\$ 30.25	30	\$907.50
Personnel Sub Total			\$11,482.50
Fringe (Holiday, Health, FICA, Workers Comp, Liability etc)			
a) 20.4% of Salaries, Field Technician			\$807.84
b) 20.4% of Salaries, Field Advisor			\$495.72
c) 20.4% of Salaries, Field Tech- GIS			\$104.04
d) 20.4% of Salaries, Crew Leader-supervision			\$749.70
e) 20.4% of Salaries, Project Manager			\$281.33
Fringe Sub Total			\$2,438.63
Operating - Herbicides			
Supplies	Rate	Units/Gallons	COST
Milesstone	\$ 350.00	6	\$2,100.00
Escort	\$ 14.85	48	\$712.80
Polaris	\$ 77.87	50	\$3,893.50
Dye	\$ 75.00	3	\$225.00
Surfactant	\$ 82.00	6	\$492.00
2,4-D	\$ 25.00	100	\$2,500.00
Operating Sub Total			\$9,923.30
Mileage. See mileage justification sheet for 4,932 miles @ .575			\$2,835.90
Total Direct Project Costs			\$26,680.33
Total Indirect @ 5%			\$1,334.02
TOTAL PROJECT COSTS			\$28,014.35

VI. REQUEST FOR REIMBURSEMENT

FORM #6: Request For Reimbursement

In order to avoid delays in requests for reimbursements the following should be adhered to:

1. Invoices with multiple charges should have the amount to be charged to the project circled or highlighted to show the amount to be paid.

2. The financial manager should set up some controls to ensure duplicate invoices are not submitted for payment.
3. Reimbursement will not be made unless there is evidence the goods or services have been received, i.e. copy of check, date and signature of receiver, etc.
4. Purchase orders and statements are NOT acceptable documentation. Quite often, purchase orders reflect an estimated cost. A receipt is required for reimbursement to show the actual cost of the item.
5. Reimbursement will only be made for actual cash expenditures or reimbursable services rendered. Reimbursement cannot be paid for "in-kind" contributions.
6. Claims for reimbursement must be accompanied by clear photocopies of invoices for all items charged to the project. Invoices must contain the company name or individual providing service and a description of the item or service purchased, the date, and a unit price as well.
7. Proof of payment must be provided (clear copies of cancelled checks [front and back]) for the total amount of the reimbursement request. The same documentation must be provided for the matching portion of the grant. Each check must be cross-referenced with the invoice (write or stamp the check number on each invoice). If payments are made in cash, they must not exceed \$10 per invoice. No cash expenses will be accepted without prior arrangements with NDOW.
8. Claims for reimbursement must identify the project award number as assigned by NDOW. The number should be written or typed on each page of correspondence and supporting material.
9. All project work must be completed and expenditures obligated within the approved project period.
10. Reimbursement payments will be adjusted to correct previous overpayments and disallowances resulting from non-supported expenditures, audit, or project review.
11. Grantees must not submit requests with a negative balance in any category.
12. For categorized budgets, documentation supporting the Request for Funds must be submitted along with the request in the form of a detailed transaction list, by budget expense category. The detailed transaction list MUST reconcile completely to the Request for Funds. It is the Grantee's responsibility to include appropriate subtotals and totals on the transaction list to demonstrate that it does, in fact, reconcile completely to the Request for Funds. The transaction list and supporting documents

must be kept on file for review at the time of the Department's fiscal monitoring. The detailed transaction list must include, at a minimum:

- a. Every single item the Grantee is asking to be reimbursed for by expense category;
- b. Check number or other transaction identifier;
- c. Date of payment;
- d. Payee; and
- e. Amount of payment.
- f. Where applicable, the following information must also be included on the transaction list:
 - (1) If an expense on the transaction list is not charged to the grant in its entirety, the Grantee must include a notation listing the amount charged to the grant.
 - (2) When submitting a request for local mileage reimbursement, Grantees should include the number of miles traveled and the reimbursement rate on the transaction list.
- g. The transaction list may be in the form of an Excel spreadsheet if the Grantee does not have an accounting software package that generates a transaction list.
- h. More detail (such as copies of purchase orders, invoices, receipts, and payroll registers) may be required at the discretion of NDOW and NDOW's Fiscal Services Section.

13. For fee-for-service budgets: Specific requirements for this documentation will depend on the kind of service provided and will be approved by NDOW prior to submission of the first Request for Funds. Grantees will be reimbursed on a fee-for-service basis only if the budget was submitted and approved as a fee-for-service budget prior to the start of the fiscal year.

VII. GRANT MONITORING AND SITE VISIT

FORM #4: Grant/Subgrant Site Monitoring Visit Checklist

Per OMB Circular [A-133](#), NDOW will monitor the activities of Awardees as necessary to ensure that Federal awards are used for authorized purposes in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements and that performance goals are achieved.

VIII. AWARD FINAL CLOSE OUT

FORM #5: Grant/Subgrant Final Close Out Certification Form

An integral component of subaward monitoring is close-out of the subaward. This is the point at which final determination is made as to whether the Awardee has fulfilled all of its responsibilities. Close-out involves all aspects of the Grantee's effort: scientific, fiscal, and administrative. Federal and UC regulations mandate the minimum requirements with which we must comply. A final invoice should not be paid until all subaward requirements have been met. The subaward requires Subrecipients to label their final invoices as "FINAL."

COMMONLY USED FORMS:

Contact NDOW Fiscal Services Section to obtain copies of any of the following forms:

- 1a. **Grantee/Subgrantee vs. Vendor /Contractor Response Form:** To determine whether the relationship with an entity constitutes a vendor or subgrantee.
- 1b. **Grantee vs. Contractor Response Checklist:** To determine whether the relationship with an entity constitutes a contractor/vendor or Grantee/awardee.
2. **USFWS Financial Assistance Recipient Risk Assessment:** To evaluate risks posed by applicants.
3. **Proposal Scoring Sheet:** To score and rank proposals.
- 3a. **Proposal Scoring Sheet:** To score and rank proposals.
4. **Grant/Subgrant Site Monitoring Visit Checklist:** To monitor the activities of the Award.
5. **Grant/Subgrant Final Close Out Certification:** To determine Awardee has fulfilled responsibilities.
6. **Request For Reimbursement:** To certify expenditures.
7. **Value of Donated Equipment:** To certify value of donated equipment.
8. **Value of Donated Labor:** To certify value of donated labor.
9. **Value of Donated Material:** To certify value of donated material.
10. **Project Change Request:** To justify changes in scope or budget.
11. **Property Record/Equipment Tracking Form:** To determine disposition of property.
12. **Competitive Negotiation and Small Purchases:** To determine fair market value.
13. **Travel Expense Reimbursement Claim Form:** To determine travel times, dates, and rates for reimbursement.
14. **Vendor Registration Form:** To receive a state registration number for payment.
15. **NDOW Notice of Subgrant Award:** DAG Approved Award Letter template.
16. **Sample Budget:** An example of a project budget.

REFERENCE MATERIAL:

1. State of Nevada Administrative Manual (SAM)

<http://budget.nv.gov/uploadedFiles/budgetnvgov/content/Documents/State%20Administrative%20Manual.pdf>

2. Code of Federal Regulations Title 2, Part 200 (CFR 200)

http://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?tpl=/ecfrbrowse/Title02/2cfr200_main_02.tpl

CFR 200 sections

- [200.112](#) Conflict of Interest
- [200.113](#) Mandatory disclosures.
- [200.205](#) Risk Assessment
- [200.207](#) Additional conditions of the Award if high risk
- [200.300](#) Statutory and national policy requirements FFATA
- [200.331](#) Requirements for pass-through entities.
- [200.333](#) Retention requirements for records.
- [200.415](#) Required certifications.
- [200.322](#) Procurement of recovered materials.
- [200.326](#) Contract provisions.
- [200.330](#) Subrecipient and contractor determinations.
- [200.414](#) Indirect (F&A) costs.
- [200.521](#) Management Decision

3. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circulars

http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/grants/grants_circulars.html